

REPORT  
ON THE  
ADMINISTRATION  
OF  
COCHIN

FOR  
THE YEAR 1110 M. E.

(17th AUGUST 1934 to 16th AUGUST 1935)



ERNAKULAM:  
PRINTED AT THE COCHIN GOVERNMENT PRESS.

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## INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

COCHIN is a Feudatory State on the west coast of India. It is on the north, north-west and north-east bounded by the Malabar District of the Madras Presidency; on the south-west by the Arabian sea and on the south by the State of Travancore. It lies between 9°48' and 10°50' N. Lat. and 77°5' and 76°58' E. Long., and according to the cadastral survey of the State it has an area of 1,417½ square miles, of which about 585 square miles are forests. The forests contain teak, ebony, blackwood and other valuable trees. The State enjoys the benefit both of the south-west and the north-east monsoons.

2. The population of Cochin, according to the Census of 1931, was 1,205,016, of whom 589,813 were males and 615,203 females. The majority, 64.77 per cent are Hindus, Christians forming 27.79 per cent and Muslims 7.29 per cent. There is also a small community of Jews numbering 1,451. More than half the population is employed in agriculture. Rice is the staple food of the people.

3. Very little is known of the early history of the State of Cochin. According to tradition, the Rajas hold the territory in right of succession to Cheraman Perumal who sometime about the beginning of the 9th century is supposed to have governed the whole country of Kerala—from Gokarnam to Cape Comorin—at first as Viceroy of the Chola Kings and later as an independent ruler. In 1502 the Portuguese were given a strip of land near the port of Cochin and in the following year they were allowed to build a fort at the place and to establish commercial relations with the State. In the earlier wars with the Zamorin, the Raja of Cochin derived considerable help from the Portuguese. About the latter part of the seventeenth century the Portuguese influence began to decline on the West Coast, and in 1663 when they were defeated and ousted from the Town of Cochin by the Dutch, the then Raja entered into a fresh treaty with the latter and conceded to them the same privileges as to the Portuguese. About a century later in 1759, when the Dutch power began to wane, the Raja was attacked by the Zamorin of Calicut who was expelled with the assistance of the Raja of Travancore. In 1776 the State was conquered by Hyder Ali to whom and subsequently to his son, Tippu Sultan, she remained tributary for some time. In 1791 a treaty was concluded between the then Raja and the Honourable the East India Company by which His Highness agreed to become tributary to the Company and to pay a subsidy of Rs. 1,00,000 annually in consideration of the protection promised by the Company from outside invaders. In 1809 the treaty was revised and a fresh treaty entered into under which in addition to the previous subsidy of one lakh of rupees the State agreed to pay an annual sum equal to the expenses of maintaining one battalion of native infantry, viz., Rs. 1,76,037 or 2,70,037

on the whole, the amount to be paid in six equal instalments every year. In 1818 this annual subsidy was reduced to Rs. 2,00,000 and the latter forms the pecuniary obligation of the State at the present day.

4. His Highness the Maharaja, Sir Sri Rama Varma, G. C. I. E., the present ruler of Cochin, was born on the 30th December 1861 and ascended the *Musnad* on the 25th March 1932 on the demise of his cousin, His Highness Sir Sri Rama Varma, G. C. I. E. The family follows the Marumakkathayam or nepotic law of inheritance and succession. Her Highness Kunjikavu Tampuran, Senior Rani, the oldest female member of His Highness' Marumakkathayam family, was born on the 25th March 1860 and Kerala Varma, Elaya Raja or the heir-apparent, on the 13th December 1863. There are besides, 174 male and 171 female members in His Highness' family.

5. For administrative purposes, the State is divided into six taluks, *viz.*, Cochin-Kanayannur, Mukundapuram, Trichur, Talappalli, Chittur and Cranganur. The last is a Zemindari or estate owned by a Chief of the place subordinate to Cochin. The chief towns are Ernakulam (the capital), Mattancheri, Irinjalakkuda, Trichur, Vadakkancheri, Kunnankulam, Chittur and Cranganur. The administration is conducted in the name and under the control of His Highness the Maharaja. The Diwan is His Highness' chief minister and the chief executive officer of the State.

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REPORT  
ON THE  
**ADMINISTRATION OF COCHIN**

M. E. 1110

(17th August 1934 to 16th August 1935.)

CHAPTER 1

GENERAL AND POLITICAL

PERSONNEL

THE year under report was marked by the following important events.—

(a) In the early part of the year His Highness the Maharaja undertook an extensive tour to South India. The tour covered a period of one month. His Highness left Ernakulam on the 15th September 1934 and after visiting several places of historic and religious importance in South India such as Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Rameswaram and Courtallam, proceeded to Trivandrum and stayed there as the guest of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore. His Highness thereafter visited the Cape Comorin, Suchindram, Varkala, Quilon, Alleppey, Ambalapuzha, Chenganur, Kottayam, Ettumanur and Vycome, and returned to the State on the 17th October 1934.

(b) The year is memorable in that the State had the proud privilege of receiving through its Ruler a distinguished mark of Imperial recognition—the bestowal on His Highness the Maharaja, of the Knight Grand Commandership of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire. The ceremonial investiture connected with the honour took place in New Delhi. His Highness left Ernakulam on the 13th February 1935 and arrived at New Delhi on the 22nd. His Highness was invested with the insignia of G. C. I. E., on the 1st March 1935. His Highness

left New Delhi on the 2nd March and arrived at Ernakulam on the 7th.

(c) The completion of the 25th year of the reign of His Majesty the King Emperor of India which fell on the 6th May 1935 was duly celebrated throughout the State. A brief account of the celebration of the Jubilee is given in the Appendix.

His Majesty's  
Jubilee Celebrations.

2. Among the distinguished visitors to the State were the Duchess of Northumberland, Sir Phillip and Lady Ottoline Morrel, the Hon'ble Sir Mohamed Zaffrullakhan, Commerce Member to the Government of India, Mr. P. R. Rau, Financial Commissioner of Railways, Mr. Dow, C. I. E., Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department, A. M. Livingston Esq., Marketing Expert, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, Sir M. Krishnan Nayar, Dr. A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar, Sir K. Ramunni Menon, Dr. James H. Cousins, Mr. G. K. Devadhar, C. I. E., the Hon'ble Miss Kinniard, Raja Sir Vasudeva Raja of Kollengode, Mr. Douglas Grant Duff, Mr. Edward Barnes, Signor Angelo Omodio, Colonel A. Olver, Prof. L. Cipriani, Mr. Mitchell, Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, Miss Egerton and the Members of the Madras University Commission. The German Cruiser "Emden" and H. M.S. "Colombo" of the 4th Crusier Squadron, East Indies Station, touched at Cochin during the year.

Distinguished  
Visitors.

3. There were 19 births in His Highness' family during the year (12 males and 7 females). Two male Tampurans demised during the year.

The Ruling Family.

4. Lt. Col. D. M. Field, C. I. E., continued as Agent to the Governor-General till 10th Kumbham 1110 M. E. when Lt. Col. W. A. M. Garstin, C. B. E., assumed charge as Agent to the Governor-General and continued as such till the end of the year.

5. C. G. Herbert Esq., I. C. S., continued as Diwan till 25th Meenam 1110 when he was succeeded by Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, K. C. I. E., who continued as Diwan for the rest of the year.

Diwan.

## CHAPTER II

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

THE financial position of the State at the close of the year under report is compared below with that at the close of the preceding five years:—

Year	Receipts	Expenditure	Surplus or deficit	Net surplus
1105	93,67,390	83,32,803	10,34,587	1,03,84,477
1106	70,16,637	80,83,137	-10,66,500	93,17,977
1107	89,37,162	82,97,130	6,40,032	99,58,008
1108	1,05,57,328	82,29,383	23,27,945	1,22,85,953
1109	75,32,509	90,42,945	-15,10,436	1,07,75,517
1110	97,41,280	96,83,511	57,769	1,08,33,286

7. The budget estimate of revenue and expenditure for 1110, viz., Rs. 92,08,500 and Rs. 91,83,200 respectively, was expected to result in a surplus of Rs. 25,300. The actual transactions of the year, however, resulted in a surplus of Rs. 57,769.

8. The following statements exhibit the main heads of receipts and expenditure under the service heads:—

#### RECEIPTS

Heads of Receipts	Actuals of 1110 Rs.	Budget estimate of 1110 Rs.	Actuals of 1109 Rs.	Actuals of 1108 Rs.	Actuals of 1107 Rs.
Land Revenue ..	11,43,472	11,57,600	10,15,602	12,21,328	12,23,270
Forests ..	3,51,831	3,65,400	3,29,086	2,97,173	3,42,684
Excise* ..	41,48,367	38,92,800	22,76,078	52,45,848	36,76,635
Stamps ..	6,14,586	6,46,000	6,44,217	6,65,154	6,60,923
Profits from capital outlay ..	17,39,321	14,75,000	15,65,775	16,65,263	14,36,517
Other receipts ..	17,43,703	16,71,700	17,01,751	14,62,562	15,97,103
<b>Total of Service Heads ..</b>	<b>97,41,280</b>	<b>92,08,500</b>	<b>75,32,509</b>	<b>1,05,57,328</b>	<b>89,37,162</b>

\*Excise includes 'Salt', 'Customs', 'Abkari', 'Opium', 'Ganja', 'Tobacco' and 'Matches'.



## EXPENDITURE

Heads of Expenditure	Actuals of 1110 Rs.	Budget estimate of 1110 Rs.	Actuals of 1109 Rs.	Actuals of 1108 Rs.	Actuals of 1107 Rs.
Land Revenue.	3,01,938	3,03,100	2,93,323	2,86,858	2,97,403
Palace ..	6,00,000	6,00,000	4,58,000	4,58,000	5,00,000
Subsidy ..	2,00,089	2,00,100	2,00,089	2,00,089	2,00,089
Excise including customs, matches, etc.,	1,16,593	1,23,100	1,19,519	1,25,575	1,18,475
Forests ..	2,54,746	2,55,100	2,24,178	1,64,003	2,21,646
Tramway ..	1,75,764	1,16,600	97,727	78,803	1,24,833
General Administration ..	1,85,569	1,76,400	1,81,211	1,27,620	1,40,600
Law and Justice ..	2,92,466	2,92,400	2,80,235	2,62,667	3,02,239
Police ..	2,25,542	2,32,300	2,15,452	2,00,346	2,14,721
Education ..	16,93,928	16,70,000	16,21,199	15,35,061	15,45,485
Religious and charities ...	79,224	80,100	81,391	90,457	91,613
Medical ..	4,56,197	4,62,700	4,45,898	5,17,404	4,89,134
Public Health.	1,72,354	1,65,300	1,17,753		
Pension and gratuity ..	3,83,085	3,58,000	3,21,513	3,41,266	3,27,750
Public Works ..	12,74,760	13,26,400	13,56,996	15,06,526	14,03,590
Railway ..	11,08,018	9,00,000	9,53,239	9,24,713	9,05,465
Military ..	1,21,731	1,29,100	1,27,390	1,20,905	1,13,307
Agriculture ..	1,58,264	1,60,000	1,45,772	3,48,015	4,08,059
Panchayats ..	2,11,361	2,40,300	2,03,622		
Scientific, etc., Departments.	1,90,644	1,80,800	1,51,973	1,30,966	1,39,971
Other items of expenditure..	14,81,238	12,11,400	14,46,465	8,10,109	7,72,750
<b>Total of Service Heads..</b>	<b>96,83,511</b>	<b>91,83,200</b>	<b>90,42,945</b>	<b>82,29,383</b>	<b>82,97,130</b>

9. The total receipts under the various revenue heads amounted to Rs. 97,41,280 against the Service Heads. budgetted figure of Rs. 92,08,500 and the Receipts. revised estimate of Rs. 96,64,000, the actuals of 1109 having been Rs. 75,32,509. The main heads under which increase is noticeable are 'Abkari, Ganja and Matches, Profits from capital outlay, Customs, Tobacco, Interest, Education, Public Works and Income-tax'. The increase of about 2\*27 lakhs under 'Abkari, etc.', is due to the duty on matches issued

from the Treasuries. The increase of nearly 2.64 lakhs under 'Profits from capital outlay' is due to the increased railway earnings owing to better traffic. Small decreases are also noticed chiefly under 'Land Revenue, Salt, Stamps, Forests, Registration, Scientific, etc.', Departments. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' is mainly due to the remission of Kists, and that under 'Stamps and Registration' due to general depression. Variations under other heads do not call for special remarks.

10. The total expenditure under service heads amounted to Rs. 96,83,511 against the budgetted figure of Rs. 91,83,200 and the revised estimate of Rs. 99,65,500, the actuals of 1934-35 having been Rs. 90,42,945. Increase is mainly under 'Tramway' due to the proposed renewal of the rails on the line, and under 'Miscellaneous' due to the visits of State Guests, His Highness' tours and expenses in connection with the discussion of the Harbour question. The increases under 'Education, Public Health, Pension, Scientific, etc., Departments, Uplift and Income-tax' are only normal and do not require special remarks. The increase of over Rs. 2 lakhs under 'Railway' was due to the general increase in the maintenance charges of the South Indian Railway, a proportion of which was chargeable to the Shoranur-Cochin Railway line. There are also decreases under other heads, e. g., 'Panchayats, Excise and Matches, Stamps, Registration, Police, Military, Public Works, etc.' The transactions of the year on account of revenue receipts and expenditure on services resulted in a surplus of Rs. 57,769 against the anticipated surplus of Rs. 25,300 in the budget estimate and the deficit of Rs. 3,00,500 in the revised estimate for the year.

11. The year opened with a cash balance of Rs. 29,16,442 against Rs. 41,07,180 anticipated in the budget and closed with a cash balance of Rs. 22,08,134 against Rs. 40,22,980 and Rs. 33,58,342 anticipated in the budget and revised estimates for the year. The closing balance consisted of the actual cash balance of Rs. 6,49,843 in the treasuries, Rs. 9,65,480 in the National Bank Account No. I, Rs. 9,240 in Account No. II, Rs. 5,380 in Account No. III and Rs. 5,78,191 in the Indian

Bank current account. The total of the investments, including capital outlay, at the beginning of the year was Rs. 1,60,75,900 and there was an addition of Rs. 9,26,557 in the year. The total at the close of the year was thus Rs. 1,70,02,457. Of the total investments, a sum of Rs. 41,42,644 represented the outlay on Harbour, and Rs. 74,06,646 the outlay on Railway conversion. Of the balance of Rs. 54,53,167, a sum of Rs. 9,22,500 lay in Fixed Deposit in the Indian Bank, Rs. 37,50,000 in the National Bank of India, and Rs. 2,00,000 with Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Bombay. A sum of Rs. 2,41,755 lay invested in the Cochin Tanneries by way of loans and shares, Rs. 1,11,182 in the Vaniampara Rubber Co., Rs. 1,38,800 in the Sitaram Spinning and Weaving Mills, Trichur, and Rs. 5,000 in the Pioneer Ltd. Further, a sum of Rs. 25,000 lay invested in the loan to the Cochin Central Co-operative Bank, Rs. 50,000 in the loan to the Ernakulam Municipality, Rs. 10,270 in the loan to the Cochin Tirumala Devaswam and Rs. 100 under Miscellaneous items.\*

12. The State loan remained at Rs. 75,00,000 during the year. The loan maintained its favourable position in the stock markets of India. It was being quoted at a premium of about 7 to

8 per cent.

13. The following statement compares the financial position of the State at the beginning with that at the close of the year:—

Liabilities of the State.

Details	At the beginning of	
	1110.	At the end of
<i>Liabilities.</i>	Rs.	1110.
		Rs.
1. Deposits including Devaswams, Provident Fund, Municipal Fund, etc. ..	12,86,811	15,69,108
2. Remittances pending adjustment to creditor side ..	4,42,281	6,75,757
3. Advances repayable ..	2,344	1,045
4. Contribution works refundable ..	69,950	84,433
5. State Loan repayable ..	75,00,000	75,00,000
Total ..	93,01,386	98,30,343

\* The total figure as per accounts is only Rs. 54,53,167—5—10 against Rs. 54,54,606—9—6 as per the Investment Register. The difference of Rs. 1,439—3—8 is due to the fact that transfer entry for Rs. 1,439—3—8 being the interest on Fixed Deposit which was added to principal while renewing certain Fixed Deposit Receipts was effected only in Chingam 1111 accounts instead of in Karkadagam 1110 (Final) accounts.

<i>Assets.</i>	<i>Rs.</i>	<i>Rs.</i>
1. State and Palace Provident Fund		
Deposits overdrawn .. ..	.. ..	.. ..
2. Remittances pending adjustment to the debtor side ..	2,05,462	3,10,135
3. Advances recoverable ..	8,75,708	9,63,990
4. Contribution works recoverable ..	..	10
5. General balance investments ..	..	..
(a) Short term investments including		
Foreign Government securities ..	54,71,061	48,71,060
General balance sinking fund ..	..	1,75,600
(b) Long term investments ..	6,34,963	5,82,107
6. Departmental balances ..	3,391	3,303
7. Cash balance ..	29,16,442	22,08,134
Total ..	<u>1,01,07,027</u>	<u>91,14,339</u>
Net Asset+or liability — ..	8,05,641	—7,16,004
Add capital outlay ..	99,69,876	1,15,49,290
Assets over liabilities ..	<u>1,07,75,517</u>	<u>1,08,33,286</u>

14. The State had thus at the close of the year a net asset of Rs. 1,08,33,286 after making due provision for all liabilities against Rs. 1,07,75,517 at the beginning of the year.

### CHAPTER III

## LEGISLATION

THE following Regulations were passed during the  
*Regulations passed. year.—*

1. Regulation I of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096.
2. Regulation II of 1110—The Cochin Provident Insurance Societies Regulation.
3. Regulation III of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089.
4. Regulation IV of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Income-Tax Regulation, VIII of 1108.
5. Regulation V of 1110—The Cochin Tea Cultivation Restriction Regulation.
6. Regulation VI of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Sea Customs Regulation, XII of 1109.
7. Regulation VII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Ports Regulation, II of 1082.
8. Regulation VIII of 1110—The Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) Regulation.
9. Regulation IX of 1110—The Ancient Monuments Preservation Regulation.
10. Regulation X of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation, VIII of 1098.
11. Regulation XI of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089.
12. Regulation XII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code Regulation, I of 1059.
13. Regulation XIII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Places of Public Resort Regulation, X of 1097.
14. Regulation XIV of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Press and Registration of Books Regulation, VII of 1097.

15. Regulation XV of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure, Regulation II of 1086.

16. Regulation XVI of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code, Regulation I of 1059.

17. Regulation XVII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Civil Courts Regulation, III of 1076.

18. Regulation XVIII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure, Regulation II of 1086.

19. Regulation XIX of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096.

20. Regulation XX of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096.

21. Regulation XXI of 1110—The Cochin Civil Marriage Regulation.

16. The following Proclamations were issued during the year:—

1. Proclamation, dated the 23rd day of Kanni 1110, to give temporary relief to subscribers in Kuries in the State.

2. Proclamation, dated the 19th day of Makaram 1110, extending the period of operation of Regulation III of 1109, issued under section 15 of the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation.

3. Proclamation, dated the 15th day of Mithunam 1110, empowering certain officers to issue summons, etc., like Civil Courts.

4. Proclamation, dated the 15th day of Mithunam 1110, amending His Highness the Maharaja's Proclamation dated the 31st day of Medam 1107, exempting salt laden vessels intended for the Government from the levy of Port dues, etc.

5. Proclamation, dated the 13th day of Karkadagam 1110, giving relief to agriculturists.

17. The following rules were issued during the year:—

Rules issued under Regulations.

1. Rules under section 29 of the Cochin Abkari Regulation I of 1077, for regulating the import of spirituous medicinal preparations.

2. Amendments to the Cochin Income-tax Rules issued under section 57 of the Cochin Income-tax Regulation, VIII of 1108.

3. Amendments to the Cochin Securities Regulation Rules issued under section 23 of Regulation, XVI of 1108.

4. The Matches (Excise Duty) order issued under sections 17 and 20 of the Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) Regulation, XIII of 1109.

5. Rules under section 195 (2) of the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096.

6. Amendments to the Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) order issued under section 20 of the Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) Regulation XIII of 1109.

7. Amendments to the Jail rules issued under section 60 of the Cochin Prisons Regulation, VI of 1076.

8. Amendments to the Arms Rules issued under sections 3, 16 and 23 of the Cochin Arms Regulation, II of 1084.

9. Amendment to the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation Rules issued under section 18 of the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation, VIII of 1098.

10. Amendments to the Cochin Municipal Regulation Rules issued under section 28 of the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096.

11. Amendments to the Motor Vehicles Rules issued under section II of the Cochin Motor Vehicles Regulation, I of 1094.

12. Amendments to the Cochin Village Panchayat Rules issued under section 17 (b) of the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089.

13. Amendments to the Municipal Taxation Rules issued under section 63 of the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096.

18. At the close of the year the following Bills were under the consideration of the Government:—  
 Bills under the consideration of the Government.

The Civil Procedure Code Amendment Bill.

- 
2. The Railways Bill.
  3. The Tenancy Regulation Amendment Bill.
  4. The Transfer of Property Bill.

19. Besides the above, the Government had under consideration the advisability of revising or amending the laws or legislating anew in respect of the following.—

1. Criminal Procedure Code.
2. Municipal Regulation.
3. Co-operative Societies Regulation.
4. Criminal Law amendment.
5. Village Panchayat Regulation.
6. Juvenile Offenders.
7. The Press and Registration of Books.
8. Trade Unions.
9. Usurious Loans.
10. Rubber Control.



## CHAPTER IV

### ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND CHANGES

#### ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT

M. R. Ry. P. V. Subramania Ayyar Avl. continued to be in charge of the department till 6th Karkadagam 1110, when he was transferred as Secretary to the Diwan. Rama Varmha Tampuran succeeded him and was in charge of the department for the remaining part of the year.

A Special Officer was temporarily entertained from 1st Medam 1110 for the audit of the Shoranur-Cochin Railway conversion accounts with an auditor and a peon under him. This staff continued to work for the remaining months of the year.

The departmental system of audit continued to show satisfactory results. The existing system of reconciliation of accounts also worked well.

#### LAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT

21. M. R. Ry. K. Achyuta Menon Avl. continued to be in charge of the department throughout the year.

Two clerks, one on Rs. 40-60 and the other on Rs. 25-40 a month, were added to the Diwan Peishkar's office establishment with effect from 1st Edavam 1110.

The post of the temporary colourer attached to the Office of the Superintendent of Survey and Land Records was made permanent with effect from 1st Chingam 1110.

The staff attached to the Trichur Treasury was strengthened by the appointment of two additional accountants with effect from 5th Kanni 1110.

The Fish-curing yards at Nārakkal and Kāthiyalam and the staff attached to these were transferred from the control of the Excise department and placed in charge of the Revenue department with effect from 1st Dhanu 1110.

The Special Loan Establishment which existed at the end of the year 1109 continued to work till the end of Makaram 1110. In view of the large number of loan applications received and with a view to ensure the speedy disbursement of the loans, the staff was revised and strengthened. The valuation of the properties was entrusted to four officers in the Tahsildar's grade and the examination of the title deeds was conducted by two judicial officers in the District Munsiff's grade. Each of these officers was also given a sufficient number of clerks to assist him in his work. The Special Loan Staff was in charge of the Special Loan Officer who worked under the general supervision of the Diwan Peishkar. The preliminary enquiries that had to be conducted occupied a good part of the time at the disposal of the staff and consequently a sum of Rs. 32,835 only was disbursed during the year.

A class for the training of some of the clerks of the Revenue department in survey was opened from 1st Makaram 1110 for a period of three months.

Two officers on Rs. 100-150 each a month were trained in survey for a period of two months for their eventual appointment as Tahsildars.

A senior clerk of the Secretariat was deputed for advanced survey training under the Madras Survey department for a period of 16 months with a view to appoint him as Superintendent of Survey and Land Records in due course.

The general remission of land revenue assessment including tree tax and occasional double crop charges granted in the year 1109 on account of the persistent economic depression was extended to the year 1110 also, the rate of remission being reduced from 18½ per cent to 12½ per cent. The unprecedented drought experienced in the year had its baneful effect upon the crops. The crops affected were Mundakan generally and Virippu and Puncha (Kole) in special localities. The distress caused was so acute as to call for remission of assessment on a very large scale. Complete remission of assessment was granted in the case of outright failure of crops and remission of 50 per cent in the case of partial failure. Water cess in Chittur Taluk was another item of remission granted on account of drought.

### INCOME-TAX DEPARTMENT

22. M. R. Ry. K. Achyuta Menon Avl. continued to be in charge of the department as the Commissioner of Income-tax and M. R. Ry. O. R. Chummar Avl. as the Deputy Commissioner of Income-tax.

Messrs. P. V. Srinivasa Ayyar and C. Balakrishna Menon were confirmed as Income-tax Officers with retrospective effect from 9th Karkadagam 1109, on which date their period of probation was over.

An Accountant was appointed during the year.

The Head clerk of the Deputy Commissioner's Office was deputed for training in the Income-tax offices of the State for three months.

### CO-OPERATIVE DEPARTMENT

23. M. R. Ry. R. A. Gayatrinatha Ayyar Avl. continued as Registrar of Co-operative Societies till 9th Edavam 1110, when he entered on 4 months' privilege leave preparatory to retirement from service. M. R. Ry. K. Narayana Menon Avl., M. A., C. H. D. (Manchester), was appointed to officiate for him from 9th Edavam 1110 and this arrangement continued till the end of the year.

### AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

24. M. R. Ry. K. Krishna Warriar Avl. continued to be in charge of the department throughout the year.

Works in the Central Farm and the Vyttila Coconut Station steadily progressed. Demonstration in ryots' lands was carried on in different centres in each Taluk.

The Agricultural School in the Central Farm, and the Horticultural Schools continued to function. The department also took part in the All-India Swadeshi Exhibition at Trichur, the Cattle show and exhibition at Perumpilavu and the Rural Exhibition at Amballur and Palluruthy. The insect pests and diseases of crops, especially the Coconut pests 'Nephantis Serinopa', the 'Mahali' disease of arecanut trees, and the 'Budrot' disease of palmyra palms were effectively controlled. The

cocoonut leaf disease of Cochin-Kanayannur Taluk is being investigated and the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research had accepted the scheme of investigation into the disease.

At the instance of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research the marketing work in the State was started, to co-operate with the Central staff in British India in the scheme put in operation by that Government for developing the marketing facilities in India as a whole for agricultural and livestock products. For this purpose two Marketing Officers, one for crops and the other for livestock, were appointed during the year. A Marketing Survey of the State was commenced by them on the lines laid down by the Marketing Adviser with the Government of India.

#### VETERINARY AID

25. A Veterinary Sub-hospital was opened in Trippunittura in the year under report. The number of Veterinary hospitals was thus raised to 8. Government were also pleased to appoint two touring Veterinary Inspectors to do propaganda work with a view to enlighten the ryots on veterinary hygiene and sanitation, prevention and check of cattle epidemics and the like and also to give immediate veterinary aid in times of outbreak of epidemics.

#### PANCHAYAT DEPARTMENT

26. M. R. Ry. P. V. Raphael Avl. continued to be in charge of the department till 10th Karkadagam 1110. From that date the department was amalgamated with the Public Health department as an experimental measure and was placed under Dr. E. S. R. Menon under the designation of Director of Public Health and Panchayats. In the course of the year a technical officer under the designation "Panchayat Supervisor" was appointed for more effective supervision of the works in this department.

As in 1109 there were 87 Panchayats working. In addition to the 26 Village Panchayat Courts that were functioning last year one single and 7 group Village Panchayat Courts were constituted during the year.

The 18 Ayurvedic Vaidyasalas and the seven institutions for the treatment of snake bite and other poison cases continued to function well. The Ayurvedic Vaidyasalas were allowed to purchase medicines from the Rama Varma Central Ayurvedic hospital, where the manufacture and supply of medicines was found to be possible at rates cheaper than in the K. A. Samajam hospital, from where the medicines were hitherto being purchased. The training of the Village Vaidyans and the Scout Masters in the first aid for poison treatment under the patronage and supervision of His Highness the Elaya Raja was continued.

#### MINOR IRRIGATION

27. The major and minor irrigation works under the control of the Panchayats numbering 175 in all were properly maintained in the year.

#### ABKARI

28. M. R. Ry. M. P. Cherian Avl. continued to be in charge of the department throughout the year. In co-operation with the Government of India a scheme for the imposition and collection of excise duty on matches manufactured in the State was introduced under which the whole of the proceeds collected as duty on matches is to be transferred to the common pool to be divided between the Government of India and the various States joining the scheme on the basis of population. To facilitate the working of the scheme, a Regulation, the Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) Regulation VIII of 1110 was passed and rules framed under it.

#### FORESTS

29. M. R. Ry. T. Narayana Menon Avl. was in charge of the department throughout the year except for the period between 7th Meenam 1110 and 6th Edavam 1110 when he was on privilege leave. During this period J. H. Williams Esq., Assistant Conservator, officiated.

#### ANCHAL

30. M. R. Ry. N. Madhava Menon Avl. continued to be in charge of the department throughout the year. The reciprocal

anchal hundi service between Travancore and Cochin continued to work satisfactorily.

### JAILS

31. The District Magistrate continued to be the ex-officio Inspector-General of Prisons during the year. M. R. Ry. P. J. George, Avl., the permanent District Magistrate, was in charge of the department till the 9th of Makaram 1110 and M. R. Ry. G. Harihara Ayyar Avl. was in charge for the rest of the year. M. R. Ry. A. T. Thomas Avl. continued as Superintendent.

### STAMPS

32. The stamp and stamp papers required for the State except special adhesive labels and 3 annas section papers that are manufactured locally, were as in previous years, manufactured in England.

### POLICE

33. M. R. Ry. P. Nilakanta Menon Avl. continued to be in charge of the department during the year.

The two District Superintendents of Police Messrs. A. R. Mannadi Nayar and A. L. Devassey continued to hold charge of the Anjikaimal and the Trichur Districts respectively. The Anjikaimal Prosecuting Inspector Mr. M. Balakrishna Menon was appointed officiating Sub-Magistrate from 21st Makaram 1110 and in his place 1st grade Inspector Mr. V. V. Sebastian was appointed to officiate as Prosecuting Inspector. The post of the Prosecuting Inspector, Trichur District, which was kept in abeyance since 20th Kumbham 1107, was revived, and Mr. N. Sreedhara Menon, B. A. & B. L., of the Ernakulam Bar, was appointed Prosecuting Inspector, Trichur District, from 26th Meenam 1110.

The strength of the armed Reserve continued to be the same as in the previous year.

### MILITARY

34. M. R. Ry. P. Nilakanta Menon Avl. continued to be the Commandant, Nayar Brigade, during the year. M. R. Ry.

A. Narayana Menon, who was on probation as Second-in-Command for one year, was confirmed in that post with effect from 28th Makaram 1110.

A retired Jamadar of the Mysore Body Guard was appointed as the Troop Jamadar from 26th Edavam 1110, and he is continuing as such.

### LAW AND JUSTICE

35. There was no change in the personnel of the permanent Judges of the Chief Court. Towards the close of the year, M. R. Ry. Justice V. D. Ouseph Avl. was appointed as President of the Election Enquiry Commission and M. R. Ry. P. V. Lonappan Avl., an Advocate of the Madras High Court, practising at Coimbatore, was appointed in his place as officiating Judge of the Chief Court. Consequent on the appointment of M. R. Ry. C. Sankara Menon Avl., as District Munsiff, Ernakulam, M. R. Ry. V. K. Krishna Menon Avl., Bar-at-Law, assumed charge as the Registrar of the Chief Court. During this year a second Additional Court was established at Anjikaimal and M. R. Ry. A. Madhava Prabhu Avl., a member of the Chief Court Bar, was appointed as the Second Additional Judge.

In the arrangement consequent upon the appointment of M. R. Ry. P. J. George Avl., permanent District Magistrate as the Special Loan Officer, M. R. Ry. G. Harihara Ayyar Avl., Superintendent of Registration, was appointed as District Magistrate and in his place M. R. Ry. M. Rama Menon Avl., District Munsiff, Vadakkancheri, was promoted. Along with the above arrangements a general transfer of District Munsiffs was also ordered. During the year M. R. Ry. A. K. Raman Avl., District Munsiff, died and some changes in the personnel of the District Munsiffs were made.

From the 1st Karkadagam 1110, a temporary Additional Bench was constituted in the Trichur District Court for a period of two months to assist the District Judge. M. R. Ry. A. Madhava Prabhu Avl., the second Additional Judge at Anjikaimal, was transferred to preside over this Court, and the second Additional Court at Anjikaimal was suspended during the period.

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## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

36. Consequent upon the recommendations of the Committee appointed to go into the question of broadening the franchise for elections to the Legislative Council, a re-distribution of constituencies was effected. As a result the number of constituencies was increased from 30 to 36.

A general election under the new scheme was held in May 1935 and the Council constituted after the election is the Fourth Cochin Legislative Council and continued to be such at the close of the year. There were marked changes in other directions too. The Secretary to the Legislative Council, who was all along a member of the Council, ceased to be such with the constitution of the fourth Council and the Legislative Council Office was amalgamated with the Huzur Secretariat with one of the Deputy Secretaries as *ex-officio* Secretary to the Legislative Council. With a view to bring about a closer co-operation between the various administrative departments and the non-official representatives, four Standing Advisory Committees were constituted to render advice to certain departments of the State. Each Committee consists of three members, two elected and one nominated from the non-official side of the House. These Committees were attached to each of the following departments:—

1. Education.
2. Medical and Public Health.
3. Agriculture, Co-operation, Panchayat and Depressed Classes.
4. Industries and Commerce including Forests, Fisheries and Public Works.

Five meetings of the Legislative Council were held during the year lasting for 27 days on the whole. There were three sittings of five days each of the Legislative session. The inaugural meeting of the Fourth Council was held on 24th Mithunam 1110. The Budget Session covered eleven days.

The following Bills were passed by the Legislative Council:—

1. The Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) Bill.



2. The Cochin Press and Registration of Books Regulation amendment Bill.
3. The Cochin Criminal Procedure Code amendment Bill.
4. The Cochin Penal Code amendment Bill.
5. The Cochin Places of Public Resort Regulation amendment Bill.
6. The Cochin Penal Code amendment Bill.
7. The Cochin Criminal Procedure Code amendment Bill.
8. The Cochin Civil Courts Regulation amendment Bill.
9. The Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation amendment Bill.
10. The Cochin Municipal Regulation amendment Bill (Private cart stands, etc.)
11. The Cochin Municipal Regulation amendment Bill (Section 50).
12. The Makkathayam Thiyya Bill.
13. The State Aid to Industries Bill.
14. The Workmen's Compensation Bill.
15. The Irrigation Bill.

The following Bills were introduced in the Council and referred to Select Committees.

1. The Cochin Trade Union Bill.
2. The Criminal Law amendment Bill.
3. The Income-tax Regulation amendment Bill.

The Committees concerned did not submit their reports during the course of the year.

The Report of the Select Committee on the Press and Registration of Books Regulation amendment Bill was not presented before the Council and the Bill to amend the Municipal Regulation XI of 1096 was passed over under S. O. 26. Another amendment Bill on the Municipal Regulation, on which the Select Committee had submitted its report, was not proceeded with. On a point of order being raised in the Council the President ruled that this Bill could not be discussed as it

affected the Ruling Family of Cochin. The Cochin Tenancy and Kudiyirippu Bill, which was under the consideration of a Select Committee, was withdrawn by the member in charge of the Bill under Standing Order 44 of the Council. The Free Compulsory Primary Education Bill was not moved as the member in charge was absent. The Select Committee to which the Cochin Ezhuthassan Bill was referred did not submit its report in the year. The second reading of the Musalman Charitable Endowment Bill was over.

The following Bills were assented to by His Highness the Maharaja during the year under report.

- (1) The Cochin Matches Excise Duty Bill.
- (2) The Cochin Press and Registration of Books Regulation amendment Bill.
- (3) The Cochin Criminal Procedure Code amendment Bill.
- (4) The Cochin Penal Code amendment Bill.
- (5) The Cochin Places of Public Resort Regulation amendment Bill.
- (6) The Cochin Penal Code amendment Bill.
- (7) The Cochin Criminal Procedure Code amendment Bill.
- (8) The Cochin Civil Courts Regulation amendment Bill.
- (9) The Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation amendment Bill.
- (10) The Cochin Municipal Regulation amendment Bill (Private cart stands, etc.)
- (11) The Cochin Municipal Regulation amendment Bill (section 50).
- (12) The Cochin Provident Insurance Societies Bill.
- (13) The Cochin Tea Cultivation Restriction Bill.
- (14) The Cochin Income-tax Regulation amendment Bill.
- (15) The Civil Marriage Bill, and
- (16) The Ancient Monuments Preservation Bill.

Supplementary grants to the extent of Rs. 1,85,885—14—0 relating to the various items of public

expenditure were considered and voted by the Council during the year.

695 questions were answered in the Council during the course of the year.

94 resolutions were tabled for discussion. Of these one was accepted by the Government in the Council, 7 resolutions were carried by the House, 3 were carried in the Council with slight modifications, 5 were put and lost after discussion, another lost for want of a seconder, 23 withdrawn after discussion and the rest not moved.

Two amendments to Standing Orders of the Council tabled for the consideration of the House came from the non-official side. The report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the amendment to S. O. No. 56 of the Council was submitted early in the year, but the member in charge was absent on the days on which the motion for presentation of the report was tabled. The member in charge of the amendment to S. O. No. 33 (1) did not move for leave to amend it.

The Budget Session of the Legislative Council was held in Karkadagam 1110 and the Budget for 1111 was considered by the Council and passed with a few alterations.

### REGISTRATION

37. M. R. Ry. G. Harihara Ayyar Avl. was in charge of the department till 8th Makaram 1110 when he was appointed as officiating District Magistrate. M. R. Ry. M. Rama Menon Avl. then assumed charge on 9th Makaram 1110 as officiating Superintendent and continued as such till the end of the year.

### MEDICAL

38. Dr. D. Raghavendra Rao was in charge of the department throughout the year. There was no material change in the general constitution of the department except that one of the Government Hospitals was placed in charge of an Honorary Assistant Surgeon. A Standing Advisory Committee of the Legislative Council to be attached to the Medical and Public Health departments was constituted towards the close of the

year under report. A leprosy survey of the whole State was conducted by Dr. Santra, the Leprosy Expert.

### PUBLIC HEALTH

39. Dr. E. S. R. Menon continued to be in charge of the department except for two short periods from 16th Chingam to 4th Thulam and from 15th Kumbham to 12th Meenam when he was on other duty as the Chief Tour Officer in connection with His Highness the Maharaja's tour to South India and New Delhi. During this period Dr. D. Raghavendra Rao, the Chief Medical Officer, was in charge of the department.

The activities of the department in the matter of sanitation, prevention of epidemics and rural welfare continued unabated. Three maternity and child welfare centres were started during the year under review. The sanitation of three more minor towns viz., Pazhanji, Ollur and Chelakkara was placed under the control of the Director. The amalgamation of the Panchayat and the Public Health departments was effected towards the close of the year as a temporary measure.

Dangerous and offensive trades were kept under control and licensing of such trades was enforced for the first time in the State.

Anti-malarial operations in the Chittur Taluk were continued. Sanitation in the Municipal towns of Ernakulam, Mattancheri, Trichur and Chittur-Tattamangalam was attended to by the respective Municipalities.

### DEVASWAMS

40. There was no material change in the general constitution of the department during the year. M. R. Ry. K. Narayana Pisharodi Avl., B. A. & B. L., continued to be the Devaswam Commissioner during the year.

### PUBLIC WORKS

41. M. R. Ry. V. K. Aravindaksha Menon, Averal, Assoc. A. I. E. E., A. S. M. E., continued to be in charge of the department as Chief Engineer throughout the year.

The Southern, Central, Eastern and Irrigation Divisions in the Civil line continued to function, each under an Assistant Engineer. The Irrigation Division which remained as temporary till the end of 1109 was made permanent with effect from the beginning of the year under report with certain alterations in the staff.

The Mechanical and Electrical Branch remained under the Mechanical Assistant Engineer as before.

### INSTRUCTION

42. M. R. Ry. I. N. Menon Avl., M. A., B. Litt. (Oxon), continued to be in charge of the department throughout the year.

M. R. Ry. K. Narasimha Pai Avl., Principal, Maharaja's College, retired from service on the afternoon of 22nd April 1935 and H. R. Mills Esq. was appointed Principal.

M. R. Ry. K. A. Ayyadurai Ayyar Avl. continued to officiate as Inspector of Schools, Southern Division, from 1st Chingam 1110 to the end of Kumbham and was appointed permanent Inspector with effect from 15th Mithunam 1110 when the permanent Inspector M. R. Ry. K. A. Doraswamy Ayyar Avl. retired.

As in the previous years, there were three First Grade Colleges imparting University Education, viz., the Maharaja's College, Ernakulam, the St. Thomas' College, Trichur, and the St. Teresa's College, Ernakulam.

To help our young men and women in attaining a more practical knowledge of Science as applied to every-day life, proposals were made for the further affiliation of the Maharaja's College, Ernakulam, in the B. Sc. pass course in Groups I, II, III and V which were granted by the Syndicate and students were admitted to all the four Groups.

The Hostel started for the lady students of the College as part of the Cosmopolitan Hostel continued to work with increased strength. A Lady Superintendent was appointed in the Hostel in place of the Committee.

With the opening of the B. Sc. Classes in the College two Scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 30 each were instituted for research work in Chemistry.

With a view to raise the general standard of English teaching in schools, a committee was appointed to investigate the question in all its aspects. A committee was also constituted to discuss the existing syllabus of secondary education and to remodel it to suit new requirements.

The number of secondary schools increased by two. Teaching of Commercial subjects and Music and Hindi continued.

The medical inspection of schools was conducted satisfactorily.

To bring about a closer co-operation between the departments and the non-official representatives, an Education Advisory Committee was constituted to advise the Government on matters of a practical nature.

#### UPLIFT OF DEPRESSED CLASSES

43. M. R. Ry. V. R. M. Chohan Avl., B. A., L. L. B., continued to be in charge of the department. The post of the Additional Co-operative Inspector was continued for another year.

The number of depressed class pupils attending schools in the year under report was 12,949. Of these 4,625 were girls. The total expenditure incurred by the department was Rs. 1,15,931.

#### SCIENTIFIC, ETC., DEPARTMENTS

44. The Industries department continued to be under the charge of the Director of Public Instruction.

The total number of Industrial Schools, Sirkar and Aided, rose from 44 in the previous year to 46.

To teach improved methods of retting cocoanut husks, spinning yarn and manufacturing articles, a separate school for coir works was started at Narakkal and 2 expert artisans from Travancore were got down specially for giving instruction in the school.

A Bill to amend the Cochin Patents and Designs Regulation is under the consideration of Government.

The Stoneware Factory continued to work under the control of the Chief Engineer, the Government Pottery Expert being in immediate charge of the works. The operations of the factory were mainly directed towards the manufacture of pickle jars, bung jars, screw jars, snuff jars and stew pots. The scheme of production on a commercial scale and of means for the sale have been engaging the attention of the Government.

The Archaeological department under the charge of M. R. Ry. Paliyath Anujan Achan did useful work in the year. The Ancient Monuments Preservation Regulation came into force during the year. Select specimens of Cochin murals were presented to the Art Gallery recently opened at Trivandrum.

The State Museum and Zoological Gardens continued to be maintained satisfactorily.

#### GOVERNMENT PRESS

45. The post of the temporary accountant on Rs. 25 was made permanent in the grade of Rs. 25—40 from the beginning of the year. A temporary establishment of six compositors, two pressmen, one proof examiner and one proof reader was entertained from 10th Kanni 1110 for printing the Electoral Rolls of the Cochin Legislative Council. This establishment was found inadequate to finish the work within the time and a further staff of four temporary compositors was appointed from 15th Kanni 1110 till 10th Dhanu 1110. Meanwhile the printing of the Rules of Practice, the Special Laws and Unrepealed Regulations had to be taken up and the temporary establishment of ten hands appointed from 10th Kanni 1110 continued till the end of the year.

## CHAPTER V

### ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS

#### I. LAND REVENUE

Occupation and cultivation. THE total area under occupation and cultivation during the year was 5,09,305 acres as against 5,09,063 acres in the year 1109. The increase was mainly under "dry" and was due to new assignments. The extent of Kule lands cultivated in the year was 19,587 acres against 17,392 acres in the previous year.

Current demand. The demand under "Land Revenue Proper", "Miscellaneous" and "Capital" was Rs. 9,80,654, Rs. 92,543 and Rs. 86,653 as against Rs. 9,09,579, Rs. 84,773 and Rs. 14,148 respectively in the year 1109.

Arrears. The arrear demand at the beginning of the year was Rs. 16,341.

Total Land Revenue. The total land revenue demand under all heads, excluding arrears, was Rs. 11,43,509, as against Rs. 10,08,502 in the previous year.

Collection. 47. The collection amounted to Rs. 11,34,357. The amount written off was Rs. 293. The balance outstanding at the end of the year was Rs. 25,200.

Coercive measures. 48. The number of cases in which coercive measures had to be taken was 11,948 as against 13,198 in the previous year. Of these, 2272 related to distraint of movables, 27 to sale of movables and 339 to sale of immovables.

Amount of remission of assessment. 49. The general remission of 12½% in the Land Revenue granted to the State agriculturists amounted to Rs. 1,40,103.

The amount of remission granted in respect of lands affected by drought was Rs. 23,423.



50. The total expenditure under "Land Revenue" amounted to Rs. 3,01,934 as against Rs. 2,93,420 in the year 1109.

#### LAND RECORDS

51. The constitution of the Survey and Land Records office continued to be the same as in the previous year.

#### WARDS ESTATES

52. There was no wards estate under the management of the Cochin Court of Wards during the year.

#### BOUNDARY DISPUTES

53. The chief item of territorial dispute is that between the State and the Madras Government regarding a portion of the backwater area between the Cochin Harbour mouth and the island of Ramanthuruthu. It was not settled during the year.

### II. INCOME-TAX

54. The actual number of assesseees found liable to pay tax was 1,168, of whom 777 were in the Municipal towns and 391 in rural areas. Of the 777 assesseees in the towns, 312 were in Trichur, 235 in Mattancheri, 208 in Ernakulam and 22 in Chittur-Tattamangalam. Classified according to Taluks, Cochin-Kanayannur had 529, Mukundapuram 105, Trichur 420, Talappalli 53, Chittur 41 and Cranganur 20. According to Caste-war classification, there were 355 Indian Christians, 178 Tamil Brahmins, 120 Muslims, 115 Nayars, 272 among all other castes together, and 128 Companies, Firms and other associations not belonging exclusively to any community. The largest number of assesseees was from Indian Christians.

55. 1,998 notices were served under section 23 of the Cochin Income-Tax Regulation. Returns of income were filed by 1,751 assesseees and accounts called for from 1,354 assesseees.

56. 199 appeals were filed before the Deputy Commissioner under section 32 of the Regulation besides 38 appeals pending at the beginning of the year. Of these, 185 were disposed of during the year. Assessments were reduced in 72, annulled in 26, remanded for fresh assessment in 7, enhanced in 12 and confirmed in 68 cases.

57. Six appeals under section 34 and 40 reviews under section 35 of the Regulation were filed before the Income-tax Commissioner besides 4 appeals and 5 reviews pending disposal at the beginning of the year. Of these, 4 appeals and 22 reviews were disposed of during the year.

58. There were 6 applications for reference to the Chief Court. Of these 2 were referred, 2 rejected, and 1 accepted by the Commissioner and remanded for fresh disposal. The remaining one was pending disposal at the end of the year.

59. The collections under 'Demand' amounted to Rs. 2,50,064, advance deductions from salaries to Rs. 22,680 and the collections under penalty to Rs. 217. Thus the grand total of the collections amounted to Rs. 2,72,961.

60. Refund vouchers were issued for Rs. 33,098 out of which vouchers for Rs. 32,631 were actually cashed.

61. Coercive steps had to be taken in 77 cases to recover the tax imposed. In most cases the amounts due were, however, realised on the imposition of small fines.

62. Prosecution proceedings for tendering false accounts and tampering with accounts were initiated in 3 cases. Two of them were subsequently withdrawn and steps were being taken at the end of the year with regard to the other case.

63. The total expenditure for the department excluding refunds amounted to Rs. 15,052, which is only 6.3 per cent of the total revenue after deducting refunds. The incidence of taxation per head of population was 3 as. 2.3 ps.

### III. AGRICULTURE

64. Regular work was carried on in the Chemical, Mycological and Entomological laboratories of the Government Farms. Central Farm. Analysis of different kinds of soils to ascertain their plant food and constituents, breeding, collection and preservation of important crop pests and the observation and combating of different kinds

of plant diseases were attended to in the three sections. Paddy, different kinds of fruits and vegetables, cotton and varieties of cereals, pulses, root crops, sugar-cane and fodder crops were raised in the farm as usual. Experimental works on paddy continued on the same lines as in the previous years. Economic transplantation, variety experiments and rotation experiments on dry lands were conducted with success. Trials with different manures, experiments in spacing and trials with different varieties of cocoanuts were conducted in the Coconut Station.

65. Demonstration in ryots' lands on paddy, sugar-cane and cocoanuts, supply of manures, seeds and seedlings, lectures on agriculture and allied subjects, magic-lantern shows, advice to the ryots in the matter of cultivating different kinds of vegetables and fruit trees, manuring of crops, control of pests and diseases, etc., formed the nature of help rendered to the ryots.

66. The department successfully kept under control the pests and diseases of crops especially the 'Nephantis Serinopa' and 'Coconut leaf disease' of coconut trees, the 'Mahali disease' of arecanut trees and 'Bud-rot' disease of palmyra palms and other kinds of pests and diseases of plants.

67. The receipt under Agriculture amounted to Rs. 18,429 as against Rs. 18,714 in the current year and the expenditure to Rs. 1,20,501 as against Rs. 1,12,767 in the previous year.

68. Under the rules framed by the Government for the grant of Agricultural loans, loans amounting to Rs. 10,230 were advanced to the ryots against Rs. 14,350 in 1109.

69. All gardens continued to be under the management of the department except those attached to the Springfield and Elkhill Palaces at Coonoor. The latter two gardens were under the immediate supervision of Mr. Butcher, Curator, Botanical

Gardens, Ootacamund. The condition of all the gardens was fair.

70. New plantings on a large scale were not taken up as the roads had to be widened. The number of new plantings in the year was 1,057 as against 1,600 in 1109. The revenue derived from the avenues was Rs. 9,566 against Rs. 12,926 in 1109 and the expenditure incurred amounted to Rs. 9,253 as against Rs. 9,149 in the previous year.

71. The total number of animals treated in the Veterinary hospitals was 25,505 as against 28,903 in the previous year. Of these 505 were in-patients and the rest out-patients. Besides the cases treated in the hospitals, the touring Veterinary Inspectors had attended 3,701 cases.

The number of operations performed in the hospitals including castration was 2,414 against 1,873 of the previous year. The number of operations including 327 castrations performed by the touring Veterinary Inspectors was 373.

The system of exchanging information about the prevalence of cattle disease between the Veterinary Inspectors of the State and the Veterinary Officers of the adjoining British territories continued to work well.

The total cost of maintaining the Veterinary institutions including the establishment of the touring Veterinary Inspectors was Rs. 28,508 as against Rs. 23,856 in the previous year.

#### IV. CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

72. The year began with 257 societies. 10 societies were registered and the registration of 9 societies cancelled during the year, against 7 and 6 respectively in the previous year. The number of societies at the end of the year thus stood at 258.

73. The membership fell from 25,183 to 25,142.

Members.

74. The working capital of all societies including the Central Bank rose from Rs. 25,02,154 to Rs. 25,04,570 giving an average of Rs. 100.4 per member and Rs. 10,018.3 per society against Rs. 99.6 and Rs. 10,008.6 in the previous year.

75. The total transaction of all the societies including the Central Bank fell from Rs. 70,93,801 to Rs. 68,50,219 and resulted in a net profit of Rs. 62,252 against Rs. 62,924 in the previous year.

76. Loans amounting to Rs. 8,54,151 were disbursed by the Agricultural and non-Agricultural societies together against Rs. 9,30,431 in the previous year of which Rs. 3,36,675 was for productive purposes. Loans issued by the Agricultural societies alone amounted to Rs. 2,53,139 of which Rs. 91,421 was for productive purposes.

77. Loans to the value of Rs. 11,73,675 were outstanding with the members of the Agricultural and non-Agricultural societies together at the beginning of the year. With the loan of Rs. 8,54,181 issued during the year the demand stood at Rs. 20,27,856 of which Rs. 8,39,499 was repaid leaving the balance of Rs. 11,88,357 at the end of the year. The amount of overdue loans stood at Rs. 4,08,711 or 34.4 per cent against Rs. 3,78,140 or 30.91 per cent in the previous year.

78. There were 132 Agricultural societies dealing in cash in the beginning of the year. Four societies were registered and 6 cancelled, leaving 130 societies at the end of the year. The number of purely Agricultural societies at the beginning of the year was 2. One society was registered during the year, but it had not started work.

79. The Reserve Fund of all the societies including the Central Bank rose from Rs. 4,03,715 to Rs. 4,18,340.

80. The total receipts and expenditure of all societies excluding the Central Bank for the year 1110 amounted to Rs. 23,15,751-15-0 and Rs. 23,15,837-4-11 respectively. The total profits earned by them amounted to Rs. 47,901-4-10. A sum of Rs. 3,60,815-7-0 was carried to the Reserve Fund till the end of the year 1110.

Financial.

81. The rates of interest paid by co-operative societies on deposits ranged from 5 per cent to 9 per cent per annum. The lending rates to members were 7  $\frac{13}{16}$  per cent, 9  $\frac{3}{8}$  per cent, 10  $\frac{15}{16}$  per cent and 12  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent per annum. Five societies reduced their lending rates from 12  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent to 9  $\frac{3}{8}$  per cent, one society from 12  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 10  $\frac{15}{16}$  per cent and one society from 10  $\frac{15}{16}$  per cent to 9  $\frac{3}{8}$  per cent per annum.

Rate of interest.

#### V. VILLAGE PANCHAYATS

82. There were 87 Panchayats including the two in Cranganur serving 267 villages in all. Of the 547 Panchayatdars for all the institutions together 490 were in actual service at the end of the year.

Constitution.

83. The number of major and minor irrigation works under the Panchayat maintenance was 175. 24 important chiras were repaired or reconstructed during the year. The expenditure on irrigation works including maintenance was Rs. 19,299.

Irrigation.

84. With the funds placed at their disposal all the village roads under the Panchayats were properly maintained. Besides improving many of the existing lanes, many new lanes and a few roads were opened. Along with the improvement of roads and lanes the department attended to the repair and construction of certain bridges and culverts. The expenditure under communication including maintenance came to Rs. 78,251.

Communications.

85. Besides repairing and silt clearing many of the tanks and wells, 19 new wells and 5 tanks were sunk during the year. The total expenditure for water supply was Rs. 28,330.

Water supply.

86. The total receipts and expenditure of the department amounted to Rs. 4,327 and Rs. 2,11,360 respectively.
- Receipts and expenditure.

## VI. SALT, ABKARI AND TOBACCO

### SALT

87. The salt required for consumption was imported from Bombay, as in previous years, under the contract system. Out of a total quantity of 3,00,000 maunds of salt contracted for, and imported, the actual quantity delivered by the contractors was 2,92,862 maunds. Full duty was levied on the transit wastages of 7,138 maunds.
- Purchase of salt.

88. The year opened with a balance stock of 1,21,121 maunds of salt. Adding to this, 2,92,862 maunds delivered by the contractors and the excess of 1,161 maunds found on emptying the godowns, there was a total of 4,15,144 maunds for disposal as against 4,09,143 maunds in the previous year. Out of this, 2,69,440 maunds were sold to merchants direct from Malippuram, 4,400 maunds to the fish-curing yards, and 130 maunds to the Agricultural department. The total issue of salt was 2,73,970 maunds, as against 2,88,022 maunds in 1109. The total receipts under salt amounted to Rs. 4,59,129, as against Rs. 4,95,654 in the previous year.
- Sale of salt.

89. The control over the fish-curing yards was transferred to the Revenue department from the 1st of Dhanu 1110. The quantity of fish cured in the two yards of Nārakkal and Kāthiyālam during the period of the first four months of the year was 25,111 maunds 29 seers. The total receipts and expenditure during the same period were Rs. 4,046-4-0 and Rs. 3,074-0-6.
- Fish-curing Yards.

90. Including the one case pending disposal at the end of the previous year, there were 13 cases in all. All of them except one were disposed of during the year.
- Breaches of Salt Law.

## ABKARI

91. There was no change in the system of abkari administration and policy already in vogue. The issue of arrack to shops and depots was made, as in the previous years, from the Trichur Distillery and the Warehouse at Ernakulam. Arrack of 35° U. P. and 60° U. P. was allowed to be sold, but there was no demand for the latter variety of spirits. The total consumption of arrack in the several Taluks together was 22,608 proof gallons as against 23,937 proof gallons in the previous year. The total demand under arrack and toddy during the year was Rs. 5,83,795 as against Rs. 5,62,061 in the previous year. Including the sum of Rs. 50,486 pending realisation at the end of the previous year, the total demand stood at Rs. 6,34,281. Of this, a sum of Rs. 653 was granted as remission and Rs. 6,402 written off as irrecoverable. The total abkari arrears pending collection at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 48,069. The collection under Excise duty (including the receipts on account of rectified spirits) amounted to Rs. 1,45,091 as against Rs. 1,60,259 in the previous year. Five wholesale and 15 retail Foreign Liquor licenses were issued for a fee of Rs. 250 and Rs. 200 each respectively. Three liquor taverns were also sold in auction for a rental of Rs. 2,440. Five bottling licenses were issued for a fee of Rs. 90. Besides 13 licenses for the possession and sale of medicated wines for a fee of Rs. 20 each, eight licenses for dealing in rectified spirits for a fee of Rs. 10 each and two hotel licenses for Rs. 50 each were also issued during the year.

92. Licenses were also issued for the tapping of 55,680 cocoanut, 4,695 palmyra and 1,647 sago trees during the year as against 54,232 cocoanut, 5,021 palmyra and 1,937 sago trees in 1109.

93. The demand under tree-tax amounted to Rs. 2,49,981 as against Rs. 2,47,487 in the previous year. The whole of the demand was collected except a sum of Rs. 4,935 including arrears.

Working of Excise System.

Revenue.



42 cocoanut trees were licensed for a fee of Rs. 168 for drawing toddy for the manufacture of bread. The number of trees licensed for sweet toddy was 26,682 as against 26,681 in 1109. 22 toddy and arrack occasional licenses for an aggregate fee of Rs. 160 were also issued during the year. 41 licenses for the sale of denatured spirits were issued and a sum of Rs. 2,039 was realised on the quantity of spirits sold during the year.

94. 609 cases as against 714 in 1109 were detected during the year. 105 cases were pending disposal at the beginning of the year. 619 cases were disposed of leaving 95 pending at the end of the year.

Breaches of Abkari Law.

#### MATCHES

95. An excise duty on matches manufactured in the State began to be levied during the year. The manufacture of matches was controlled by the issue of licenses under the Cochín Matches (Excise Duty) Regulation VIII of 1110. Rules were framed under this Regulation for the assessment and collection of duty on matches and for the control over the manufacture, importation and supply of splints and veneers. The banderols required for the match factories were supplied by the Government of India. During the official year 1934—35, five licenses for the manufacture of matches in the State were issued. Two licenses for the manufacture of splints and veneers and for their importation were also issued.

96. The gross revenue derived out of the sale proceeds of banderols during the official year (1934—1935) amounted to Rs. 1,66,499. The expenditure incurred on account of the administration and control of the Excise duty on matches amounted to Rs. 647. The balance of Rs. 1,65,852 is to go to the common pool for division among the various Provinces and States, on the basis of their population according to the census of 1931. This Government's share on this account was not fixed when the year closed.

97. Five cases were recorded during the year, of which one was disposed of, leaving 4 pending.

Breaches of Matches Law.

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 TOBACCO

98. The biennial lease which commenced in 1109 continued in the year. There were 20 'A' class and 875 'B' class shops for a rental of Rs. 3,36,437. Consequent on the resales and restoration of shops, the demand for the year worked up to Rs. 3,33,881. The amount pending collection at the end of the year was Rs. 21,203.

Tobacco.

99. 51 cases were reported during the year, all of which including those pending at the beginning of the year was disposed of, except 5 cases pending disposal in courts.

Breaches of Tobacco Law.

## OPIUM AND GANJA

100. The independent shop system for the vend of opium and ganja continued. The rentals for the year were Rs. 47,165 for opium and Rs. 34,180 for ganja, as against Rs. 47,145 for opium and Rs. 32,690 for ganja in the previous year. The whole of the demand was collected during the year. The Government issue price of opium was Rs. 81 per seer and that of ganja Rs. 32 per seer.

101. Four cases were detected during the year of which three were disposed of, and one remained pending disposal in court.

Breaches of Opium Law.

102. The total receipts of the Excise department amounted to Rs. 41,97,044 as against Rs. 23,22,154 in 1109. The increase is mainly due to the fact that this Government's share of the Customs revenue for 1109 was received only in the year under report. The total expenditure (including Customs and Cranganur) amounted to Rs. 1,23,274 as against Rs. 1,21,903 in 1109.

Financial.

## VII. FOREST AND TRAMWAY

## FORESTS

103. The area of reserved forests at the beginning of the year stood at 584.43 square miles. An extent of about 5 acres was excluded during the year. The extent of reserved forests at the end of the year was thus 584.42 square miles.

Area.

104. The system of collection by departmental agency was resorted to as in the previous year for the extraction of timber from the forests generally. Working of coupes. The seigniorage system was allowed only in exceptional cases such as extraction of softwood for match factories.

105. The preparation of working plans for the teak plantations was almost completed. A preliminary reconnoitering of a portion of the Parambikulam forests was conducted during the year. Working plans. The Machad forests were also reconnoitered for the purpose of revising the plans already sanctioned in respect of those forests.

The working of the forests was regulated generally in accordance with the plan of operations adopted for the year.

106. The Tramway continued to be the prime means of forest transport, carting and floating being the other means resorted to. Communications.

107. There were 26 cases pending disposal at the beginning of the year. During the year, 167 cases were reported thus making up a total of 193. Of these, 148 cases were disposed of in the year and 45 cases remained pending at the end of the year. Of the 148 cases disposed of, 106 ended in conviction, and 2 in acquittal; 2 cases were dropped and 38 compounded. Forest crimes.

108. Fire-tracing operations were conducted as usual. There was no appreciable damage from fire during the year. Protection from fire.

109. The severe draught during the year affected very prejudicially natural regeneration as also artificial regeneration. The natural regeneration of teak and rosewood was generally poor while that of junglewood was more satisfactory. Sylviculture.

110. The total area under coffee during the year was 1,960 acres. All the areas cultivated with the exception of 89 acres were harvested. The total yield was 1,051 bushels of cherry dried. Coffee.

coffee and 8,781 bushels of parchment. The number of persons permanently employed was 1,411. The temporary hands employed were 68. The demand under quit rent was Rs. 7,992 of which an amount of Rs. 7,672 was collected during the year.

111. The extent of land leased for tea and rubber cultivation was 13,294.73 acres. The amount of rent collected was Rs. 31,821 as against Rs. 15,520 in 1109. The remission of rent hitherto allowed to the rubber estates in view of the fall in the price of rubber was not in force during the year.

112. Free removals in head loads of fuel, thorns and bamboos and free grazing of cattle were allowed to the people as usual. Kavaras and Parayas who were residents of the State were also allowed to remove free of cost bamboos and odas required for carrying on their cottage industry of mat-making and basket weaving.

113. The number of elephants in stock at the commencement of the year was 9. None was added to the stock during the year.

Elephant capturing operations were not undertaken during the year.

114. 4,980 candies of teak, 859 candies of rosewood, 10,269 candies of junglewood and 5,230 tons of fuel were removed from the forests by Sirkar agency and 52 candies of teak, 5 candies of rosewood, 3,860 candies of miscellaneous species of junglewood and 2,519 tons of fuel were removed by purchasers and consumers. Out of the Government collections in stock, 4,484 candies of teak, 557 candies of rosewood, 10,994 candies of junglewood and 6,389 tons of fuel were disposed of.

115. The receipts and expenditure of the department for the year were Rs. 3,51,830 and Rs. 2,54,746 respectively as against Rs. 3,29,086 and Rs. 2,24,178 in the previous year.

## TRAMWAY

116. The total length of the permanent way opened for traffic, including the double lines on the inclines, remained the same as in the previous year viz., 54 miles 18·4 chains.

117. There were 8 engines in the three sections together and all of them were working. The number of trucks was 57.

Rolling stock.

118. The division of the line into 3 sections for traffic purposes was maintained. The number of working days in the year was 344, the same as in the previous year. 15,037 candies of timber as against 10,401 candies in 1109 were transported during the year, the average daily transport for the year having been 44 and 30 candies respectively. Some of the other articles transported were 4,005 tons of fuel, 1,329 Railway sleepers, 11,556 bamboos, 16,260 odas and 3,085 maunds of provisions. The receipts under traffic for the Forest department amounted to Rs. 48,720 and under private traffic to Rs. 48,682 as against Rs. 40,146 and Rs. 70,689 respectively in the previous year.

Traffic and total transport.

119. The central pier of the Kuriarkutti bridge No. 208 was reconstructed and bridge No. 184 was thoroughly overhauled.

Bridges.

120. P. C. R. works were carried out to the Kavalai and Kuriarkutti rest houses, the P. W. Inspector's quarters at Kavalai, the Depot store and the Tramway Head office buildings.

Buildings.

121. No extension of the telephone line was made in the year. The existing line of 42 miles was properly maintained.

Telephone.

122. The workshop executed works for other departments and private parties. The total cost of these works amounted to Rs. 1,061 as against Rs. 4,366 in the previous year.

Workshop.

123. The capital expenditure during the year came to Rs. 90,027 as against Rs. 11,178 in the previous year. This large expenditure under

Financial.

capital represents the cost of overhaul of bridges, cost of railway siding works and value of rails, girders and machinery, etc., purchased. The outlay under maintenance was Rs. 85,738 as against Rs. 86,549 in the previous year. The total receipts amounted to Rs. 99,813.

## VIII. MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE

### ANCHAL

124. The total number of Anchal offices in the State (including Cranganur) working at the close of the year was 74 as in the previous year. The total length of the mail lines at the close of the year was 398½ miles as was in the previous year. The number of letter-boxes was 140 as against 138 in the previous year. The number of articles carried by anchal during the year was 28,23,650 as against 27,04,468 in the previous year. Of these, 13,46,495 were Sirkar and the rest private articles. The Dead Letter Office received and disposed of during the year 5,768 articles as against 5,588 in the previous year.

125. The receipts and expenditure of the department during the year was Rs. 1,18,978 and Rs. 87,509 as against Rs. 1,18,421 and Rs. 80,207 respectively in the previous year.

### RAILWAY

126. The State Railway continued to be worked by the South Indian Railway Company Limited under the agreement entered into with them in January 1908, modified subsequently to a certain extent, as a result of the arrangements for the conversion of the line into Broad Gauge.

127. The gross receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 16,64,321, while the expenditure on account of capital expenditure and charges for the working of the line including the Company's share of the profits, etc., came to Rs. 11,08,018 as against the corresponding figures of Rs. 14,90,775 and Rs. 9,53,239 of the previous year. The net receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 5,43,493 as against Rs. 5,32,795 of the previous year and gave a return of 5.12% on

the capital outlay of Rs. 106,08,205 as against 6.98% in the previous year. In working out the above percentage on capital outlay, the capital expenditure on account of the conversion scheme has also been added to the capital expenditure on the Metre Gauge line, the line having been opened after conversion from 24th October 1934.

128. The following statement shows the net earnings on account of the Railway and the percentage in the capital expenditure for the past 26 years:—

Year	Capital expenditure Rs.	Net earnings Rs.	Percentage on booked capital
1909	69,80,038	2,60,923	3.73
1910	69,79,918	2,55,520	3.66
1911	70,22,057	2,86,437	4.07
1912	70,25,579	3,72,575	5.30
1913	70,16,138	2,85,057	4.06
1914	70,93,585	2,72,707	3.84
1915	71,20,473	2,07,634	2.91
1916	71,13,523	3,94,413	5.54
1917	71,09,538	4,52,630	6.36
1918	71,66,710	4,05,915	5.66
1919	71,79,342	3,62,242	5.04
1920	71,11,812	4,36,567	6.13
1921	72,75,887	4,45,855	5.93
1922	75,16,322		
1923	74,89,830	3,57,450	4.77
1924	75,12,346	1,01,354	1.34
1925	75,33,497	4,33,979	5.76
1926	75,52,751	4,89,268	6.48
1927	75,74,233	5,61,431	7.41
1928	75,70,308	5,63,073	7.43
1929	75,87,999	6,29,011	8.28
1930	76,28,517	4,93,308	6.46
1931	76,54,655	5,18,258	6.77
1932	76,34,560	4,98,538	6.14
1933	76,31,023	5,32,795	6.98
1934	1,06,08,205	5,43,493	5.12

## MARINE

129. No vessels other than country crafts laden with salt imported from Bombay and intended for the State anchored at Malippuram.

## STAMPS

130. The stamp revenue during the year was Rs. 6,14,276 as against Rs. 6,44,217 in the previous year. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 42,296 as against Rs. 42,264 in the previous year. The number of ex-officio vendors was the same as in the previous year, viz., 7 and the number of licensed vendors was 84 as in the previous year.

## CUSTOMS

131. The Government's share of the customs revenue for the year was not received in the year itself. It was, however, received early in the current year.

## IX. JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

## POLICE

132. The strength of the Police Force stood at 112 officers and 573 men as against 111 officers and 572 men in the previous year. The ratio of effective police to population and area was 1 to 1,822 persons and 1 to 2,145 square miles. Literacy, physical fitness, Qualifications for smartness and good character continued to recruitment. be insisted on for entertainment in the force. Punishments. The number of punishments meted out to the members of the force fell from 135 in the previous year to 127. Rewards. The number of good service entries and money rewards earned by them were 18 and 112 as against 12 and 58 in the previous year.

133. There were seventeen complaints filed against 32 members of the Force by the public. Of these all but three cases against 3 persons were disposed of, the officers being discharged in all.



134. The number of cases reported during the year under the Penal Code and Special Laws was 704 as against 660 in the previous year. Including the 14 cases pending at the beginning of the year, the Police had for investigation 718 cases. The number of cases under the Penal Code and the Special Laws was 556 and 162 respectively. Of these, 700 cases were disposed of, leaving 18 cases pending disposal at the end of the year. The percentage of disposal was 97·4 as against 97·8 in the previous year. Including 138 cases that were pending at the close of the previous year, the Courts had for disposal 734 cases, of which 625 were disposed of by the Courts during the year leaving a balance of 109 pending trial at the close of the year.

135. Of the 625 cases disposed of by the Courts 480 ended in conviction, 36 in discharge or acquittal, 109 in withdrawal, compounding, removal to the block register, etc. The percentage of conviction was 93 as against 91·4 in the previous year. The average duration of charged cases as a whole was 15·1 and that of charged and referred cases under the Penal Code were 15·2 and 28·9 as against 14·1, 15·3 and 29·4 respectively in 1109. The number of grave crimes reported and charged during the year was 275 and 215 as against the corresponding figures of 249 and 188 in the previous year. Of the total number of

cases reported in the year, 10 were cases of murder and 3 of culpable homicide not amounting to murder as against the corresponding figures of 10 and 5 in 1109. Including the 10 cases pending at the beginning of the year, the Police had for investigation 285 grave crimes of which 255 were charged, the percentage charged being 89·5 as against 85 in the previous year. The Courts had for disposal 255 cases including 40 cases pending at the beginning of the year. Of these, 217 were disposed of, 206 ending in conviction. Thus the percentage of conviction was 95 as against 92·4 in 1109. There were 16

False cases. cases of false complaints. The total value of property lost in cases reported to the Police was Rs. 6,142 as against Rs. 6,083 in 1109 and Rs. 14,064

Loss of property. in 1108. The amount recovered was Rs. 4,071 the percentage of recovery being 66·2 as against 54·8 in 1109. Including 8 persons whose cases were pending at the beginning of the year, there were 24 persons against whom steps were taken under the security sections of the Criminal Procedure Code. Of these, 12 persons were bound over for good behaviour. Five cases against 12 persons were pending disposal by the Courts at the close of the year.

136. 374 finger print slips were received for search during the year, of which 59 were traced as against 310 and 46 in the previous year. Finger Print Bureau. 321 slips were received for record during the year as against 275 in 1109. The total number of slips on record in the Bureau at the end of the year was 9,431.

137. During the year the C. I. B. registered 106 criminals. Of these, history sheets have been opened for 92 persons.  
C. I. B.

138. 52 cases of motor accidents were registered in the year. Four deaths resulted from accidents and 39 persons were injured.  
Motor accidents.

139. For the exchange of intelligence, periodical meetings of the District Superintendents of Police and Inspectors, Head Constables and Police Constables were held.  
Periodical meetings.

140. The total cost of the department came to Rs. 2,23,075 as against Rs. 2,13,021 in the year 1109. Financial. The average cost of a Policeman and the net cost per head of population on this account were Rs. 3·29 and 3·1 annas respectively against the corresponding costs of Rs. 3·21—15—6 and 2·92 annas in the previous year.

141. Hearty co-operation continued to exist between the State and the Frontier Police of Travancore and British Malabar in the matter of prevention and detection of crimes. Perfect harmony prevailed also between the Police and the Magistracy.  
General.

## CRIMINAL JUSTICE

142. There were two Sessions Judges, one District Magistrate and seven subordinate Magistrates exercising original Criminal jurisdiction. All the subordinate Magistrates except those of Chittur and Mukundapuram were exercising Special First Class powers during the year. Mr. N. Sankunni Nambidi was exercising like powers at Mukundapuram from the beginning of the year till 22nd Makaram 1110. From 23rd Makaram 1110 to 11th Mithunam 1110 Mr. M. Balakrishna Menon was the Sub-Magistrate of Mukundapuram and he was invested only with Second Class powers. Mr. V. C. Ramankutty, who succeeded Mr. Balakrishna Menon, being a new recruit, was invested only with Third Class powers. The Sub-Magistrate of Chittur was only a Magistrate of the Second Class till 11th Mithunam 1110 and thereafter he was given Special First Class powers. A Magistrate with First Class powers for the Trichur District was appointed from 18th Kanni 1110 and Mr. A. Subramania Ayyar, Sub-Magistrate of Trichur, continued as such till 1st Mithunam 1110. His successor Mr. Thomas Kallukkaran was also given like powers from 19th Mithunam 1110. An independent Bench Court was constituted at Ernakulam and one of the Honorary Magistrates was appointed as Chairman.

The Bench Magistrates' Courts at Cochin and Trichur also continued to work throughout the year. Appellate and revisional powers were, as in the previous years, exercised by the District Magistrate, the two Sessions Judges and the Chief Court.

143. Including the 313 cases pending at the beginning of the year, the Magistrates had for disposal 3,529 cases of which 3,131 were disposed of leaving a balance of 398 as against 2,720, 2,407 and 313 respectively in the previous year. The Bench Magistrates had for disposal 2,824 cases of which 2,332 were disposed of leaving 492 cases pending at the end of the year as against 1,774, 1,636 and 138 respectively in 1109. The total number of persons brought before the Magistrates, including the 848 persons awaiting trial at the beginning of the year, was

6,784 exclusive of the 7 who escaped or died as against 5,813 in the previous year. Of the 5,660 persons actually tried, 1,684 were convicted, 6 of whom were released on probation of good conduct under section 455 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 3,779 were discharged or acquitted, 94 were committed to Sessions Courts and 103 were otherwise disposed of.

144. The percentage of conviction remained the same as in the previous year, viz., 29·8. In 16 cases the complainants were ordered to pay compensation to 32 persons under section 226 of the Criminal Procedure Code, i. e., 85 per cent of the persons acquitted or discharged as against 12 per cent in the previous year. Of the 3,131 cases disposed of by the Magistrates, 1,686 cases related to offences under the Penal Code and 1,445 to those under Special Laws. Of the 1,684 persons convicted, 276 were sentenced to rigorous imprisonment, 29 to simple imprisonment, 16 to imprisonment and fine, 1,330 to fine only, 27 to whipping and 6 were released on bonds as against 247, 39, 41, 1,126, 17 and 8 respectively in 1109. Of those sentenced to whipping, 12 were juvenile offenders as against 8 in the previous year. The fines imposed by the Magistrates excluding the Cranganur Magistrate amounted to Rs. 15,075 as against Rs. 11,389 in 1109. These together with the balance of Rs. 960 pending realisation at the beginning of the year made a total of Rs. 16,035 of which Rs. 11,560 was realised as against Rs. 10,005 in 1109. A sum of Rs. 870 was written off and Rs. 1,384 was cancelled in appeal, leaving Rs. 2,220 to be realised at the close of the year.

145. Of the persons on whom appealable sentences were passed by the subordinate Magistrates, 10·31 per cent preferred appeals as against 13·44 per cent in 1109. The percentage of confirmation was 49 against 71·5 in the previous year. From the appealable decisions of the First Class Magistrates, 26 persons preferred appeals to the Sessions Courts. Including the appeals of the 21 persons pending from the previous year, the Sessions Judges had to deal with the appeals of 47 persons and all of them were disposed of. The percentage of confirmation was 57 as against 22·7 in the previous year.

146. The average duration of cases disposed of by the First and Second Class Magistrates was 79 and 29 days as against 90·4 and 31·8 days respectively in the previous year. The Magistrates examined 5,977 witnesses as against 6,673 witnesses in 1109. Including the 29 cases pending at the beginning of the year, there were 236 cases for disposal under the preventive sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure of which one related to proceedings to prevent breach of the peace, 4 to security for good behaviour, 15 to disputed possession of property, 15 to maintenance, 16 to forfeiture of bail or recognisance and 1 to nuisance under Chapter X. Of these, 184 cases were disposed of leaving a balance of 52 cases pending at the end of the year.

147. Including the 4 cases pending at the beginning of the year, the Sessions Courts had for disposal 49 cases as against 63 in 1109. Of these, 43 cases were disposed of leaving a balance of 6 cases pending at the close of the year. The average duration of the cases was 61 days in the Anjikaimal Sessions Court and 59·2 days in the Trichur Sessions Court as against 39 and 68·8 days respectively in the previous year. The Courts examined 677 witnesses as against 652 in 1109. 55 witnesses were detained beyond 3 days as against 23 in the previous year.

148. Including the 14 appeals that were pending from the previous year, the District Magistrate had for disposal 113 appeals as against 110 in the previous year. Of these, he disposed of 96 appeals as against the same number in 1109 and left 17 appeals pending at the end of the year. The number of persons concerned was 186. The number of appellants concerned in the appeals disposed of was 156.

149. Including the previous year's balance of 9 appeals, the Sessions Judges had for disposal 25 appeals as against 44 in 1109 and all of them were disposed of. Sentences were confirmed in respect of 27 of them, modified in the case of 15, reversed in the case of 3 and

the proceedings were quashed in the case of the remaining 2. The average duration of appeals was 93 days in the Anjikaimal Sessions Court and 43.8 days in the Trichur Sessions Court as against 132 days and 55.6 days respectively in the previous year.

150. The Chief Court had for disposal 26 appeals involving 47 persons as against 32 appeals involving 50 persons in 1109. Of these, 20 appeals involving 29 persons were disposed of leaving 6 appeals involving 18 persons pending disposal at the end of the year. In the appeals disposed of, the sentence or order was confirmed in the case of 21 persons, modified in the case of 5 and reversed in the case of 2. The appeal presented by one person was rejected. The percentage of confirmation was 72 against 85.1 in 1109. The average duration of appeals disposed of was 72 days as against 43.5 days in the previous year.

151. During the year M. R. Ry. T. S. Narayana Ayyar Avl., Chief Judge, inspected the two Sessions Courts and the District Magistrate's Court and the District Magistrate inspected all the Subordinate Magistrates' Courts.

152. The expenditure under Criminal Justice amounted to Rs. 72,091-6-10 as against Rs. 92,507 in 1109.

#### JAILS

153. As in the previous year there were 8 Jails maintained by the State, viz., the Central Jail at Viyyur, and the Subsidiary Jails at Mattancheri, Ernakulam, Cranganur, Irinjalakkuda, Trichur, Vadakkancheri and Chittur.

154. At the beginning of the year the population of the Central Jail consisted of 143 convicts, 7 undertrials and 15 civil debtors. 409 convicts, 12 undertrials and 143 civil debtors were admitted and 360 convicts, 18 undertrials and 150 civil debtors were discharged during the year leaving 192 convicts, 1 undertrial and 8 civil debtors at the close of the year. 552 convicts passed through the Central Jail or remained in it

during the year as against 502 in 1109, the average daily number having been 172.5 as against 133.76 in the previous year. Of the total number of convicts, 40 were undergoing rigorous imprisonment for life, 7 rigorous imprisonment exceeding 10 years, 10 rigorous imprisonment exceeding 7 years, 53 rigorous imprisonment exceeding 1 year, 70 rigorous imprisonment exceeding 6 months, 314 rigorous imprisonment for 6 months and less, and 58 simple imprisonment. The number of reconvicted persons who were classified as habituals was 99 as against 126 in 1109.

155. The prisoners were as usual supplied with clothing and blankets manufactured in the Central Jail. The uniforms of convict officers were, however, ordered from outside as in the previous years. During the year Government sanctioned the supply of additional blankets to all the prisoners for use in the cold season and the supply has been made accordingly.

156. The number of prisoners treated in the Jail hospital was 998 as against 1,028 in the previous year. Of these, 59 were in-patients and 939 were out-patients as against 167 and 861 of the previous year. There were three deaths during the year under report. The average weight of the prisoners on admission and on discharge was 107.09 lbs. and 119.21 lbs. respectively as against 105.64 lbs. and 107.56 lbs. respectively in the previous year.

157. The daily average of the convicts detailed for work was 154.65 as against 120.23 in 1109. The chief industries carried on in the Central Jail were weaving, making of coir yarn, coir rugs, blankets, net-money bags, etc., and agricultural operations as in the previous year.

The plantation work was stopped this year as the work done in the previous year in this direction did not thrive satisfactorily owing to damages caused by white ants and due to want of timely rains. Replanting and repairs to damages, however, received attention and about 9,000 pits were replanted in the year.

The actual sale proceeds of Jail manufactures and agricultural produce including miscellaneous amounted to Rs. 8,127-14-4, the cost of raw materials to Rs. 2,924-6-4 and the net profit after taking into account outstandings due by and to the Central Jail and the cost of raw materials on hand at the beginning of the year to Rs. 4,034-13-4 as against Rs. 7,108, Rs. 4,086 and Rs. 3,532 respectively in the previous year.

158. The total expenditure on account of the Central Jail was Rs. 30,405-8-5 as against Rs. 32,525-2-0 and the gross expenditure per head Rs. 166 as against Rs. 219 in the previous year. The net expenditure was Rs. 116-5-2 per head as against Rs. 160 in 1109.

159. The Jail Release Committee continued to function during the year. Two sittings of the Committee were held to consider the cases fit for conditional release. The non-official visitors continued to show keen interest in the welfare of the Jail population by their periodical visits. The library sanctioned in the previous year was opened in 1110. Besides the allotment of Rs. 25 sanctioned by Government, the Trichur Municipality has made a donation of Rs. 25 and sanctioned an annual recurring donation of Rs. 15. Books are also being presented by institutions and philanthropic gentlemen. At present there are 793 books in the Jail library and the prisoners are making good use of them.

160. As in the previous year the Sub-Jails were under the immediate charge of the local Sub-Magistrates. All the Sub-Jails continued to be under the control of the District Magistrate who was ex-officio Inspector-General of Prisons. At the beginning of the year there were 28 prisoners in all the Sub-Jails together excepting Cranganur. There were 701 new admissions and 680 discharges during the year leaving 49 prisoners at the close of the year. The total cost on account of the Sub-Jails was Rs. 3,603 as against Rs. 3,655 in the previous year.



## CIVIL JUSTICE

161. Two District Courts, 7 Munsiffs' Courts, and 34 Panchayat Courts exercised original civil jurisdiction. The additional District Judge remained attached to the Anjikaimal District Court throughout the year and the Additional District Munsiff remained attached to the Trichur Munsiff's Court. A temporary additional court was constituted in Dhanu in the Anjikaimal District Court for a period of one year because of heavy arrears in that court.

162. The courts had for disposal 24,892 suits and 1,442 appeals against the corresponding number of 29,168 and 1,393 during the previous year. Of these, 19,960 suits and 818 appeals were disposed of against 24,514 suits and 656 appeals disposed of in 1109.

163. The Munsiffs' Courts received in the year 6,830 original suits, 8,023 small cause suits and 9 suits under the Tenancy Regulation. These with the previous year's balance amounted to 18,089. Out of these 15,066 were disposed of during the year leaving a balance of 3,023 at the close of the year against 3,227 in the previous year. This includes 2,114 original suits, 907 small cause suits, and 2 suits under the Tenancy Regulation. Of the total number of original suits and small cause suits left as arrears, 170 are one year old suits, 429 are between 6 and 12 months old, 497 are between 3 and 6 months old, and the remaining 1,925 are below 3 months. The corresponding figures for 1109 were 120, 533, 312 and 2,263.

164. The Panchayat Courts received 4,957 suits against 4,883 in the previous year. The file in the year shows an excess by 74 over that in the previous year. They disposed of in the year 4,516 suits leaving 1,513 pending disposal against 4,972 and 1,072 respectively in the previous year.

165. The District Judges had for disposal 774 suits (750 original suits and 24 suits under the Tenancy Regulation) against 762 (740 and 22) in the previous year. The disposal in the year amounted to 358 original suits and 20 Tenancy Regulation suits against 390 and 7 respectively in the previous year, leaving 392 original suits and 4 Tenancy Regulation suits pending disposal. Of the 392 original suits pending disposal, two were over ten years, 2 were over 5 years, 4 over 4 years, 2 over 3 years, 25 over 2 years, 93 over one year, and 264 below one year. Only the District Munsiffs of Cochin and Cranganur were able to reduce the average duration of contested cases. In all the other courts there is a slight increase. The average duration of contested suits disposed of in the Anjikaimal District Court fell from 480 days in the previous year to 407 in the year under report, while in the Trichur District Court it rose from 351 to 424 days. Appeals were preferred in 7.8 per cent of the appealable decisions passed by the Munsiffs. Decisions of the lower courts were confirmed in 66 per cent of the decisions appealed against. The corresponding figures in the previous year were 6.3 and 47 respectively. Appeals filed in the Chief Court against the decrees passed by the District Judges were 91 against 108 in the previous year. The percentage of confirmation fell from 55.7 in the previous year to 49.6. Including the previous year's arrears the Munsiffs and the District Judges had respectively 34,852 and 1,311 applications for execution of decrees. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 34,212 and 1,282. Of these, 30,241 and 924 respectively were disposed of against 29,442 and 825 in 1109. The Panchayat courts had for disposal 5,853 execution petitions, of which 4,830 were disposed of leaving 1,023 pending disposal against 6,568, 5,278 and 1,290 respectively in the previous year.

166. Inclusive of the previous balance of 571 appeals, the District Judges had for disposal 1,076 appeals, of which 578 were disposed of, leaving 498 pending disposal, against 955, 384 and 571 respectively in the previous year. Of the 498 appeals pending at the end of the year, 4 were over 4 years old, 7 over 3 years, 3 over 2 years, 86 over 1 year, and 398 below one year.

The average duration of contested appeals disposed of in the Anjikaimal District Court rose from 389 days in the previous year to 488 days while in the Trichur District Court, it fell from 383 days to 306·8 days.

167. The Chief Court had for disposal 366 appeals during the year (Regular appeals 187 and Second appeals 179) including the previous year's balance of 166. Of these 240 were disposed of (Regular appeals 131 and Second appeals 109), leaving 126 (Regular appeals 56, and Second appeals 70) pending disposal at the end of the year against 438, 272 and 166 respectively in the previous year. Of the 126 appeals left as arrears, there is no regular appeal which is more than one year old. The four Second appeals of over one year's duration are those stayed by His Highness the Maharaja's Proclamation. Thus there are no old cases pending disposal in either section. Appeals and Second appeals between 6 and 12 months old are only 20 and 2 respectively and those under 6 months 36 and 35. This record is unique. The average duration of contested regular appeals disposed of fell from 278·9 days in the previous year to 274·3 days in the year under report. And that of Second appeals from 347·5 days to 248·3 days.

168. Including the previous balance of 29 appeals, the District Judges had for disposal 86 Civil Miscellaneous appeals of which they disposed of 67 leaving 19 pending disposal against 79, 50 and 29 respectively in 1109.

169. The Chief Court had for disposal 75 Civil Miscellaneous appeals of which 48 were disposed of, leaving 27 pending disposal against 62, 33 and 29 respectively in the previous year. The District Judges had for disposal 162 cases under the Land Acquisition Regulation. Of these, 78 were disposed of leaving 84 pending disposal against 213, 100 and 113 respectively in the previous year. Of those pending disposal, 68 are over 6 months old against 80 in the previous year. The Chief Court had for disposal 193 Civil Revision petitions and 313 Civil Miscellaneous petitions. Of these 154 and 270 respectively were

disposed of against the corresponding number of 93 and 421 disposed of in the previous year.

170. M. R. Ry. T. S. Narayana Ayyar Avergal, Chief Judge, inspected the two District Courts during the year. The Munsiffs' Courts were inspected by the respective District Judges.

171. Eighteen Graduates-in-law were enrolled as vakils of the Chief Court and 19 as vakils of the District Court.

172. The receipts and expenditure of the Civil Judicial department in the year were Rs. 4,03,143 and Rs. 1,99,145 as against Rs. 4,22,967 and Rs. 1,91,733 respectively in 1109.

#### REGISTRATION.

173. As in the previous year there were 26 Registry offices including the temporary Registry office at Nārakkal. The number of documents registered in the year was 51,457 as against 52,848 in 1109. Of these 27,815 were compulsory and 23,642 optional as against 29,373 and 23,475 respectively in the previous year. The number of wills registered was 358 as against 342 in 1109. Of these, 25 were executed by Brahmins, 125 by Sudras, 75 by other Hindus, 128 by Christians, 4 by Muslims and 1 by a Jew. The average value of a document registered in the year fell from Rs. 430—13—8 to Rs. 386—10—1.

174. Of the total number of documents registered 50,817 or 98.75 per cent were registered on the day of presentation as against 98.11 per cent in 1109. Of the remaining documents, 620 were registered within one week and 20 after one week. The number of documents refused registration was 43 as against 57 in the previous year. Including the 12 registration appeals pending disposal at the close of 1109 the Registration Superintendent had in all 38 appeals for disposal of which he disposed of 37 and left 1 pending at the close of the year. Out of 37

appeals disposed of, registration was ordered in 33 cases and the remaining 4 were dismissed.

175. There was no prosecution for false representation during the year.

Prosecution.

176. The Registration Superintendent inspected all the Registry offices and made 10 surprise visits.

Inspection.

177. The receipts and expenditure (including Cranganur) amounted to Rs. 98,477-14-8 and Rs. 96,833-5-7 as against Rs. 1,05,831-9-9 and Rs. 98,859-2-2 respectively in 1109.

Financial.

The percentage of expenditure to gross receipts rose from 93.41 to 98.38 and the average registration fee per document was Re. 1-9-2 as against Re. 1-10-4 in 1109.

#### *Joint Stock Companies*

178. The year opened with 218 companies (207 limited by shares and 11 by guarantee). Nine new companies, all limited by shares, were registered during the year as against 12 in the previous year. Five of the companies newly registered were formed with the object of banking, 2 of trading, one of banking and charities and one of manufacture of matches. The highest nominal capital among the newly registered companies was Rs. 1 lakh. Ten companies ceased to work during the year as against 21 in the previous year. Taking into account new registrations and renewals, there were at work 206 companies limited by shares and 11 by guarantee at the end of the year. The companies limited by shares consisted of 161 banking, 17 trading, 9 mills and presses, 1 plantation, 7 insurance and 11 other companies.

Numerical strength.

Companies limited by shares.

179. Three new associations formed not for profit were registered during the year. There were 129 such associations working at the close of the year.

Non-profit associations.

180. During the year no company increased its nominal capital; but there was reduction in respect of one company. The nominal and paid-up capitals of the 206 companies limited by

Foreign companies.

shares working at the end of the year aggregated to Rs. 1,41,61,780 and Rs 40,05,898—15—8 respectively. 27 companies registered outside Cochin had places of business in the State.

181. During the year 4 companies were inspected by the Registrar and 203 by the Assistant Registrars.

Inspection.

182. Twenty cases of defaults relating to the infringement of the provisions of the Regulation were pending with the District Magistrate at the end of 1109. 13 new cases of defaults were reported during the year. The District Magistrate had thus 33 cases for disposal. Of these, 25 cases were disposed of and the remaining 8 cases were pending disposal at the close of the year.

Investigation of affairs and prosecutions.

183. The number of licensed auditors at the beginning of the year was 41 of whom 40 held permanent and one temporary certificates. The period fixed for temporary license expired during the year and it was renewed. Two permanent and 4 temporary fresh certificates were granted during the year.

Audit.

184. The receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 3,579—8—0 against Rs. 4,336—12—0 and the expenditure to Rs. 124—6—0.

Finance.

185. The number of officers who exercised the functions of a Notary Public remained the same as in the previous year viz., 27. There were 12 transactions of an aggregate value of Rs. 5,787—0—1 against Rs. 1,129—5—3 in 1109. A sum of Rs. 52 was realised as fees during the year.

Notaries Public.

186. The District Registrars continued to be ex-officio Registrars of Kuries under the Cochin Kuries Regulation, VII of 1107 within their respective jurisdiction. In the beginning of the year, there were 1,699 Kuries requiring returns to be filed with the Registrars. 40 Kuries were newly registered in the year. The total amount realised as registration and filing fees came to Rs. 608—14—0.

Kuries.

48 offences under the regulation were compounded. The total amount of compounding fees realised was Rs. 269.

## X. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF

### VITAL STATISTICS

187. Compulsory registration of births and deaths under Regulation II of 1081 continued to be in force as in previous years. The village officers attended to the work in co-operation with the Village Panchayats and under the control of the Public Health Department. The number of births registered during the year was 20,811 (10,797 males and 10,014 females) as against 20,184 (10,383 males and 9,801 females) in 1109. The deaths registered during the year came to 12,351 (6,533 males and 5,818 females) as against 13,716 (7,262 males and 6,454 females) in 1109. The ratio of births and deaths in the year per mille of population was 17.27 and 10.24 respectively as against 16.76 and 11.39 in the previous year.

188. Public Health was, on the whole, fairly satisfactory. Though there was an outbreak of plague in the towns of Mattancheri and Kunnankulam and cases of small-pox, cholera and malaria reported from different parts, timely preventive measures were adopted and the diseases brought under control. There were 6 plague attacks and 4 deaths at Mattancheri and those at Kunnankulam were 46 and 25 respectively. 181 deaths due to small-pox were recorded in the year as against 134 in 1109. There were 88 deaths due to cholera.

189. The total number of deaths from injuries was 518 in the year as against 809 in 1109. Of these 54 were suicides, 41 due to snake bites, 423 due to wounds and accidents as against 47, 51 and 711 respectively in 1109.

190. The death rate among infants was 80.23 per mille of population as against 99.87 in 1109. Three maternity and child welfare centres were opened during the year and the second batch of six Health Visitors was got trained. Activities in this direction continued unabated.

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 MEDICAL RELIEF

191. There were 55 medical institutions—13 hospitals, 17 dispensaries, 17 grant-in-aid dispensaries, one leper hospital and 7 itinerating dispensaries during the year under review.
- Institutions. The total number of beds available was 744 (308 for men and 436 for women and children) as against 697 (280 for men and 417 for women and children) in 1109.
- Accommodation; 192. The total number of patients treated during the year was 9,77,761 against 9,12,507 in 1109. The in-patients numbered 19,852 and the out-patients 9,57,909 as against 19,014 and 8,93,493 in the previous year. The percentage of deaths among the in-patients was 4·96 as against 5·06 in 1109.
- Medical relief. 193. The female medical subordinates treated 76,571 women and 49,224 children as against 75,196 and 58,418 respectively in 1109.
- Work among women and children. 194. The principal diseases treated in the medical institutions in the order of greatest prevalence were:—Diseases of the digestive system 1,25,416; diseases of the respiratory system 87,629; diseases of the eye 84,942; round worms 71,023; other diseases of the skin 63,166; malaria 52,289; diseases of the intestines 46,487; anaemia 38,189; influenza 36,391; dysentery 35,468; rheumatic fever 33,491; other diseases of the generative system 28,991; injuries—general and local—28,174; diseases of the stomach 27,340 and inflammation ulcerative 24,855.
- Diseases treated. 195. The number of post-mortem examinations held during the year was 101 of which 98 were for medico-legal and 3 for pathological purposes.
- Post-mortem examination. 196. The scholarship of £. 200 per annum to the lady Sub-Assistant Surgeon pursuing higher medical studies in England continued during the year.
- Scholarships.



197. There were in all 24 Honorary Medical Officers—15 Assistant Surgeons and 9 Sub-Assistant Surgeons—working in the several medical institutions during the year.

Honorary system of  
Medical Officers

198. 194 lunatics were treated in the Mental hospital during the year out of which 37 were discharged cured, 6 discharged on kychit, 25 released, 12 died and 114 remained under treatment. The daily average of patients treated was 114.92 against 123.76 in 1109. The total cost of maintenance was Rs. 17,577 against Rs. 15,831 in the previous year.

Mental Hospital.

199. The Leper hospital at Adur continued under the management of the Salvation Army. At the beginning of the year there were 315 patients and the admissions during the year came up to 145. Of these 460 patients, 113 were discharged, 9 absconded, 20 died, 318 remained under treatment. The total cost of maintenance of the institution as well as the 7 Leper clinics was Rs. 43,707 as against Rs. 41,304 in 1109.

Leper Hospital.

200. 14,184 patients (13,443 out-patients and 741 in-patients) were treated in the Ophthalmic hospital, Ernakulam as against 12,360 (648 in-patients and 11,712 out-patients) in 1109. The number of operations performed during the year was 6,470 against 6,333 in 1109. The daily average attendance was 187.88 as against 181.56 in the previous year.

Ophthalmic  
Hospital.

201. The X-Ray institution attached to the General hospital, Ernakulam, rendered medical aid to 3,193 patients (1,799 men, 1,136 women and 258 children) against 3,055 in 1109. The daily average attendance was 8.75 as against 8.37 in 1109.

X-Ray Institution.

202. Only microscopic and important chemical examinations were carried out in the laboratory attached to the General hospital, the minor tests having been attended to in the wards. 5,689 specimens were examined at the laboratory.

Laboratory.

203. The total expenditure under Medical Relief amounted to Rs. 4,56,430 as against Rs. 4,45,898 in 1109.

204. The Rama Varma Central Ayurvedic hospital at Rama Varma Central Trichur continued to be popular among Ayurvedic Hospital. those who resorted to the Ayurvedic system of medical treatment. 1,08,582 patients were treated in the hospital in all. The medicines required by the Panchayat Vaidyasalas were supplied from here. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 13,679 as against Rs. 9,676 in the previous year.

## XI. PUBLIC HEALTH

### SANITATION AND CONSERVANCY

205. The rural as well as certain of the urban areas continued to be served by the Public Health department in the matter of sanitation and conservancy. Control over sanitation and conservancy in the minor towns of Pazhanji, Ollur and Chelakkara also was transferred from the Panchayat to the Public Health department.

206. Scavenging was rendered to 1,092 private houses on the whole in the non-municipal towns of the State and the fee collected during the year amounted to Rs. 2,655 as against Rs. 2,537 in 1109.

207. The number of private and Sirkar markets, cart-stands, etc., rose from 87 and 20 respectively in the previous year to 103 and 27 respectively during the year under report. The receipts on account of markets, cart-stands, and bus-stands amounted to Rs. 37,772 as against Rs. 24,305 in 1109.

208. The expenditure on rural sanitation amounted to Rs. 1,10,612 as against Rs. 67,506 in 1109.

209. The maintenance of all the roads within the four municipal towns was attended to, as in the previous year, by the municipalities concerned, the expenditure for the maintenance

of the trunk roads being contributed by the Government. The contribution on this account amounted to Rs. 18,860 as against Rs. 18,415 in 1109.

210. The total receipts and expenditure of the four municipalities were Rs. 5,13,784 and Rs. 4,50,073 as against Rs. 4,62,053 and Rs. 4,18,096 in the previous year.

211. The total expenditure under Sanitation works proper towards improvements to the towns of Ernakulam, Mattancheri, Chittur-Tattamangalam and Trichur, Kunnankulam, Trippunittura, Cranganur, Vadakkancheri, Irinjalkkuda, Chalakkudi and Nemmara amounted to Rs. 48,463 as against Rs. 36,082 in the previous year.

#### VACCINATION

212. The vaccination staff remained the same as in the previous year viz., 28 vaccinators including four lady hands. One temporary vaccinator had to be entertained for a period of 3 months due to the prevalence of small-pox in certain villages and the increasing demand for vaccination.

213. The supply of lymph was got down from the King Institute, Guindy and from Trivandrum.

214. The number of vaccinations reported in the year including the operations within the municipal limits was 90,786 as against 1,20,645 in 1109. Of these 54,911 cases or 70.95% was successful as against 84,281 cases or 69.9% in 1109. Of the total number of vaccinations performed during the year the percentage of successful vaccination was 90.12% primary, 89.81% secondary and 32.92% re-vaccination. The total number verified during the year was 50,699 as against 63,808 in 1109.

215. The total expenditure under vaccination during the year was Rs. 13,973 as against Rs. 15,189 in the previous year. The average cost of each successful case amounted to 4 annas 1 pie as against 3 annas 5 pies in the year 1109.

## XII. RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS

### DEVASWAMS

216. The work of the Devaswam department was, as in the previous year, confined to the management of (1) 143 State Devaswams (2) 14 Cranganur Devaswams including Methala, (3) the Pazhuvam, Elanguvapuzha and Thirumala Devaswams and (4) the Vadakke Madham Brahaswam at Trichur. The work of controlling the various charitable institutions in the State and of regulating the expenditure on account of Pandaravaka Vazhivadus was also attended to by the department.

#### (1) *State Devaswams*

217. The total amount for collection during the year was 5,08,690 paraahs of paddy and Rs. 1,40,361 of which 3,19,246 paraahs of paddy and Rs. 68,128 were collected and 4,078 paraahs of paddy and Rs. 7,687 were written off. Thus a balance of 1,85,366 paraahs of paddy and Rs. 64,546 was pending collection at the close of the year. The percentage of collection was 63.56 for paddy and 54.01 for money as against 69.01 and 52.52 respectively in the year 1109. The major portion of the arrears was due from the British and Travancore tenants.

218. The number of cases involving coercive measures was 14 of Nadupattam and 1 of Sthirapattam against 12 cases of Nadupattam in 1109.

219. The total receipts of the Group Devaswams for the year amounted to Rs. 4,69,020 as against Rs. 4,58,563 in 1109.

220. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 5,42,877 as against Rs. 4,81,954 in 1109.

221. The transactions of the year under service heads resulted in a deficit of Rs. 73,857. The receipts and disbursements under "Debt heads" were Rs. 11,399 and Rs. 10,731 respectively. The net deficit for the year thus amounted to

Rs. 73,189. The opening balance of 1110 which amounted to Rs. 7,90,567 was accordingly reduced to Rs. 7,17,378 at the end of the year.

222. The total amount to the credit of individual Devaswams amounted to Rs. 9,39,758.  
 Balance to the credit of individual Devaswams.

(2) *Cranganur Devaswams*

223. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 33,520 to the credit of these Devaswams. The receipts and expenditure of the year were Rs. 20,141 and Rs. 18,526 as against Rs. 25,906 and Rs. 19,275 respectively in 1109. The surplus for the year amounted to Rs. 1,615. A sum of Rs. 14,776 was invested in 1109 out of the surplus funds. The net balance to the credit of the Devaswams amounted to Rs. 20,359 at the end of the year exclusive of investments. The investment of the surplus funds amounted to Rs. 47,079 and of the endowment funds to Rs. 3,156.

(3) *Pazhuvam, Elangunnappuzha and Thirumala Devaswams*

224. The receipts and expenditure of the Pazhuvam Devaswam amounted to Rs. 10,019 and Rs. 16,241 as against Rs. 13,214 and Rs. 12,217 respectively in 1109. The transactions of the year resulted in a deficit of Rs. 6,222 and hence the surplus of the previous years which amounted to Rs. 7,999 was reduced to Rs. 1,777 at the close of the year. The total investments of the Devaswam amounted to Rs. 45,889. The collection work was satisfactory.

225. The receipts and expenditure of the Elangunnappuzha Devaswam for the year were Rs. 13,194 and Rs. 11,578 as against Rs. 11,357 and Rs. 10,700 respectively in 1109. The transactions of the year resulted in a surplus of Rs. 1,616 and the surplus of the previous year was raised to Rs. 9,841. The collection work was fair.

226. The total demand for the year amounted to 23,621  
 Thirumala  
 Devaswam. parahs of paddy and Rs. 1,45,571 and of  
 this 15,639 parahs of paddy and Rs. 56,200  
 were collected leaving a balance of 7,982  
 parahs of paddy and Rs. 89,371 at the close of the year. The  
 total receipts and disbursements amounted to Rs. 81,564 and  
 Rs. 84,227 as against Rs. 97,395 and Rs. 99,623 respectively in  
 1109. The transactions of the year thus resulted in a deficit of  
 Rs. 2,663 and the surplus balance of the previous year was  
 reduced to Rs. 18,015 at the close of the year.

(4) *Vadakke Madham Brahmaswam.*

227. The receipts and disbursements of the Vadakke  
 Vadakke Madham  
 Brahmaswam. Madham Brahmaswam, Trichur, amounted  
 to Rs. 24,726 and Rs. 27,103 as against  
 Rs. 35,175 and Rs. 34,734 respectively in  
 1109. The transactions of the year having resulted in a deficit  
 of Rs. 2,377 the opening balance of 1110 which amounted to  
 Rs. 9,753 was reduced to Rs. 7,376 at the close of the year.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS

228. The number of Oottupuras remained the same as in  
 Oottupuras. the previous year viz. 9. The total expendi-  
 ture during the year on account of Oottu-  
 puras, Satroms, subscription to charitable  
 institutions, etc., amounted to Rs. 39,161 as against Rs. 41,381  
 in 1109.

229. The expenditure incurred by the State for Pandara-  
 vaka Vazhivadus in the Sirkar temples and  
 Expenditure. for contribution to religious institutions  
 amounted to Rs. 40,063 as against Rs. 40,010  
 in 1109.

230. The endowment funds continued to be treated separate-  
 ly. The year opened with a balance of  
 Endowments. Rs. 2,91,630 exclusive of landed property.  
 The receipts on account of new endowments  
 in the year amounted to Rs. 50. The total amount to the credit  
 of the Devaswams under "Endowments" at the close of 1110

thus amounted to Rs. 2,91,680 exclusive of landed property. The total receipts on account of interest on endowment funds and rent on landed property amounted to Rs. 13,628 and the expenditure for conducting the endowment vazhivadus to Rs. 11,116 leaving a surplus of Rs. 2,512. The total surplus at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 75,435 of which a sum of Rs. 59,319 stood transferred to the endowment fund.

### XIII. PUBLIC WORKS

#### CIVIL

231. The department had, as in previous years, to execute both State and contribution works. The Total expenditure under 'Civil' including establishment charges amounted to Rs. 10,34,257 as against Rs. 11,67,469 in the previous year. An expenditure of Rs. 1,40,203 was incurred on contribution works of which Rs. 20,463 was for Cranganur, Rs. 12,219 for Devaswams, Rs. 1,05,450 for other departments and Rs. 2,071 for private works. The total expenditure the department had to control during the year thus came to Rs. 11,74,460.

232. The total expenditure on communications including repairs and maintenance was Rs. 3,64,784 as against Rs. 3,47,223 in the previous year. Of this a sum of Rs. 1,67,597 was on original works alone. The important original works undertaken during the year were:—

- (1) Constructing a bridge at Trikkur over the Manaly river.
- (2) Constructing an embankment in Perimplissery.
- (3) Opening a road from Koonamuchi to Guruvayoor.
- (4) Opening a road from 2/4 of Erumapetty road to 4/5 of Ponnani road.
- (5) Redecking the Chalakkudi Railway bridge.
- (6) Providing a level crossing for the Chalakkudi Railway bridge.
- (7) Reconstructing the Karuvannur bridge.
- (8) Opening a road from Pudukkad Railway station to Chengalore.

233. The total expenditure on buildings including repairs amounted to Rs. 2,69,163 as against Rs. 3,71,004 in 1109. The important works undertaken during the year were:—

- (1) Extending the Lower Secondary School building, Ernakulam.
- (2) College extension works—Block 'A'.

- (3). College extension works Block ' B '.
- (4). Do Block ' C '.
- (5). Other extensions, Maharaja's College.
- (6). Constructing a Bangalow for the Consort and Children of His Highness the Ex-Maharaja.
- (7). Constructing a building for the District Magistrate's Court, Trichur.
- (8). Constructing the Diwan's quarters at Ernakulam.
- (9). Raising the Lower Secondary School building, Ernakulam.
- (10). Constructing a palace for Her Highness Ikkavu Thampuram of palace No. 31/D.

234. The total expenditure on Irrigation including repairs and maintenance came to Rs. 72,627 as against Rs. 82,885 in the year 1109. The main items of works attended to were :—

- (1). Putting up 2 groynes at Ochenthuruthy.
- (2). Constructing a canal in connection with the Karuvannur flood prevention scheme.
3. Constructing R. C. sluices at Chellanam. Besides this, a few major Irrigation schemes were investigated by the Irrigation Division in the course of the year.

The major irrigation chiras continued to be in charge of the department. They were put up in time and properly maintained. Water distribution in the Chittur Irrigation Systems continued to be fairly satisfactory in spite of the unprecedented draught that prevailed during the year.

235. The total expenditure under Miscellaneous Public Improvements amounted to Rs. 49,423 as against Rs. 36,472 in the previous year. The chief items of works taken up were:—

- (1). Levelling the playground of the Maharaja's College.
- (2). Supply of carpets, furniture etc., to the Cochin House at Madras
- (3). Supply of furniture to the Diwan's House, Ernakulam.
- (4). Supply of furniture to the Maharaja's College, Ernakulam.
- (5). Dismantling and reconstructing the retaining walls of the eastern tank in the Hill Palace.

236. The total expenditure under Petty Constructions and Repairs was Rs. 64,092 as against Rs. 80,316 in the previous year.

237. The receipts of the department during the year amounted to Rs. 3,38,509 as against Rs. 3,46,266 in the previous year.



## MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL

238. The electric plants attached to the Hill Palace, the Gas and Electric Maharaja's College, Bolghatty Residency, Plants. Trichur Pudiyaivilakam and the Chowwarah Palace all worked satisfactorily during the year. The lights in the Irwin Park were regularly lighted from 6 p. m. to 10 p. m. A new Gas Plant of a higher capacity was erected in the year in the Maharaja's College and it was maintained by the department till the end of the year when it was handed over to the Education department.

239. The telephone system was in good condition throughout Telephone Instal- the year. A new machine was installed in lation. the office of the Special Palace Officer and another in the Legislative Council office thus raising the total number of connections to 10.

240. The machinery of the Head Works at Chowwarah Ernakulam Water worked satisfactorily during the year. works. The total quantity of water pumped during the year was 23,10,00,000 gallons as against a total quantity of 21,45,00,000 gallons in the previous year. The cost of maintenance of the Water Works at Chowwarah and Ernakulam amounted to Rs. 15,642.

241. The condition of the distribution system at Ernakulam was satisfactory. The water supply was regular and continuous. 145 fresh house service connections were given, 55 extensions to the existing service connections were carried out, and 10 hydrants were newly erected during the year. The quality of water supplied was "excellent" as pronounced by the King Institute, Guindy, to which samples were sent for chemical and bacteriological analysis.

242. The water supply to Mattancheri continued to be Mattancheri satisfactory. The total quantity of water Water Works. supplied during the year was 3,42,86,574 gallons as against 3,01,00,000 gallons in the year 1109. The distribution was extended in several roads and as many as 48 additional taps were laid during the year raising the total number of taps to 135. A new elevated tank of 50,000 gallons capacity was put up during the year and this was connected with the old tank so that the aggregate storage

capacity at present is 1,00,000 gallons. The floating equipments transporting water to Mattancheri across the backwaters did good service throughout the year. A 100 ton wooden barge which was under construction at the time of the last report was also launched during the year. The total cost of maintenance of the barges and tugs amounted to Rs. 8,140.

243. The pipe laying work in Chellanam was continued during the year and has reached as far as Kandakadavu. 39 taps have been given along the whole line at the rate of 6 taps per mile. A quantity of 43,32,400 gallons of water was supplied to Chellanam during the year.

Chellanam water supply.

244. The supply of water at Nemmara was continuous and satisfactory. The quality of water supplied was declared as 'very good' by the King Institute, Guindy. The total quantity of water pumped during the year was 2,11,30,800 gallons as against 1,69,24,000 gallons in the previous year. Service connections were laid to the Anchal office and the Nemmara hospital and water supply was also extended to Vitnassery and Nellipadam. The total number of taps in service including the new erections was 102 during the year. The cost of maintenance including staff was about Rs. 5,760.

Nemmara water supply.

245. The water supply to Aiylur continued to be satisfactory during the year. The pipe line was extended to Karakat paramba and Chevaku-lam. The total number of taps in service including those erected in the year was 58. The total quantity of water pumped was 86,59,800 gallons as against 81,16,400 gallons in the year 1109.

Aiylur Water supply.

246. Owing to the unprecedented severity of the draught that prevailed during the year, there was a very large demand for pipe water in the Trichur town. The demand could not adequately be met, even though the department tried its utmost. The total quantity of water pumped from Peringavu during the year was 2,37,25,000 gallons against 1,82,50,000 gallons in the previous year.

Trichur Water supply.

247. The system for the supply of water to Ramavarmapuram and Central Jail was put into operation by the beginning of Makaram of the year under report. The tank was able to cope with the demand in spite of the intense draught. The average daily supply of water was 20,000 gallons.

Ramavarmapuram  
Water supply.

248. The water supply scheme at Thiruvilluamala had only been started. The Service Reservoir, the Head Works and the Pipe line were under construction. But in order to relieve the acute water scarcity felt in the elevated parts during the year, a small pumping plant was put up temporarily and water was pumped through a pipe line with 15 taps located at convenient places.

Thiruvilluamala  
Water supply.

249. A small water installation has been put up at Kunnamkulam for supplying water for 8 bath-rooms. This will be put into operation shortly.

Kunnamkulam  
Water supply.

250. The number of cars that were in service at the beginning of the year was 18. A lorry and five new cars were purchased during the year thus raising the total number to 24. The cars and lorry did good service making a total mileage of 1,55,843. The maintenance charge of these vehicles amounted to Rs. 21,002.

Motor cars and  
boats.

The condition of the motor boats was satisfactory. The total number of miles run by all the boats together was 12,255. All the boats were thoroughly overhauled and repainted during the year. The maintenance charge of the boats came to Rs. 1,960.

251. The canal section composing of the Ernakulam, Mattancheri and Cranganur sub-sections, each under a Canal Superintendent, continued to work satisfactorily in co-operation with the British and Travancore authorities. The total receipts under the head for the year amounted to Rs. 32,116 as against Rs. 29,291 in the previous year. The expenditure for the year amounted to Rs. 8,180 as against Rs. 7,414 in the previous year.

Canal and Back-  
water Navigation.

252. The receipts of the Mechanical department including Canal and Backwater Navigation amounted to Rs. 1,26,567 as against Rs. 96,478 in 1109 and the expenditure came to Rs. 2,40,503 as against Rs. 1,89,528 in 1109.

#### XIV. INSTRUCTION

253. In the year under report the total number of Government and private literary schools was 179 and 453 against 177 and 454 respectively in 1109.

254. The number of pupils in Government schools was 53,085 against 50,069 in 1109. The strength of the literary schools under private management was 1,05,327 against 1,02,626 in the previous year. The Government institutions did 32·8% of the education work; aided and recognised institutions did 63·1% and indigenous institutions 4·1% against 32%, 63·7% and 4·3% respectively in the previous year.

255. Of the total strength of 1,61,972 which included 3,560 pupils in industrial schools, 96,320 or 59·5% were Hindus, 58,453 or 36·1% were Christians, 6,861 or 4·2% Muslims and 338 or 0·2% Jews.

256. The strength of the Maharaja's College, Ernakulam, rose to 657 against 570 in 1109. Of the total number, 145 were females of whom 23 were from the backward and depressed class communities. The average strength and attendance for the year were 576·00 and 515·40 against 455·00 and 417·20 in the previous year, the percentage of attendance being 89·47 against 91·69 in 1109.

257. The results of the University examinations of the year under report were as follows:—

## INTERMEDIATE.

Groups	No. appeared	Passes		Total	Percentage
		1st class	2nd class		
I ..	42	11	12	23	55
II ..	16	..	5	5	31
III ..	29	2	11	13	45
Total ..	87	13	28	41	47

## B. A.

Group	No. appeared	Part I			Total	Part II			Total	Part III			Total	Full passes	Percentage of full passes
		I class	II class	III class		I class	II class	III class		I class	II class	III class			
I B ...	11	..	..	10	10	..	..	7	7	3	2	2	7	5	77.7
II B ...	14	..	1	11	12	..	1	7	8	2	2	7	11	7	78.5
II C ...	14	1	..	9	10	..	..	10	10	2	3	7	12	8	85.7
II E ..	16	..	..	10	10	..	..	12	12	..	1	12	13	7	81.2
IV A ..	11	..	..	7	7	..	..	6	6	..	..	6	6	5	54.5
IV B ..	32	..	1	25	26	1	1	19	21	..	3	26	29	20	90.6
Total ...	98	1	2	72	75	1	2	61	64	7	11	60	78	52	

The percentage of full passes in the B. A. examination was 53.1 against 44.9 in 1109.

258. The receipts of the College amounted to Rs. 54,572 and the disbursements to Rs. 1,60,349 the net cost being Rs. 1,05,777 against Rs. 48,321, Rs. 1,55,236 and Rs. 1,06,915

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respectively in 1109.

259. The Cosmopolitan hostel attached to the College worked satisfactorily. The total strength was 107 of whom 22 were women in the

Hostels.

special section started for them. There were also four approved lodges receiving aid from Government, viz., the Muslim hostel,

the Harijan hostel, the Sadanam and the Y. W. C. A. hostel. The health and conduct of the boarders were satisfactory. Representative Committees were established in all the College hostels with a view to enable the boarders to have a share in the management of their respective institutions.

260. The strength of the St. Thomas' College, Trichur, was 493 against 518 in 1109. The results of the University examinations were as follows:—

## INTERMEDIATE.

Parts	No. sent up	I class	II class	Total	Percentage
All parts	179	17	56	73	42
Part I	..	...	...	...	54
Part II	..	..	..	...	75
Part III	...	..	...	...	57

## B. A.

Subjects	No. sent up	I class	II class	III class	Total	Percentage
English	74	...	...	51	51	69
Malayalam	48	..	1	29	30	64
Sanskrit	25	...	2	16	18	72
Group I-A						
Mathematics	8	2	1	4	7	89
" I B do	6	5	..	..	5	83
" IV-A History	9	...	2	5	7	78
" IV-B Economics	52	...	2	41	43	84
Passes in all parts together (full passes)						52
Part I	..	..	..	..	..	69
Part II	...	..	..	..	..	68
Part III	...	...	...	..	..	84

The receipts and expenditure of the College during the year were Rs. 51,113 and Rs. 51,320 respectively resulting in a net expenditure of Rs. 207 which was met by the management as usual. The figures for 1109 were Rs. 63,295, Rs 64,536 and Rs. 1,241 respectively.

261. The enrolment in the St. Teresa's College, Ernakulam, was 97 against 86 in 1109. The results of the University examinations were as indicated below:—

Class	No. sent up	Percentage of passes				
		Part I	Part II			Part III
			French	Mal.	Sanskrit	
Intermediate	31	84	100	100	..	72
B. A.	10	100	100	88	..	89

The receipts and expenditure of the College were the same, *viz.*, Rs. 8,375—13—0 against Rs. 13,079—1—5 in 1109.

262. The number of High schools remained the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, 47, of which 25 were Sirkar schools and 22 under private management. The total enrolment of the Upper Secondary department was 6,213 (4,562 boys and 1,651 girls) against 6,383 (4,799 boys and 1,584 girls) in 1109.

The number of Lower Secondary schools including the Lower Secondary departments of High schools and the Government Training Institution was 104 (39 Sirkar and 65 under private management) against 102 (38 Sirkar and 64 private) in 1109. The strength in these schools was 12,889 (8,289 boys and 4,600 girls) against 12,356 (8,151 boys and 4,205 girls) in the previous year.

263. The strength of the Upper Secondary department of Government High schools was 3,397 (2,537 boys and 860 girls) against 3,696 (2,804 boys and 892 girls) in the previous year and that of the Lower Secondary department was 5,891 (4,001 boys and 1,890 girls) against 5,269 (3,609 boys and 1,660 girls) in 1109.

264. The receipts from Secondary schools in the year were Rs. 1,99,020 and the expenditure Rs. 3,79,336, the net

expenditure having been Rs. 1,80,316 or Rs. 19.5 per pupil instructed. The corresponding figures for the previous year were Rs. 1,94,247, Rs. 3,62,090, Rs. 1,67,843 and Rs. 18.7 respectively.

265. Besides the three hostels attached to Government High schools, there were a few private hostels working in some of the High schools.

All of them were working under proper supervision and the conduct of the boarders was satisfactory.

266. The number of pupils in the Upper Secondary department of schools under private management was 2,816 (2,025 boys and 791 girls) against 2,687 (1,995 boys and 692 girls) in 1109 and that in the Lower Secondary departments was 6,998 (4,288 boys and 2,710 girls) against 7,087 (4,542 boys and 2,545 girls) in the previous year. The amount of grant paid for Secondary education in the year was Rs. 92,425 against Rs. 76,133 in 1109.

267. The hostels and boarding houses attached to aided Secondary schools continued to work satisfactorily. The health and conduct of the boarders were fair.

268. The S. S. L. C. examination of March 1935 was held in 33 centres against 29 in 1109. 1,702 candidates appeared for the examination against 2,144 in the previous year. Of these, 526 were declared eligible for University course and public service. The receipts of the public examinations amounted to Rs. 32,127 against Rs. 29,012 in 1109 and the expenditure to Rs. 27,271 against Rs. 22,802 in the previous year.

269. Inclusive of the Primary departments of Secondary schools and the Government Training Institution, the number of Primary schools was 879 against 878 in 1109. Of these, 170 were Sirkar schools, 420 aided and 289 unaided indigenous institutions against 168, 421 and 289 respectively in 1109.

270. Of the Sirkar schools, 103 were schools for boys and 30 for girls and of these 9 were English schools, 4 for boys and 5 for girls. The number of pupils in the Primary departments



of Government schools was 42,255 (24,678 boys and 17,577 girls) against 39,849 (23,465 boys and 16,384 girls) in the previous year. The receipts amounted to Rs. 40,276 and the expenditure to Rs. 3,75,953, the net cost having been Rs. 3,35,677 against Rs. 40,090, Rs. 3,67,551 and Rs. 3,27,461 respectively in 1109.

271. The number of Aided Primary schools was 420 in the year under report against 421 in 1109 but the strength rose from 91,808 (52,731 boys and 39,077 girls) to 94,945 (54,150 boys and 40,795 girls). The grant paid to the Primary schools (including provident fund contributions) amounted to Rs. 4,85,294 against Rs. 4,60,993 in 1109.

272. No fresh census was taken of these schools during the year and the number of such schools and the number of scholars in them were, therefore, taken to be the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, 289 and 6,921 respectively.

273. The number of Night schools at the end of the year was only 4 against 7 in the previous year. The total enrolment was 136 against 256 in 1109.

274. Special attention continued to be bestowed on the education of the backward and depressed classes and the system of giving stipends, feeding charges, clothing, school requisites, etc., continued. The educational concessions granted to Kudumi Chetty pupils were extended to Kusavans (Potters) also. Kalari Kurup and Vil Kurup communities also were brought under the list of backward classes.

The strength of the backward and depressed class pupils was 55,857 against 50,880 in 1109. Of these 12,948 belonged to the depressed classes against 9,463 in the previous year, of whom 1 boy was in the College, 103 (92 boys and 11 girls) in the Upper Secondary department, 747 (604 boys and 143 girls) in the Lower Secondary department, 11,831 (7,440 boys and 4,391 girls) in the Primary department, 223 (162 boys,

and 61 girls) in the Industrial schools, 41 (22 boys and 19 girls) in the Fishery schools and 2 boys in the Sanskrit College, Trippunittura.

The number of Muslim pupils attending schools increased from 6,560 (4,655 boys and 1,905 girls) to 6,861 (4,823 boys and 2,038 girls). Of these 28 were in the College department.

275. The number of institutions for girls rose from 109 (40 Sirkar and 69 aided) to 111 (41 Sirkar and 70 aided). The number of girls attending these, including those for boys and the College, was 66,793 against 63,315 in 1109. Of these 242 were in Colleges against 215 in 1109. Of the institutions, one was a College, 13 High schools, 14 Lower Secondary schools, 73 Primary schools and 10 Industrial schools against 1, 13, 12, 73 and 10 respectively in 1109.

276. The Maharaja's College, Ernakulam, and the St. Teresa's College continued to provide Arts courses for girls, the latter providing instruction only in Group III of the Intermediate and Groups IV A and V of the B. A. degree (pass) course. Of the 242 girls in the Colleges, 145 were in the Maharaja's College against 129 in 1109 and of these 88 were in the Intermediate, 40 in the B. A. and 17 in the B. Sc. classes. The St. Teresa's College accounted for 97 girls, 76 in the Intermediate and 21 in the B. A. classes. There were besides 4 women students from Cochin pursuing their studies for the Honours course in the Colleges outside the State.

277. The number of High schools for girls remained the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, 13 (7 Sirkar and 6 aided) but the strength rose from 5,828 to 6,139, of whom 5,644 alone were girls, the rest being boys studying in the Lower Secondary and Primary departments. The number of girls in Upper Secondary and Lower Secondary classes was 1,146 and 2,779 respectively against 1,030 and 2,535 respectively in 1109. The number of girls attending the Upper and Lower Secondary classes of Boys' schools was 505 and 1,821 respectively. The

total strength of girls receiving instruction in the Upper and Lower Secondary departments, including those in the Boys' schools and the Government Training Institution, was 1,651 and 4,600 against 1,584 and 4,205 respectively in 1109.

The Medical Inspectress conducted the inspection of the girls in the Colleges and Secondary schools.

242 girls appeared for the S. S. L. C. examination of whom 122 passed.

278. The strength of the institution rose from 680 in 1109 to 718 in the year under report of whom 114 were in the training section and 604 in the model section against 102 and 578 in the previous year. As in the previous years two trained teachers' examinations were held, the theoretical and the practical. 140 candidates appeared for the theoretical examination of whom 96 passed. For the practical examination 113 candidates appeared of whom 88 passed. The receipts of the institution amounted to Rs. 5,061 and the disbursements to Rs. 37,072 against Rs. 4,650 and Rs. 37,309 respectively in 1109. The net expenditure thus came to Rs. 32,011.

279. The College Committee continued to function as the Advisory Body to Government in the management of the institution. The total enrolment of both the sections of the College was 327 (296 boys and 31 girls) against 246 (224 boys and 22 girls) in the previous year. The receipts of the endowment section, including the closing balance of the previous year, amounted to Rs. 9,018 and the disbursements to Rs. 6,037. The expenditure of the Government section was Rs. 5,300.

280. As in 1109, there were 10 Sanskrit schools. The total enrolment was 850 (769 boys and 81 girls) against 840 (743 boys and 97 girls) in 1109.

281. The Library had 1,932 volumes by the end of the year consisting of 1,298 manuscripts, 346 transcripts and 288 printed books against 1,907 in the previous year.

282. The number of teachers in Sirkar and private schools was 2,292 and 3,502 respectively against 2,154 and 3,557 in 1109. Of these, 1,214 teachers in Sirkar schools and 1,250 in private ones were trained hands against 1,196 and 1,295 respectively in 1109.

Qualifications of teachers.

283. The inspecting staff was the same as in the previous years, *viz.*, the Director of Public Instruction, 2 Inspectors, one Inspectress, 4 Deputy Inspectors and one Deputy Inspectress.

Inspection.

284. The amount given as grants in the year was Rs. 5,71,870 against Rs. 5,34,459 in 1109. The amount spent as stipends and scholarships, excluding those paid to the pupil teachers of the Government Training Institution, *viz.*, Rs. 12,229, was Rs. 33,163 against Rs. 28,413 in 1109.

Grants and scholarships.

285. There was the usual close co-operation between Travancore and Cochin in matters educational.

Co-operation with Travancore.

286. Physical culture, games and sports continued to receive special attention in all literary schools. The total expenditure for the year on this account was Rs. 3,716 excluding the usual grant of Rs. 1,500 to the Cochin Athletic Association.

Physical education.

287. Medical inspection of schools and Colleges was conducted as usual. The number of pupils examined in the year was 10,171 against 9,164 in the previous year. 52.98 per cent of the boys and 24.45 per cent of the girls were found to be defective or suffering from diseases against 52.46 per cent and 35.96 per cent respectively in 1109. The remarks of the Inspectors were communicated promptly to the guardians.

Medical inspection.

288. The receipts of the literary institutions amounted to Rs. 3,39,714 and the disbursements to Rs. 16,93,928 against Rs. 3,22,149 and Rs. 16,21,199 in 1109. The net expenditure

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was thus Rs. 13,54,214 against Rs. 12,99,050 in the previous year. Of the gross expenditure 4.3 per cent was on 'Direction and Inspection', 50.6 per cent on 'Government Institutions', 34.1 per cent on 'Aided Institutions', 5.3 per cent on 'Miscellaneous Account' against 4.6 per cent, 57 per cent, 33 per cent and 5.4 per cent respectively in the previous year. Of the net expenditure 5.3 per cent was on 'Direction and Inspection', 7.6 per cent on 'Collegiate Education', 20 per cent on 'Secondary Education', 60.4 per cent on 'Primary Education' and 6.6 per cent on 'Miscellaneous' against 5.8 per cent, 8.3 per cent, 18.8 per cent, 60.5 per cent and 6.6 per cent respectively in 1109.

289. M. R. Ry. N. R. Ramachandra Ayyar Avl. continued to be the warden of the Residential Palace for the student Tampurans of His Highness the Maharaja's family throughout the year. The year commenced with 17 wards. In the course of the year there were 22 new admissions and 8 withdrawals. The year thus closed with 11 wards. The health and conduct of the wards continued to be satisfactory. Two Tampurans, however, had to undergo operation for ocular complaints.

290. Rama Varma Tampuran, M. A., continued to be the guardian of the younger members of His Highness' family at Trippunittura. The total number of wards at the end of the year was 22. Two wards passed in the S.S. L. C. examination. The health and conduct of the wards were satisfactory.

291. The strength of the Palace Girls' High school at Trippunittura at the end of the year was 80 (49 girls and 31 boys) against 65 in 1109. Every facility was afforded for games. Their health and conduct were satisfactory. Two candidates are coached up for the Intermediate examination of 1936.

#### UPLIFT OF THE DEPRESSED CLASSES.

292. The spread of education among the depressed classes of the State and the improvement of their social and economic

conditions continued to receive, as usual, the special attention of the department.

293. To bring about the desired result, the department devoted its attention, *inter alia*, to (1) opening of colonies, (2) organisation of Co-operative Credit Societies, (3) construction of Bhajana Mutts, (4) assignment of lands for cultivation and for house sites, (5) safeguarding the interests of depressed class labour, (6) providing of pathways and burial grounds and (7) sinking of wells and tanks.

294. There were, at the close of the year under report, 77 Colonies. The expenditure incurred on these Colonies was Rs. 19,174 of which Rs. 3,238 was for land acquisition charges.

295. Five new Bhajana Mutts were constructed during the year.

The number of Co-operative Societies at the end of the year rose to 45 with a total membership of 2,006.

296. The total expenditure of the department during the year was Rs. 1,15,932 against Rs. 96,458 in 1109.

## XV. MISCELLANEOUS

### GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

297. Rama Varmha Tampuran continued as Secretary to the Diwan till 5th Karkadagam 1110. He was succeeded by M. R. Ry. P. V. Subramania Ayyar Avl.

Towards the close of the year the administrative machinery of the State underwent a complete reorganization. The system of administration was till then based upon a highly centralized scheme with all powers including the minutest detail in the hands of the Diwan. Such centralization had the inevitable result of unnecessarily increasing the routine work of the Head of the Administration leaving him very little time to devote to major questions connected with the administration of the State.

The Huzur Office as it existed till then was functioning more as the Diwan's Office and not as a real Secretariat of a modern Government. With a view, therefore, to create a watchful and efficient Secretariat to guard over the general administration and be in a position to offer expert advice to the Diwan on questions relating to the administration it had to be remodelled and reconstituted. The main features of the scheme are firstly to strengthen the Secretariat and secondly to delegate greater powers to the Secretary to Government and Heads of Departments in matters of administrative routine. In the delegation of more powers to Heads of Departments care has been taken to see that central co-ordination and control are not sacrificed. In the Secretariat in place of the Secretary to the Diwan and the Assistant Secretary to the Diwan, one Secretary to Government, one Joint Secretary and two Deputy Secretaries have been created. A new Department called the "Finance Department" has also been organized with a view to exercise more effective check on all proposals for expenditure.

A copy of the Diwan's Proceedings P-3-13656 of 1110, dated 29th July 1935 regarding the reorganization of the Huzur Secretariat and the delegation of additional powers to Heads of Departments is given in the Appendix.

The reconstitution of the Huzur Secretariat was effected from 13th Karkadagam 1110. M. R. Ry. T. S. Narayana Ayyar Avergal was appointed as Secretary to Government and M. R. Ry. P. V. Subramania Ayyar Avergal as Joint Secretary to Government. Both these officers continued in their posts for the remaining part of the year. M. R. Ry. P. V. Raphael Avergal and M. R. Ry. B. V. K. Menon Avergal were appointed as Deputy Secretaries. They continued in their posts for the remaining part of the year.

Under the new constitution the Huzur Secretariat is composed of six departments—Revenue, Public Works, Public and Political, Law and Justice, Development and Finance, each department being placed under a Superintendent.

#### DEPARTMENTAL TESTS EXAMINATION.

298. The Departmental Tests Examination was held on 22<sup>nd</sup> Makaram 1110 (4<sup>th</sup> February 1935) and the succeeding days. Out of 456 candidates who appeared for the Examination, 279 passed.

## MILITARY

299. Including the Infantry and the artillery, the Nayar Brigade consisted at the beginning of the year of 32 officers and 367 men. The strength of the force at the end of the year stood at 32 officers and 381 men.

300. The sanctioned strength of the State Band consisting of the Band Master, a Band Sergeant, a Band Corporal, 22 musicians and 2 lascars was maintained during the year.

301. His Highness' Body-guard consisted of, as in the previous year, one Commissioned Officer, 3 Non-Commissioned Officers and 12 Troopers.

302. In the Infantry the Commissioned Officers were armed with swords and the Non-Commissioned Officers and Sepoys with muskets. In His Highness' Body-guard the Commissioned Officer was armed with a sword and a revolver and the Non-Commissioned Officers and Troopers with lances, swords and pistols. According to the rearmament scheme sanctioning the replacement of '476 bore carbines and muzzle-loading weapons by up-to-date '410 bore muskets, the second consignment of 80 muskets with the necessary accessories and ammunition was got down from the Kirkee arsenal during the year. The services of men in the Infantry were utilised mainly as guards for treasuries, palaces, temples and other important State buildings and for escort purposes.

303. The total expenditure of the department was Rs. 1,21,733 as against Rs. 1,27,389 in 1109.

## ARMS AND AMMUNITION

304. The number of licenses issued for the import of arms and ammunition during the year was 33 as against 49 in 1109.



305. 120 licenses for dealing in arms and ammunition and for the manufacture and sale of fire-works were issued. Of these, 48 were for dealing in sulphur, percussion caps, etc., 37 for dealing in China crackers, potash, etc., 33 for the manufacture and sale of fire-works and 2 for the manufacture of gun-powder for blasting purposes.

#### PETROLEUM

306. The number of licenses issued under the Petroleum Regulation was 121 as against 89 in the previous year and a sum of Rs. 4,016 was realised as fees against Rs. 3,308 in 1109.

#### FACTORIES

307. The number of factories at the end of the year was the same as in 1109, viz., 106. Their details are shown below:—

Cochin-Kanayannur.	Oil Mills	12	Trichur.	Rice Mills	17	
	Foundries	2		Combined Mills	6	
	Combined Mills	4		Tile Factories	17	
	Coir Factories	6		Rubber Factories	2	
	Tin canning Factories	3		Match Factories	3	
	Fishery	1		Saw Mill	1	
Mukundapuram.				Spinning and Weaving Mill	1	
	Tile and Brick works	15	Talappalli.	Tile Factories	2	
	Rubber Factories	5	Chittur.	Rice Mill	1	
	Stoneware works	1	Cranganur.	Rice Mills	3	
	Oil Mill	1				
	Tannery	1				

308. The number of registered boilers at the commencement of the year was 167 and 3 were registered during the year. Of these, 75 boilers had already been written off as having been condemned, transported, dismantled or otherwise rendered unfit for use. Consequently the balance number of boilers in workable condition was 95. Of these, only 66 were

working during the year under report, the rest being kept idle mainly on account of the prevailing economic depression.

309. The number of accidents reported in the year was 44 as against 56 in 1109. There were only 3 fatal cases. Prompt instructions were given to the managers for minimising the number of accidents as far as possible.

#### PRESS REGULATION

310. There were 67 presses working at the end of 1109, and 6 were newly established during the year under report. There were thus 73 presses working at the end of the year 1110.

The owners of the following Printing Presses filed declarations during the year:—

1. Homeopathy Press, Trichur.
2. Mar Memorial Press, Mulanthuruthi.
3. National Printing Works, Mattancheri.
4. Sarada Printing Works, Mala.
5. Sree Ramakrishna Gurukul Press, Trichur.
6. Viswanath Press, Ernakulam.
7. Guruvilasam Press, Trichur.
8. Kerala Vilasam Press, Trichur.
9. Modern Industrial Press, Kandassankadavu.
10. Mukund Press, Mattancheri.
11. Popular Press, Cranganur.
12. Sree Rama Vilasam Press, Kunnankulam.
13. Syrian Printing House Ltd., Ernakulam.
14. Venugopal Printing House Ltd., Chennamangalam.

Of these, declarations regarding the first six are in respect of new presses started in 1110 and the rest were filed on account of change in the ownership or place, etc.

#### MOTOR VEHICLES REGULATION

311. 974 driving licenses were issued during the year against 850 in the previous year. 64 motor vehicles were newly registered and 337 vehicles were licensed to ply for hire against 40 and 316

respectively in 1109. The total fees realised in the year were Rs. 16,783 against Rs. 16,883 in 1109.

#### GOVERNMENT PRESS

312. The receipts and expenditure of the Press amounted to Rs. 65,427 and Rs. 77,477 as against Rs. 66,080 and Rs. 70,564 respectively in the previous year. The entertainment of a temporary establishment for the printing of Electoral Rolls and the printing of Council Proceedings at private presses mainly account for the increase in expenditure.

#### STATIONERY

313. The receipts under stationery consisted of the value of stationery articles supplied to Government Offices, Cranganur, Devaswams, Municipalities, Board Office, Panchayats, etc. The total receipts in the year amounted to Rs. 51,817 as against Rs. 51,442 in 1109. The expenditure was Rs. 48,413 as against Rs. 50,545 in the previous year. The reduction in expenditure was due to the advantage gained by the tender system.

### XVI. SCIENTIFIC AND MINOR DEPARTMENTS.

#### ETHNOGRAPHY

314. No Ethnographical researches were made in the year.

#### ARCHAEOLOGY

315. M. R. Ry. Paliyath Anujan Achan continued as Government Archaeologist. His office was held in the State Museum, Trichur.

316. The Archaeologist spent 58 days in camp and visited several places of interest.

317. Conservation of ancient monuments continued to receive careful attention.

318. The expenditure of the department during the year was Rs. 2,719 against Rs. 2,886 in 1109.

#### STATE MUSEUM AND ZOO

319. M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib K. Kochugovinda Marar Avl. continued as Honorary Superintendent in charge of the Museum and Zoo.

320. In this section there have been long strides of progress in every direction.  
Industrial Museum.
321. The sales during the year amounted to Rs. 3,140 against Rs. 5,438 in 1109. Proposals to exhibit art wares in the Spencer Hotel in the Willingdon Island are under the consideration of Government.  
Sales.
322. The number of visitors to the Museum and Zoo in the year was 3,12,367 against 3,00,002 in 1109. The usual demonstration lessons in Natural History were given to the pupils of the local high schools.  
Visitors.
323. The existing specimens were rearranged and relabelled in scientific order. A few specimens of butterflies, beetle and other insects were collected and arranged in the gallery. Four sloths, one long-tailed monkey, one whip snake, one villuli, one dove, one jungle squirrel, one wild pigling, one ant-eater, two russel's vipers, one hare and 4 rabbits were the additions in the year. One guineapig, one civet cat, one pea-hen and one spotted deer were presented to the Zoo. Three tiger cubs, three samburs and two spotted deer were additions by birth. The health of the animals continued to be satisfactory.  
The Zoo.
324. A Library was presented to the Museum by Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Krishna Menon and it was named 'Krishna-Kalliani Free Reading Room and Library.' It contains 1,585 volumes.  
Library.
325. The total expenditure on Museum and Zoo including gardens was Rs. 19,863 against Rs. 15,407 in 1109.  
Expenditure.

## INDUSTRIES

326. The Stoneware Factory continued to work under the control of the Chief Engineer, the Government Pottery Expert being in immediate charge of the works. The operations of the Factory were directed towards the manufacture of pickle jars, bung jars, screw jars, snuff jars and stew pots. Sundry articles such as flower vases, jugs, trays, teapots, etc., were also made.  
Stoneware Factory.

on a small scale. Experiments made in the manufacture of stoneware pipes have indicated promising results. The total output of the finished articles during the year was about 5,47,000 nominal pounds. The expenditure including establishment charges was Rs. 61,356-4-8. The receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 18,539-14-8 against Rs. 4,306 in 1109.

The stoneware articles were exhibited at the Exhibitions held at Calicut, Salem, Madras, Trichur and Irinjalakkuda and medals and certificates were awarded for them.

327. The expenditure for Industrial Schools during the year was Rs. 1,06,706 against Rs. 1,01,553 in 1109.

The number of Industrial Schools, Government and Industrial Education, aided, rose to 46 against 44 in the previous year. The strength in all these schools together was 3,560 against 3,246 in the previous year.

328. The number of Government Trade Schools remained the same as in the previous year, viz., one at Government Trade Schools. Ernakulam and the other at Trichur. The latter consisted of 4 sections Industrial, Technical, Arts and Commercial. The strength of the latter school was 333 (316 boys and 17 girls) against 321 (302 boys and 19 girls) in 1109. The receipts and disbursements were Rs. 2,980 and Rs. 27,916 respectively against Rs. 2,626 and Rs. 24,885 respectively in 1109. The Trade school at Ernakulam coached up students for the State Industrial Public Examination. The strength of the school was 158 (146 boys and 12 girls) against 153 (149 boys and 4 girls) in 1109. The receipts amounted to Rs. 151 and expenditure to Rs. 7,575 against Rs. 114 and Rs. 7,199 respectively in the previous year.

329. The school had a strength of 350 against 327 in 1109. Instruction in the school was imparted in Government Industrial School for Girls. needle-work, embroidery, pillow-lace, crocheted-lace, knitting, music, drawing, canvas, basketry, weaving, mat-making, laundry and bead-work. 181 pupils were sent up for the Final Industrial Examination for girls against 200 in 1109 and of these, 123 came out successful. The receipts and disbursements of the school were Rs. 181 and Rs. 10,574 against Rs. 190 and Rs. 10,840 respectively in 1109.

330. The number of Government Industrial schools increased by one, and stood at 22. The strength of the schools was 1,515 (1,121 boys and 394 girls) against 1,290 (931 boys and 359 girls) in 1109. The Industrial Public Examination was held in the year as usual. The receipts and disbursements of all these schools were Rs. 861 and Rs. 36,152 respectively against Rs. 1,091 and Rs. 35,325 respectively in 1109.

331. The total number of aided Industrial Schools stood at 21 against 20 in the previous year and their enrolment was 1,204 (302 boys and 902 girls) against 1,155 (286 boys and 869 girls) in the previous year. Of these schools, 9 were purely Girls' Schools, 4 Boys' Schools and the remaining ones mixed. The total amount spent by way of grant to these schools was Rs. 11,797 against Rs. 11,184 in the previous year.

### XVII. CRANGANUR

332. Cranganur is a small Principality with an area of 18½ square miles and a population of 42,531 according to the census of 1931. It is financially autonomous, but for all administrative purposes, forms an integral part of the State. The Chief pays an annual tribute of Rs. 6,857.

333. The sub-joined statement shows the financial condition of the Principality at the end of the year.

		Rs.			Rs.
Opening balance	Cash in the Cranganur Treasury	28,024	Disbursements under Service Heads		2,01,721
	Investments	1,71,064	Do	Debt Heads	3,91,002
	Total	1,99,088	Total		5,92,723
Receipts under Service Heads	1,92,595	Closing balance	Cash in the Cranganur Treasury		47,797
Do	Debt Heads		3,76,201	Investments	1,27,364
Total	5,68,796		Total		1,75,161
Grand total		7,67,884	Grand total		7,67,884

## NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES

334. Particulars of Newspapers and Magazines in circulation at the end of the year 1110:—

Serial No.	Names of newspapers and magazines	Language of publication	Place of publication	Daily, weekly or otherwise	Circulation No. of copies	Remarks
1	Catholic Yuva Lokam	Malayalam	Ernakulam	Monthly	500	Deals with social and religious matters
2	Ephimerides	English	do	do	150	Purely religious
3	Ernakulam Mission	Anglo-Vernacular	do	do	400	Religious and secular
4	Gomathi	do	Trichur	Daily	1000	Social, religious and political
5	Gosri Scout	do	Mattancheri	Monthly	200	A Magazine intended for Scouts
6	Kadha Kowthukam	do	Trichur	do	2000	Literary and social
7	Kyrali	Malayalam	do	do	500	Purely literary
8	Keralan	Anglo-Vernacular	do	Daily	2000	Social, religious and political
9	Kudumba Deepam	Malayalam	Ernakulam	Monthly	1000	Social and religious
10	Lakshmi Bhai	do	Trichur	do	600	Literary and social
11	Maharaja's College Magazine	Anglo-Vernacular	Ernakulam	Quarterly	800	Literary and scientific
12	Madras States Directory	English	Cochin	Yearly	1000	A pictorial reference book of statistical, historical and commercial information regarding Madras States
13	Nava Jeevika	Malayalam	Trichur	Monthly	700	Religious
14	Powra Kahalam	Anglo-Vernacular	Ernakulam	Weekly	1000	Social and political
15	Presbithan	Malayalam	Trichur	Monthly	200	Social and religious
16	Promptuarium	do and Latin	Ernakulam	do	800	Purely religious
17	Rajarshi	Malayalam	Trichur	do	700	Social and religious
18	Sahakarana Prabodhini	do	do	Quarterly	500	Co-operation, economy, etc.
19	Sahodaran	do	Cochin	Weekly	1000	Deals with all subjects
20	Sanathani	do	Trichur	do	750	Religious and social
21	Saracen	Malayalam and English	Ernakulam	Monthly	2000	Political, social and religious
22	Sathya Deepam	Malayalam	do	Weekly	500	Religious and social
23	Sathya Nadam	English and Malayalam	do	do	1000	All subjects including politics
24	Snehithan	do	Trichur	do	500	Deals with all subjects
25	Sthree	Malayalam	Ernakulam	Monthly	500	Non-political
26	St. Thomas' College Magazine	English and Malayalam	Trichur	Quarterly	600	Magazine for women
27	Suriyani Sabha Masika	Malayalam	Mulanthuruthi	Monthly	1000	Literary and scientific
28	Teachers' Magazine	do	Trichur	do	250	Religious and social
29	Vilasini	do	Cranganur	do	1000	Literary
30	Vinoda Vikatan	do	Trichur	do	700	Literary, political and social
31	West Coast Review	English	Ernakulam	Weekly	700	Literary, social, political and humorous
32	Yggakshemam	Malayalam	Trichur	do	500	All subjects
33	Yuktivadi	do	Irinjalakuda	Monthly	300	Deals with all matters
34	Yuva Kesari	do	Ernakulam	Weekly	1000	Deals with all subjects in a logical way
						Social, religious and political

## CHAPTER VI

### CONCLUSION

THE foregoing chapters record the administration of the State for the year 1110 for which my predecessor-in-office, C. G. Herbert Esquire, is chiefly responsible.

336. The most important event of the year was the Silver Jubilee Celebration of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor. The Jubilee fell on the 6th of May 1935 and it was celebrated with great pomp and splendour throughout the State. The chief items of the celebration have been noticed elsewhere in this report, but special mention must be made here of His Highness' announcement in his speech at the Jubilee Darbar to establish two permanent memorials in the shape of two Town Halls, one at Trichur and the other at Ernakulam, and to distribute one thousand house sites free to the homeless poor of all castes and creeds.

337. The year under report was also memorable in that the State received through its Ruler a distinguished mark of Imperial recognition—the bestowal on His Highness the Maharaja of the Knight Grand Commandership of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire. His Highness was invested with the insignia of G. C. I. E. on the 1st March 1935 at New Delhi by His Excellency the Viceroy.

338. In spite of the continuance of the economic depression the revenues of the State were not very adversely affected and her credit was well kept up. The receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 97,41,280 and the expenditure to Rs. 96,83,511 leaving a surplus of Rs. 57,769. The State loan remained at 75 lakhs of rupees and it maintained its favourable position in the stock markets of India.



339. The price of paddy, cocoanut and rubber continued, however, to be low and the agriculturist found it difficult to maintain himself and to meet his obligations. Relief measures already on hand had, therefore, to be continued and fresh ones undertaken in the course of the year. The land revenue remission of 12½ per cent was continued and liberal remissions in respect of Mundakan and Puncha crops were granted in places where the agriculturist suffered from the acute drought consequent on the failure of the north-east monsoon. The special loan of 5 lakhs of rupees sanctioned in 1109 to save the indebted agriculturist was enhanced in the year to 20 lakhs of rupees (Rs. 5 lakhs in cash and 15 lakhs in Government Bonds) and a special staff was appointed for the speedy disbursement of loans. In spite of all these attempts, this scheme of debt redemption was found to be defective and towards the close of the year Government came to the conclusion that the only solution of the problem of agricultural indebtedness was to start a Land Mortgage Bank in the State. Urgent steps were accordingly taken for the organisation of this Bank and pending inauguration of the Bank "The Cochin Agriculturists' Temporary Relief Proclamation" was issued by which execution of decrees of courts against agriculturists was temporarily suspended for a period of six months. The economic survey of all the typical villages was also completed in the year and a few of the reports also published.

340. The Government Pottery Works at Chalakkudi have been enlarged and the factory has been put under the charge of a special expert. The question of organising the sales machinery on a more extensive scale and working the concern on commercial lines engaged the attention of Government in the course of the year. With a view to watch the financial results of the working of the Potteries it has been decided to separate its accounts from the general budget and to book them on a commercial basis.

341. The conversion of the State Railway into Broad Gauge was completed and the line was opened for traffic. The second-hand railway material released by the conversion was

proposed to be utilised to renew a considerable part of the State Tramway and the question of renewing the whole tram line with the released material was also under consideration when the year ended.

342. The possibility of supplying cheap electricity to the State was engaging the attention of Government for some time past. Various schemes were investigated for the purpose and due regard being had to the needs of the times and the resources of the State it was decided that the electrification of the towns of Trichur and Ernakulam and their suburbs should be entrusted to public companies licensed for the purpose. A notification inviting applications for licenses was also issued in the year.

343. The most outstanding scheme of development on which Government have been engaged for a long time is the development of the Cochin Harbour. Negotiations for the starting of the fourth stage works were progressing. The Hon'ble Sir Muhammad Zafrullakhan, Commerce Member of the Government of India with Mr. H. Dow, Joint Secretary, Commerce Department, inspected the Harbour works towards the close of the year and it is hoped that their personal inspection would have the desired effect for the Cochin State.

344. Various schemes of development were taken up in the Nation-building course of the year.  
departments.

The development of communications in the State and the further expansion of the water-works systems at Ernakulam, Mattancheri, Trichur, Nemmara and Ailur received the attention of the department of Public Works. The Chellanam water supply scheme made satisfactory progress and the system for the supply of water to Ramavarmapuram and the Central Jail was put into operation in the course of the year.

345. The activities of the department of Public Health in the matter of sanitation, prevention of epidemics, rural welfare works, etc., were on the increase. Three maternity and child welfare centres were opened during the year and the additional health visitors were got trained. The general public health, except for sporadic attacks of plague, cholera, etc., in certain parts of the State, was, on the whole, satisfactory. The Panchayat department

continued to function well. Seven Group Panchayat courts and one single court were newly constituted in the year. Towards the close of the year the Panchayat department was amalgamated with the Public Health department as an experimental measure.

346. The Medical department continued to be of useful service to the increasing number of patient population. The special grant of 3 lakhs of rupees made by Government in honour of the Viceregal visit was partially utilised during the year for the construction of six emergency wards, five operation theatres and an out-patient building. Medical inspection of schools was regularly continued.

347. The Agricultural department did useful work. Pests and diseases of plants were kept under control and improved methods of cultivation were demonstrated to the ryots. A Marketing Survey of the State undertaken at the instance of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research was in progress.

348. The number of Co-operative Societies rose from 257 to 258. The enquiry into the Co-operative Movement in the State was pushed through by Mr. G. K. Devadhar, M. A., C. I. E., President of the Servants of India Society and his report was awaited at the end of the year.

349. The Uplift department continued to work satisfactorily.

350. The Education department continued to maintain its standard of efficiency and usefulness. The extension works in the Maharaja's College have been completed. The sanction of the Madras University has been obtained for the further affiliation of the College in B. Sc. pass course in Groups I, II, III and V and students were admitted to all the four groups. Two scholarships were also instituted for research work in Chemistry. A school for the blind was started at Kunnankulam on a residential basis. The scheme for the editing and publishing of text books by Government was under consideration. Committees were appointed to investigate the question of the general standard of English teaching and to re-model the existing syllabus of Secondary Education. It was decided not to pass any comprehensive order on the Education Survey and the Elementary Vernacular Education Committee Reports, but to

keep them as a valuable guide to Government in shaping policies and programmes from time to time.

351. Government passed final orders on the recommendations of the Franchise Committee referred to in the last report and the new Franchise Scheme initiated as a result was brought into operation in the course of the year. A general election to the Legislative Council under the new scheme was accordingly held in the latter half of the year and the fourth Legislative Council was constituted with a greater number of elected members.

Constitutional and Administrative changes.

352. As a further step in the direction of constitutional reforms four Standing Advisory Committees of the Legislative Council were constituted in the year. Each of these Committees consists of three members, two elected by the non-official members of the Legislative Council and one nominated from among them by Government. The nation-building departments are brought under the purview of these Committees. The Committees are advisory bodies, but it is hoped that their co-operation with the departments will give them an insight into practical administrative problems and also enable Government to get non-official advice and guidance.

353. Towards the close of the year the administrative machinery of the State underwent a complete reorganisation. The main feature of the scheme is the delegation of greater powers to the Secretary to Government and Heads of Departments in matters of administrative routine. In the delegation of additional powers to Heads of Departments care has, at the same time, been taken to see that central co-ordination and control are not sacrificed. In the Secretariat in place of the Secretary to the Diwan and the Assistant Secretary to the Diwan, one Secretary to Government, one Joint Secretary and two Deputy Secretaries have been created. A new department called the "Finance Department" has also been organised with a view to exercise more effective check on all proposals for expenditure.

Camp—Chowwara,  
14th March 1936.

SHANMUKHAM CHETTY,  
Diwan of Cochin.

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# APPENDIX

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## APPENDIX.

### Account of the Silver Jubilee Celebrations in the Cochin State.

The following is the account of the celebration, in the Cochin State, of the completion of the 25th year of the reign of His Majesty, the King Emperor of India:—

2. The 6th and 7th May 1935 were observed as public holidays throughout the State.

3. At sunrise on the 6th May 1935 a salute of 60 guns was fired at Ernakulam.

4. There was a ceremonial parade by the State Nayar Brigade consisting of one hundred rank and file at 6.45 a. m. on the 6th May 1935 in the Ernakulam College playgrounds and a firing of 'Feu De joie' and a March Past afterwards. A salute of 31 guns was fired at the time of the parade.

There was a ceremonial parade at Trichur also by the Armed Reserve Police when a 'Feu De Joie' was fired.

5. Thanksgiving services were conducted the same day in all the churches, mosques and temples in the State.

6. At noon treats were given to the boys and girls in all the schools in the State who took part in the celebrations. The number of pupils for whom treats were arranged was estimated at 1,30,485.

Treats were also given at Government expense to the children in the Roman Catholic Orphanages for boys and girls.

7. At midday the poor were liberally fed at the following seven stations:— Ernakulam, Mattancheri, Irinjalakkuda, Cranganur, Trichur, Vadakkancheri and Chittur. The inmates of the Leper Asylum, Mental Hospital, the Central and Local Jails and the Poor House were also liberally fed.

Clothes were distributed to the patients in all the hospitals in the State including the Mental hospital and the Leper asylum. Clothes were also distributed to the inmates of the Poor House at Ernakulam.

8. At 3 p. m. a public Darbar was held in the Darbar Hall, Ernakulam, for receiving His Excellency the Viceroy's Kharita. All the principal officers of the State and several European ladies, and European and Indian non-official gentlemen attended the Darbar. His Highness the Maharaja was attended by the Elaya Raja and a few of the senior Tampurans. M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib (now Rao Bahadur) M. Viswanatha Menon Avl., the Indian Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Madras States, was received at the portico and conducted to the top of the stair-case by the Elaya Raja and the Diwan. His Highness received the Indian Assistant at the top of the stair-case and conducted him to a seat on his right side, the Elaya Raja and the Tampurans sitting on the left side of His Highness.

9. The Indian Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General then delivered to His Highness His Excellency the Viceroy's Kharita. The Kharita was received from His Highness and read out by the Diwan, the whole assembly standing during the presentation and the reading of the Kharita. A salute of 31 guns was fired after the reading of the Kharita was over.

10. The Kharita was as follows:—

“To

His Highness the Maharaja

Sir Sri Rama Varmah, G. C. I. E.,

Maharaja of Cochin.

My Esteemed Friend,

It is with sincere pleasure that I have heard of the preparations which Your Highness has made in order to commemorate, in a manner befitting the occasion, the twenty-fifth year of the reign of His Most Gracious Majesty the King Emperor of India. We are all united to-day by our deep devotion to the

persons of Their Majesties, and it will be specially gratifying to me to inform His Majesty of the spontaneous expression of loyalty and affection on your part.

His Majesty has during the years of his reign set us all a magnificent example of duty and service and has gained the whole-hearted devotion and loyalty of all his subjects throughout the Empire. Never was this more clearly shown than during those terrible years of the Great War when the Ruling Princes of India freely put forth their resources and stood side by side with the people of Great Britain and His Majesty's Dominions throughout the world in defence of the Empire. That devastating struggle not only entailed vast sacrifices while the War itself endured: it gave rise to an economic upheaval which, even after the coming of peace, has continued to disturb the whole structure of the civilized world. But, as the forces of the Crown emerged triumphant from the ordeal of the War, so in the years that have followed the resources of the Empire have stood firm against the dangers and trials that the War brought in its train. Under the protecting shelter of His Majesty's rule the Ruling Princes of India have now for long enjoyed the blessings of peace and they have been free to devote their time and attention to the welfare of their subjects and the moral and material advancement of their States.

For India, it has been a period of great changes. We have taken a full part in the Councils of that great family the British Commonwealth of Nations; far-reaching internal reforms have been inaugurated, and the long and earnest deliberations in which for many years now His Majesty's Government and the Princes and Peoples of India have shared, will, I earnestly hope, lead to the establishment of a Greater India in the Government of which the Princes will take the part which is theirs by right of their magnificent traditions and inheritance.

I am happy to learn that Your Highness has so readily taken the opportunity afforded by this auspicious occasion to show your just appreciation of the great benefits which you have experienced under the benign and beneficent rule of His Majesty the King.

I can assure you that it is our Gracious Sovereign's desire to extend to you on all occasions his warm sympathy and hearty assistance, to support your authority, enhance your personal consideration, and to maintain unbroken the cordial relations which have at all times subsisted between His Majesty's Government and Your Highness.

I remain, with much consideration,

Your Highness' sincere friend,

Simla

Sd. WILLINGDON,

The 25th April 1935.

Viceroy and Governor-General of India."



11. His Highness then addressed the Indian Assistant and the assembly as follows:—

“Mr. Viswanatha Menon, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I feel greatly honoured and gratified by the kind message which I have to-day received from His Excellency the Viceroy. The key-note of that message which I whole-heartedly share is our deep devotion to the person of the King Emperor and the Queen Empress and our meeting to-day is but the visible expression of our loyalty and affection.

During the quarter of a century during which His Majesty has presided over the destinies of the greatest Empire known to history the world has witnessed the most bewildering and revolutionary changes. Perhaps the most significant factor that emerges out of these eventful years is the fact that in the great upheaval which resulted in the downfall of many crowned heads, the Crown of England has not merely survived but has gained added lustre and dignity. This is in no small measure due to the personality of our Sovereign who in an uncertain and shaken world has given proof of his faith in those enduring virtues which human society has learnt to honour. In war as in peace His Majesty has indeed set us all a magnificent example of duty and service and has thereby become the greatest asset to the British Commonwealth.

As His Excellency has observed India also has during these years passed through a period of great changes and I sincerely share His Excellency's hope that the labours of the last few years will lead to the building up of a Greater India in the Government of which the Princes will take their rightful share.

In commemoration of the auspicious occasion which we are celebrating to-day I have decided to establish two permanent memorials in the form of two Town Halls, one in Trichur and the other at Ernakulam. I have also decided to make a free gift of one thousand house sites to the houseless poor irrespective of caste, creed or community.

On behalf of the Ruling House and the people of Cochin I claim that in loyalty and devotion to the person of Their Majesties we stand second to no other part of the Empire. Let us with our united will pray to the Almighty that in His infinite mercy He may bless with long life and strength our Sovereign whose interest is bound up with that of his people as a whole. Standing above the strife of political parties and the clash of races, he is the representative not of the majority of his people but of the entire people themselves.”

12. After the customary honours to the Indian Assistant His Highness the Maharaja accompanied by the Elaya Raja and the Diwan conducted the Indian Assistant back as far as the top of the stair-case and the Elaya Raja and the Diwan conducted him down to the steps to the car.

13. His Highness the Maharaja, the Elaya Raja and the Diwan then returned to their seats in the Darbar Hall. His Highness then presented the Jubilee medals to the Elaya Raja and the following officers and non-official gentlemen:—

Sir Shanmukham Chetty, Diwan of Cochin.

Messrs: T. S. Narayana Ayyar, Chief Judge.

N. R. Sahasranama Ayyar, Puisne Judge.

V. D. Ouseph, Puisne Judge.

V. K. Aravindaksha Menon, Chief Engineer.

I. N. Menon, Director of Public Instruction.

D. Raghavendra Rao, Chief Medical Officer.

K. Achyuta Menon, Diwan Peishkar.

T. S. Narayana Ayyar, Special Officer (Harbour.)

P. Nilakanta Menon, Commissioner of Police and Commandant, Nayar Brigade.

Second-Lieut. C. R. Mannadiar, A. D. C. to  
His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin.

M. Sivarama Menon, Chairman of the Ernakulam Municipality.

The Chief of Cranganur.

Messrs. Paliath Raman Valia Achen.

Vaidyaratnam E. T. Narayanan Moosad.

S. S. Koder.

Ismail Hajee Essa Sait.

Calliath Vareed Antony.

E. K. Ayyakutti.

14. After the medals were presented His Highness the Maharaja left the Hall accompanied by the Elaya Raja and the Diwan.

15. A Guard of Honour furnished by the State Nayar Brigade was drawn up in front of the Darbar Hall and it saluted His Highness and the Indian Assistant on arrival and departure.

16. The State Band was also in attendance.

17. There was a Garden Party at 5-30 p. m. in the Darbar Hall grounds, Ernakulam, in which a large number of State officials and prominent non-official gentlemen from all parts of the State took part.

18. The party was followed by a grand display of fireworks and illumination of the public buildings and backwaters.

19. The Springfield and Elkhill Palaces at Coonoor were also illuminated.

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APPENDIX.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIWAN OF COCHIN.

PUBLIC AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read Sarvadhikariakar's communication C. No. 2180/1110, dated 24th July 1935.

*Order No. P-3-13656/10, dated 29th July 1935.*

The administrative machinery in the Cochin State is based on a highly centralised system with practically all the powers including the minutest details in the hands of the Diwan. This results in increasing the routine work of the Huzur Secretariat and the Diwan, leaving very little time either for the Diwan or for the Secretary to devote their attention to the study of questions like the Harbour, Educational Reforms or Economic Development. The system also results in increasing the volume of work in the Huzur Secretariat and the offices of the Heads of Departments.

2. The time has now come when a greater delegation of powers to Heads of Departments should be brought about in matters relating to administrative routine. Care has, however, to be taken that any further delegation of powers does not result in the sacrifice of central co-ordination and control.

3. The Huzur Secretariat, as it is constituted at present, is only the Diwan's Office and not a real Secretariat of a modern Government. The time has now come when the Huzur Office also must be reorganised with a view to create a watchful and efficient Secretariat to guard over the general administration and to be in a position to offer expert advice to the Diwan in matters relating to schemes of development.

4. With a view to bring about the results mentioned above the administrative machinery has to be remodelled and reconstituted. Government, after full investigation and careful consideration, are now pleased to order as follows :—

## I. REORGANISATION OF THE SECRETARIAT.

5. The Huzur Secretariat (excluding the Faircopying and Typing Departments and Records) at present consists of the following staff:—

1 Secretary to the Diwan	(450—650).
1 Assistant Secretary to the Diwan	(250—300).
5 Superintendents	5 (100—150).
29 Section clerks	5 (80—100), 9 (60—80), 9 (40—60), 6 (25—40).

6. The Huzur Secretariat (excluding the Faircopying and Typing Departments and Records) will, hereafter, consist of the following staff:—

1 Secretary to the Government of Cochin	(550—800).
1 Joint Secretary to the Government of Cochin	(450—650).
2 Deputy Secretaries	(200—300) each.
6 Superintendents	(100—150) each.
32 Section clerks	5 (80—100), 10 (60—80), 10 (40—60), 7 (25—40).

Besides the Section clerks there are at present 1 Translator on Rs. 60—100 and two clerks on Rs. 25—40 doing despatching and comparing work and also the menial staff. These will continue.

7. The Legislative Council Office will be amalgamated with the Huzur Secretariat and one of the Deputy Secretaries will be Ex-Officio Secretary to the Legislative Council. The existing Short-hand Reporters and menial staff attached to the Legislative Council Office will be added on to the Huzur Secretariat. The three clerks attached to the Legislative Council Office have been absorbed in the Secretariat staff in paragraph 6 above by increasing the number of clerks by three.

8. The offices of the Secretary to the Diwan, the Assistant Secretary to the Diwan, Secretary to the Legislative Council and the Special Officer dealing with Harbour and other questions and his establishment are hereby abolished.

9. The office of the Confidential clerk to the Diwan is abolished and the post of a Private Secretary to the Diwan on Rs. 150—200 is created.

10. The Huzur Secretariat is at present divided into five departments. A sixth department called 'Finance Department' is hereby created. The Diwan will, from time to time, distribute the work amongst the various departments.

11. The Secretary to Government and the Joint Secretary to Government will have separate portfolios and the Diwan will, by an order in writing, distribute portfolios between them. For purposes of supervision, discipline and control in the Huzur Secretariat, the Secretary to Government will be the Head of the Secretariat. So far as the portfolios allotted to the Secretary and the Joint Secretary respectively are concerned, each will have independent powers and direct access to the Diwan. The Diwan may also, by an order in writing, delegate to the Joint Secretary any or all of the powers conferred on the Secretary to Government in paragraph 12 below.

12. The following powers which mostly relate to matters of routine are delegated to the Secretary to Government, subject to the proviso that when an order on any of them involves a question of policy the Secretary shall submit the paper to the Diwan :—

- (1) To make all appointments in the Stamp Office, Press, Stables, &c., up to Rs. 60—80.
- (2) To fine all officers in the offices mentioned in (1), except the Superintendent of Stamps, up to a limit of Re. 1.
- (3) The powers at present exercised by the Secretary to the Diwan in the Huzur Secretariat.
- (4) To sign all special reminders.
- (5) To extend time for furnishing security in the case of appointments other than those marked with an asterisk under S. O. 50, subject to the condition that the salary shall not be disbursed until the security is furnished.
- (6) To pass orders on temporary arrangements proposed by Heads of Departments to continue personal security for more than six months.

(7) To sanction periodical increments to officers other than Heads of Departments. In cases where the Secretary disagrees with the recommendation of the Heads of Departments, the matter should be referred to the Diwan.

(8) To pass orders on the recommendations of Heads of Departments to allow officers to return to duty before the expiry of leave. This will not apply to Heads of Departments.

(9) To sanction continued halts for more than ten days of all officers except Heads of Departments.

(10) To accord sanction to the Comptroller of Accounts to investigate claims against the Government after the expiry of three years.

(11) On the recommendation of Heads of Departments to sanction transfer of allotment from one minor head to another.

(12) To sanction expenditure, within budget limits, of sums above Rs. 25 in respect of items which are not specifically mentioned in the budget. In case of disagreement with the Heads of Departments, the proposal to be submitted to the Diwan.

(13) On the recommendation of Heads of Departments to sanction transfer of allotment from one item to another in the case of P. C. R. works.

(14) To pass all estimates for sanctioned works including works in Municipalities, except those which require His Highness' sanction.

(15) On the recommendation of the Chief Engineer to sanction transfer of allotments from one work to another in the P. W. D.

(16) On the recommendation of the Registrar of Village Panchayats to sanction transfer of allotments from one Panchayat to another, if the Panchayat from whose allotment the transfer is proposed agrees to it.

(17) To sanction deposit in courts of amounts in satisfaction of decrees against Government within budget limits.

(18) To pass refund bills for sums exceeding Rs. 500.

(19) To dispose of papers relating to births and deaths in the Ruling Family when the action to be taken is merely to

communicate the information to the Agent to the Governor-General.

(20) To pass orders on papers relating to viseshal ceremonies such as rice-giving ceremony, etc., in the Palaces including the Cranganur Palace, when they are supported by Theettoorams. To exercise similar powers with regard to viseshal ceremonies in the Devaswams.

(21) To pass estimates for repairs of carriages in the Stables subject to budget provision.

(22) To sign requisitions for opium and ganja.

(23) On the recommendation of the Excise Commissioner to pass orders for restoration of cancelled licenses to abkari shops when the kist is paid.

(24) The Secretary will have power to dispose of the following classes of papers :—

(a) Papers relating to extradition.

(b) Granting of free licenses for the transport and manufacture of fire works.

(c) Requisition for boats from Heads of Departments.

(d) Selection of Short-hand sReporters for reporting work in the Legislative Council and the payment of remuneration to them.

(e) Copies of agreements for works executed in the several departments unless there is any special point in them to be taken to the Diwan's notice.

(25) Complaints, vakkalaths, affidavits, etc., in suits and other legal proceedings in courts outside the State may be signed by the Secretary to Government after the order to file or defend the suit has been passed by the Diwan. All subsequent routine orders relating to that suit may also be passed by the Secretary.

(26) Execution of Kanom, etc., documents (both Deva-swam and Pandaravaka) and signing of Inam Pattas.

(27) Signing of draft declarations under the Land Acquisition Regulation. He may also dispose of routine references relating to acquisition of lands for public purposes except orders for, and withdrawal from, acquisition.



(28) He may sign receipts for payments.

(29) He may issue cheques (including cheques for payment of interest) for sums above Rs. 2,000 and not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

13. All communications intended for the Government must hereafter be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Cochin.

14. The orders of the Government which are at present issued in the form of Diwan's Proceedings will, hereafter, be issued as orders of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin.

## II. DELEGATION OF ADDITIONAL POWERS TO HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

15. Government have also considered the question as to how far and to what extent powers now exercised by the Diwan in certain matters of routine can, without impairing administrative efficiency, be delegated to the respective Heads of Departments and are pleased to order that the following additional powers may be delegated to Heads of Departments:—

### *Standing Orders.*

(1) Heads of Departments are empowered to exempt persons whom they are competent to appoint from the operation of the age limit prescribed by S. O. No. 7 in cases where the individual was originally appointed, though in an acting or temporary vacancy, before he attained 25.

(2) Heads of Departments may grant casual leave exceeding seven days to all the subordinates under them and also sanction the combination of casual leave with holidays even where the total period exceeds 12 days.

(3) Heads of Departments may get the security bonds of their subordinates executed in their names. Securities in the form of Bank Fixed Deposits and Government Bonds may also be in the name of Heads of Departments.

(4) Heads of Departments may allow their subordinates to receive complimentary or valedictory addresses in any form. In their own case, however, the sanction of the Diwan should be taken.

(5) Heads of Departments may send applications from their subordinates for the departmental tests direct to the Board of Examiners which will be constituted by the Diwan.

(6) Heads of Departments may purchase articles of stationery which are included in their sanctioned indents provided they are not available in the stationery office.

(7) Heads of Departments may purchase furniture locally, provided the rates are lower or the articles are not available in Government institutions.

(8) Heads of Departments may dispose of unserviceable articles in their own offices and in the offices under them by public auction. They may also write off unserviceable articles provided they are not capable of fetching any value.

(9) Heads of Departments are empowered to sanction P. C. R. Estimates up to Rs. 350, those above Rs. 350 to be passed by the Chief Engineer.

(10) Heads of Departments may utilise tender savings in P. C. R. Estimates on the same works.

(11) Heads of Departments may, in exceptional cases, make payments in respect of P. C. R. Works which are not completed before the end of May.

(12) The Diwan Peishkar may make all appointments in the Fishery Department except that of the Fishery Revenue Inspector.

(13) The Diwan Peishkar may appoint Pattamalies, peons and masapidies of the V. T. K. Estate.

(14) The Diwan Peishkar may fine the staff of the V. T. K. Estate, except the Manager, up to a limit of Re. 1.

(15) The Comptroller of Accounts may promote auditors above efficiency bar.

(16) The District Magistrate, Excise Commissioner and the Police Commissioner are empowered to sanction rewards up to a maximum of Rs. 5 (instead of Rs. 2 according to the existing rules).

(17) The Director of Public Health is empowered to confirm auction sales of markets, cartstands, etc., up to a limit of Rs. 500, provided the amount realised is not below the previous year's figure where such figure is available.

(18) The Director of Public Health may sanction estimates up to Rs. 500.

(19) The Director of Public Health is empowered to sanction deviations within the estimates sanctioned by him.

(20) The Director of Public Health may utilise tender deductions on the same works in cases where estimates are sanctioned by him.

(21) The Director of Public Health may accept tenders up to Rs. 2,000 subject to the condition that the lowest tender is accepted.

(22) The Registrar of Village Panchayats is hereby given powers similar to those given to the Director of Public Health under item Nos. 18—21 above.

(23) The Registrar of Village Panchayats can transfer savings in budgetted works including tender deductions from one budgetted work to another budgetted work in the same Panchayat. In the case of new works, the Registrar will submit quarterly statements and take necessary sanction of the Diwan.

(24) The Diary of the Anchal Inspector may be disposed of by the Anchal Superintendent.

*Cochin Service Regulations.*

(25) The Police Commissioner may, in proper cases, sanction journeys of his executive staff other than by the shortest route.

(26) The Comptroller of Accounts can sanction pension or gratuity to officers whose maximum pay is Rs. 50.

(27) The Superintendent of Registration is empowered to transfer peons from one Registry Office to another.

(28) The Special Palace Officer may sanction journeys of his staff to conduct the Sandhyavela ceremony at Vaikom.

*Cochin Account Code.*

(29) Heads of Departments may sanction payment of rent in the case of a change of building provided the sanctioned amount is not exceeded:

(30) Heads of Departments may get their books, etc., bound locally limiting the charges to the budget provision.

(31) Heads of Departments are allowed to incur charges up to Rs. 25 for each item of office requisites such as seals, typewriter accessories, etc., provided the budget provision is not exceeded and subject to restrictions about transfers under Article 148, C. A. C.

(32) Heads of Departments may incur law charges, except fees to Vakils above the Regulation Fee, up to Rs. 250 provided they are covered by the budget provision.

(33) Heads of Departments may incur demurrage charges in proper cases.

(34) Heads of Departments may grant extra leave on full pay up to one month to officers for anti-rabic treatment and appoint substitutes for the period.

(35) After a house loan scheme has been sanctioned by the Diwan Heads of Departments may, in consultation with the Government Advocate, get the necessary security bonds, etc., executed without any further reference to the Diwan.

(36) The Director of Public Instruction is authorised to sanction charges for Science materials for schools.

(37) The Chief Medical Officer is empowered to draw on abstract contingent bills the amounts necessary for payment of customs duty, freight, etc., on stock of medicines imported at British Cochin.

(38) The Comptroller of Accounts need not submit to the Diwan his tour programme in advance for approval.

(39) The Devaswam Commissioner is empowered to sanction all estimates up to Rs. 500, to utilise tender savings on the same works when the estimates are sanctioned by him, to sanction deviations within the estimates sanctioned by him and to transfer savings including tender deductions from one budgetted work to another budgetted work.

(40) The Devaswam Commissioner is empowered to sanction the change of days for the conduct of endowment vazhivadus at the request of the endower.

(41) The Devaswam Commissioner is empowered to sanction all deviations from the pathivu provided the total expenditure does not exceed the sanctioned total pathivu account.

(42) The Special Palace Officer is authorised—

(a) to pay increased allowances to Tampurans on account of the change in ranks at rates provided in the Palace Scheme,

(b) to sanction all estimates relating to ceremonies when there is a sanctioned pathivu for such ceremonies, the Diwan's sanction being obtained only in cases where there are deviations,

(c) to pay increased rate of maintenance allowance according to the sanctioned rate to all Tampurans who are paid out of the General Palace Fund consequent on the change of rank, and

(d) to incur expenditure on account of Thirubalis performed by Tampurans in the Residential Palace.

*Director of Public Instruction.*

(43) The Director of Public Instruction may relax conditions regarding the duration and hours of school work for special reasons.

(44) The Director of Public Instruction may grant temporary exemptions to specialists from requisite professional qualifications up to a limit of 2 years, provided qualified hands are not available.

(45) The Director of Public Instruction may modify or alter the dates for the collection of fees and write off irrecoverable arrears of fees up to a limit of Rs. 25 in each case.

(46) The Director of Public Instruction is empowered to appoint Examiners and question paper setters for all public examinations under his control and to cancel such appointments in consultation with the Board and to sanction all expenditure for conducting such examinations subject to the rates prescribed and the provision made by the Government in the budget from time to time. He is also empowered to appoint tabulators in connection with these examinations and to accept applications for the public examinations even after the final date, granting exemption from penalty in deserving cases and accord sanction for the creation of special centres for the public examinations.

(47) The Director of Public Instruction may grant exemptions from the restrictions contemplated in Articles 75 (iii) and (x) regarding the award of scholarships in deserving cases.

(48) The Director of Public Instruction is authorised to grant educational concessions to the children of ex-service men subject to the conditions laid down in the orders governing such concessions.

(49) The Director of Public Instruction is authorised to grant exemption from the rule regarding the minimum number of working days for schools and to sanction the closing of schools for special reasons.

(50) The Director of Public Instruction is empowered to select teachers for training in approved Training Colleges, Girls' Industrial School, Government Training Institutions and the Central Farm and to sanction the stipends in these cases subject to the condition that the budget provision is not exceeded and the number fixed for each institution does not exceed the sanctioned scales except in cases where His Highness' sanction is necessary.

(51) The Director of Public Instruction is authorised to grant exemption from age bar in the case of pupils appearing for the S. S. L. C. Examination.

(52) The Director of Public Instruction is authorised to grant exemption from the study of vernacular to deserving pupils up to and inclusive of the School Final Class.

(53) The Director of Public Instruction is authorised to grant exemption from minimum attendance in the case of pupils appearing for the S. S. L. C. Examination.

(54) Subject to budget provision the Director of Public Instruction is empowered to sanction excursion charges in connection with educational tours of students and teachers.

(55) The Director of Public Instruction may sanction work fees and stipends in industrial schools subject to budget provision.

(56) The Director of Public Instruction may allow exemption from re-admission fees in industrial schools in accordance with the rules relating to the Education Department and may also follow the Education Department rules in the matter of vacation for industrial schools, and minimum number of working days for these schools.

(57) The Director of Public Instruction may allow exemption from minimum literary qualification to appear for Industrial Public Examination.

*Chief Engineer.*

(58) The Chief Engineer is empowered to sanction all P. C. R. estimates relating to his department and the P. C. R. estimates above Rs. 350 relating to other departments. If the rates exceed the schedule rates, these rates may also be sanctioned by the Chief Engineer in the case of estimates approved by him as well as those approved by Heads of Departments.

(59) The Chief Engineer is empowered to sanction estimates up to Rs. 2,000. In the case of estimates sanctioned by him deviations and revised estimates within the estimated amounts may be sanctioned by him.

(60) The Chief Engineer is authorised to accept tenders up to Rs. 10,000. In cases where the lowest tender is not proposed to be accepted, the previous sanction of the Diwan should be taken.

(61) The Chief Engineer is empowered to utilise tender savings on the same work where the estimates relating to the work are sanctioned by him.

*Conservator of Forests.*

(62) The Conservator of Forests is empowered to sanction estimates including P. C. R. estimates up to Rs. 350 and to sanction and pass completion reports up to the same limit.

(63) The Conservator of Forests may make advances for departmental works in cases where they are absolutely necessary of an amount not exceeding Rs. 500 to a Ranger, not exceeding Rs. 300 to a Depot Forester and not exceeding Rs. 100 to a Forester.

(64) The Conservator of Forests is allowed to close unfulfilled contracts where the margin of difference is only 5 per cent.

*Commissioner of Police.*

(65) The Commissioner of Police is authorised to incur expenditure up to a limit of Rs. 500 in a year for each of the motor fire engines and the Police Motor Boat provided there is budget provision and provided also the repair is effected by the Mechanical Department or by a recognised firm of the status of Messrs. Brunton & Sons and the bill is supported by the firm's vouchers.

*Registrar of Co-operative Societies.*

(66) The Registrar of Co-operative Societies may submit monthly reports regarding registration and cancellation of societies instead of individual reports as at present.

*Superintendent of Anchal.*

(67) The Anchal Superintendent is authorised to grant applications for return of articles posted in Anchal.

(68) The Anchal Superintendent, being the D. L. O. Officer, is empowered to auction valuable property, if any, found inside undelivered articles.

*Superintendent of Registration.*

(69) The Superintendent of Registration is empowered to sanction the periodical destruction of documents.

(70) The Superintendent of Registration is empowered to authorise a clerk of the Registry Office other than the Head



clerk to be in charge of the office in the absence of the District Registrar and the Head clerk provided the period does not exceed a week.

(71) The tour programme of the Registration Superintendent need not be submitted to the Diwan for approval.

16. The above reorganisation of the Secretariat and the delegation of additional powers hereby conferred on Heads of Departments will come into effect at once. Heads of Departments are requested to submit proposals for amendments in their respective codes, manuals, etc., to give effect to the delegation of powers referred to above.

SHANMUKHAM CHETTY,

Diwan of Cochin.

To

- The Heads of Departments.
  - „ Judges of the Chief Court (with covering letter).
  - „ Press Bureau.
  - „ Gazette.
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## Chapter I.—General.

(1) List of High Officials in the Cochin State and Agency Officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1110 M. E.

Serial No.	Name of officer	Appointment	Period		Remarks
			From	To	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	<b>Madras States Agency.</b>				
1	Lieut. Col. D. M. Field, C. I. E.	Agent to the Governor-General, Madras States	17-8-34	21-2-35	
2	Lieut. Col. W. A. M. Garstin, C. B. E.	do	22-2-35	16-8-35	
2	Rao Bahadur M. Viswanatha Menon, B. A.	Indian Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Madras States	17-8-34	16-8-35	
4	V. Govinda Menon, B. A.	Manager and Treasury Officer	22-1-35	16-8-35	
	<b>Palace.</b>				
1	T. S. Sessa Ayyar, B.A.	Sarvadhikariakar	14-1-10 13-3-10 1-11-10	27-1-10 30-7-10 31-12-10	On leave from 28-1-10 to 12-3-10 Do from 1-8-10 to 30-10-1110.
	T. P. Narayana Ayyar, F. A., P. W. D., Account and Registration Tests	Sarvadhikariakar (officiating)	1-1-10 28-1-10 1-8-10	13-1-10 12-3-10 30-10-10	
2	P. S. Venkiteswara Ayyar, B. A.	Special Palace Officer	1-1-10	31-12-10	
	<b>General Administration.</b>				
3	C. G. Herbert Esq., I. C. S.	Diwan	1-1-10	24-8-10	
	Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, K. C. I. E.	Diwan	25-8-10	31-12-10	
4	Rama Varmha Tampuran, M. A. (Hons.) B. Sc (London), Bar-at-Law	Secretary to the Diwan	1-1-10	5-12-10	
	P. V. Subramania Ayyar, B. A.	do	6-12-10	12-12-10	
	Do	Joint Secretary to Government	13-12-10	31-12-10	
	T. S. Narayana Ayyar, M. A. & B. L.	Secretary to Government	do	do	
	<b>Legislative Council.</b>				
5	Dr. A. G. Menon	Deputy President	1-1-10	8-2-10	
	K. T. Mathew B. A. & B. L.	do	11-4-10	2-8-10	
	A. Sankara Menon, B. A. & B. L.	do	14-12-10	31-12-10	
	V. D. Ouseph, B. A. & B. L.	President, Election Enquiry Commission	25-12-10	do	

(i) List of High Officials in the Cochin State and Agency Officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Name of officer	Appointment	Period		Remarks
			From	To	
1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>Accounts and Finance Department.</b>					
6	P. V. Subramania Ayyar, B. A., Trained in the Accountant General's Office, Madras.	Comptroller of Accounts	1-1-10	6-12-10	Confirmed with effect from 2-12-10
	Rama Varmha Tampuran, M. A. (Hons.) B. Sc. (London), Bar-at-Law.	do	7-12-10	31-12-10	
<b>Revenue Department.</b>					
7	K. Achyuta Menon, B. A. & B. L.	Diwan Peishkar (on probation)	1-1-10	31-12-10	
<b>Forests.</b>					
8	T. Narayana Menon	Conservator of Forests	do 7-10-10	6-8-10 31-12-10	On leave from 7-8-10 to 6-10-10
	J. H. Williams	do officiating	7-8-10	6-10-10	
<b>Tramway.</b>					
9	E. C. King Esq.	Tramway Engineer	1-1-10	31-12-10	
<b>Excise.</b>					
10	M. P. Cherian, B. A. & B. L.	Excise Commissioner	do	do	
<b>Judicial Department.</b>					
11	T. S. Narayana Ayyar, B. A. & B. L.	Chief Judge	do	do	
12	N. R. Sahasranama Ayyar, B. A. & B. L.	Puisne Judge	do	do	
13	V. D. Ouseph, B. A. & B. L.	do	do	19-12-10	On other duty as President, Election Enquiry Commission from 20-12-10
	P. V. Lonappan, B. A. & B. L.	Temporary do	20-12-10	31-12-10	
14	K. M. Subramania Ayyar, B. A. & B. L.	District and Sessions Judge, 1st grade	1-1-10	do	
15	Thomas Manjuran, B. A. & B. L.	do 2nd grade	do	do	On other duty
	K. P. Kannan Nayar, B. A. & B. L.	do officiating	do	do	

(i) List of High Officials in the Cochin State and Agency Officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1934 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Name of officer	Appointment	Period		Remarks
			From	To	
1	2	3	4	5	6
16	P. J. George, B. A. & B. L. G. Harihara Ayyar, B. A. & B. L.	District Magistrate do officiating	1-1-10 10-6-10	9-6-10 31-12-10	On other duty from 10-6-10
17	U. Suppukatty Menon, B. A. & B. L.	Additional District and Sessions Judge	1-1-10	do	
18	A. Madhava Prabhu, B. A. & B. L.	Temporary do	25-5-10	do	
19	K. Achyuta Menon, B. A. & B. L.  Thomas Manjuran, B. A. & B. L.	Government Advocate and Law Officer  Government Advocate and Law Officer, officiating	1-1-10  1-1-10	do  31-12-10	On other duty
<b>Police Department.</b>					
20	P. Nilakanta Menon, B. A. & Bar-at-Law	Commissioner of Police	do	do	
<b>Registration Department.</b>					
21	G. Harihara Ayyar, B. A. & B. L. M. Raman Menon, B. A. & B. L.	Superintendent of Registration do officiating	do 10-6-10	9-6-10 31-12-10	On other duty from 10-6-10
<b>Miscellaneous.</b>					
22	K. Narayana Pisharodi, B. A. & B. L.	Devaswam Commissioner	1-1-10	do	
23	V. K. Aravindaksha Menon, Asso. A. I. E. E., A. S. M. E.	Chief Engineer	1-1-10	31-12-10	
24	I. N. Menon, M. A., B. Litt. (Oxon)	Director of Public Instruction	do	do	
25	K. Narasimha Pal, B. A. & L. T. H. R. Mills	Principal, Maharaja's College do	do 10-9-10	9-9-10 31-12-10	Retired from 10-9-10
26	Dr. D. Raghavendra Rao, L. R. C. P., M. R. C. S.	Chief Medical Officer	1-1-10	do	
27	Dr. E. S. R. Menon	Director of Public Health	do 5-3-10 13-8-10	15-1-10 14-6-10 31-12-10	On other duty as Tour Officer from 16-1-10 to 4-3-10 and from 15-6-10 to 12-8-10
	Dr. D. Raghavendra Rao, L. R. C. P., M. R. C. S.	In complete charge	16-1-10 15-6-10	4-3-10 12-8-10	

## (i) List of High Officials in the Cochin State and Agency Officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Name of officer	Appointment	Period		Remarks
			From	To	
1	2	3	4	5	6
28	K. Krishna Warriar, B. A., B. Ag. (Pusa Trained)	Superintendent of Agriculture	1-1-10	31-12-10	
29	Ri A. Gayatrinatha Ayyar, B. A.	Registrar of Co- operative Societies	do	8-10-10	On leave under Article 139 B, C. S. R. from 9-10-10
	K. Narayana Menon, M. A.	do officiat- ing	9-10-10	31-12-10	
30	N. Madhava Menon, B. A. & F. L.	Superintendent of Anchal	1-1-10	do	Confirmed with effect from 30-4-10
31	P. V. Raphael, M. A. (Hons.)	Registrar of Village Panchayats	1-1-10	10-12-10	From 11-12-10 the post is held by the D. P. H. jointly
32	V. R. M. Chohan, B. A., L. L. B.	Protector of De- pressed Classes	do	31-12-10	
33	T. S. Narayana Ayyar, M. A. & B. L.	Special Officer	do	13-12-10	The post abo- lished from 14-12-10

Chapter III—Legislation.  
(ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
1	Regulation III of 1010—for giving greater efficiency to the system of Police established in Cochin	Yes	Repealed with the exception of section 22, clause (3) by Regulation II of 1097
2	Do I of 1058—for the better regulation of the Police in Cochin	"	Partly repealed by Regulation III of 1075 and amended by Regulations XII of 1097 and VI of 1098
3	Do 1 of 1059—The Cochin Penal Code	"	Amended by Regulations VIII of 1084, III of 1090, VIII of 1093, IX of 1098 and II of 1101
4	Do I of 1062—providing for the restriction and control of the erection of religious buildings, etc.	No	
5	Do I of 1067—amending the law relating to the management of the Anchal service	Yes	Amended by Regulation I of 1080
6	Do II of 1070—for acquiring land for public purpose	"	Amended by Regulation IV of 1074
7	Do III of 1071—Cattle Trespass Regulation	"	Amended by Regulation I of 1101
8	Proclamation dated 8th February 1897—for taking effective precautionary measures against the spread of Bubonic plague	"	
9	Regulation I of 1072—Epidemic Diseases Regulation	"	
10	Do II of 1074—Survey Regulation	"	
11	Do IV of 1074—amending Regulation II of 1070	"	
12	Do V of 1074—The Destruction of Records Regulation	"	
13	Do I of 1075—The Notaries Public Regulation	"	
14	Do III of 1075—The Special Police Regulation	"	
15	Do II of 1076—The Chief Court Regulation	No	Amended by Regulations IV of 1079, II of 1083, II of 1094, VI of 1095, I of 1098, I of 1102 and II of 1104

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
16	Regulation III of 1076—The Cochin Civil Courts Regulation	No	Amended by Regulations IV of 1084, III of 1094, IV of 1094, III of 1095 and XI of 1097
17	Do IV of 1076—A Regulation for the protection of Judicial Officers	Yes	
18	Do V of 1076—The Coffee Stealing Prevention Regulation	"	
19	Do VI of 1076—The Prisons Regulation	"	
20	Do VI of 1076—making better provision for the efficient working of the British Postal Department in the State	"	Amended by Regulations II of 1095 and I of 1097
21	Do VIII of 1076—The Opium Regulation	"	
22	Do I of 1077—The Abkari Regulation	"	Amended by Regulations V of 1091 and III of 1106
23	Do I of 1079—Civil Procedure Code	"	Amended by Regulations III of 1083, V of 1088, IV of 1089, VIII of 1089, XX of 1095 and VII of 1108
24	Do II of 1079—The Limitation Regulation	"	Amended by Regulations IX of 1095, X of 1096, V of 1097 and II of 1100
25	Do III of 1079—The General Clauses Regulation	"	
26	Do IV of 1079—amending the Cochin Chief Court Regulation, II of 1076	No	
27	The Indian Evidence Act, I of 1872	Yes	Brought into force from 1st Meenam 1080 by His Highness' Proclamation dated 2nd February 1905
28	Regulation I of 1080—amending Regulation I of 1062	No	
29	Do II of 1080—The Court Fees Regulation	Yes	
30	Do III of 1080—The Forest Regulation	"	Amended by Regulations VII of 1093 and IV of 1095
31	Do I of 1081—The Hindu Religious Institutions Regulation	No	Amended by Regulations II of 1091, XV of 1095 and V of 1098

## (ii) List of Laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
32	Regulation II of 1081—The Registration of Births and Deaths Regulation	Yes	Amended by Regulation IV of 1086
33	Do III of 1081—The Treasure Trove Regulation	..	
34	Do I of 1082—The Extradition Regulation	..	Amended by Regulation II of 1108
35	Do II of 1082—The Ports Regulation	..	
36	Do III of 1082—The Ferries and Tolls Regulation	..	Amended by Regulation I of 1088
37	Do IV of 1082—The Public Gambling Regulation	..	
38	Do V of 1082—The Forest Seem Tramway Regulation	..	
39	Do I of 1083—A Regulation for the disposal of Appeal suit No. 1 of 1080 on the file of His Highness the Raja's Court of appeal	..	
40	Do II of 1083—amending the Cochin Chief Court Regulation, II of 1076	No	
41	Do III of 1083—Amending the Cochin Civil Procedure Code	Yes	
42	Do IV of 1083—The Revenue Recovery Regulation	..	Amended by Regulations I of 1091, I of 1095 and IV of 1096
43	Do V of 1083—The Salt Regulation	..	Amended by Regulation II of 1106
44	Do VI of 1083—The Stamp Regulation	..	Partly repealed by Regulation VI of 1095
45	Do VII of 1083—The Factories Regulation	..	
46	The Indian Contract Act, IX of 1872 (with certain amendments)	..	Brought in force from 1st Chingam 1084 by His Highness' Proclamation dated 14th August 1908
47	Regulation I of 1084—A Regulation to facilitate enquiries into matters connected with the administration of revenue and into the conduct of public servants	..	
48	Do II of 1084—The Arms Regulation	..	



## (ii) List of Laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
49	Regulation III of 1084—The Petroleum Regulation	Yes	
50	Do IV of 1084—The Civil Courts Amendment Regulation	..	Amended by Regulation IV of 1094
51	Do V of 1084—The Registration Regulation	..	Amended by Regulations III and VIII of 1095 and I and IX of 1108
52	Do VI of 1084—The Lepers Regulation	..	
53	Do VII of 1084—The Tobacco Regulation	..	Amended by Regulation I of 1096
54	Do VIII of 1084—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code	..	
55	Do I of 1086—The Cochin Census Regulation	..	
56	Do II of 1086—The Cochin Criminal Procedure Code	..	Amended by Regulations, III of 1089, II of 1092, II of 1101, V of 1102, I of 1104 and XI of 1108
57	Do IV of 1086—A Regulation to amend Regulation II of 1081	..	
58	Proclamation dated 9th July 1912—to keep pending all suits for redemption of kanam and other cognate tenures and for eviction	No	
59	Regulation I of 1088—amending the Ferries and Tolls Regulation III of 1082	..	
60	Do II of 1088—A Regulation for the Registration of Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies	Yes	
61	Do IV of 1088—The Co-operative Societies Regulation	..	Amended by Regulation VIII of 1096
62	Do V of 1088—A Regulation to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, Regulation I of 1079	..	
63	Do VII of 1088—The Copy right Regulation	..	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.-(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
64	Proclamation dated 21st Edavam 1088—Regarding the Tenancy Bill	No	
65	Regulation III of 1089—A Regulation to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Regulation II of 1085		
66	Do IV of 1089—A Regulation to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, Regulation I of 1079	"	
67	Do V of 1089—The Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation	"	Amended by Regulations I and XI of 1093, III of 1097 and XIII of 1108
68	Do VII of 1089—The Cochin Rubber Thefts Prevention Regulation	"	
69	Do VIII of 1089—A Regulation to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, Regulation I of 1079	"	
70	Do I of 1090—The Cochin Naval and Military News Regulation	Yes	
71	Do II of 1090—The Cochin Tenancy Regulation	No	Amended by Regulation IV of 1091
72	Do III of 1090—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code, Regulation I of 1059	"	
73	Do IV of 1090—The Cochin Majority Regulation	"	Amended by Regulation XIII of 1097
74	Proclamation dated 10th Chingam 1091—prohibiting financial and other dealings by the subjects of the State with the States at war with H. M. the King Emperor of India	Yes	
75	Regulation I of 1091—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Revenue Recovery Regulation, IV of 1083	No	

(ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.-(*cont.*)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
76	Proclamation dated 7th Thulam 1091 providing for the special protection in respect of Civil and Revenue litigation in the State of India soldiers serving under the war conditions	Yes	
77	Regulation II of 1091—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Hindu Religious Institutions Regulation, I of 1081	No	
78	Proclamation dated 31st Medam 1091—to repatriate hostile foreigners from the State and to prohibit them from transferring property within the State	Yes	
79	Regulation III of 1091—The Cochin Steam Boilers and Prime Movers Regulation	Yes	Amended by Regulation XVI of 1095
80	Do IV of 1091—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Tenancy Regulation II of 1090	No	
81	Do V of 1091—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Abkari Regulation, I of 1077	Yes	
82	Proclamation dated 21st Chingam 1092—amending Proclamation dated 29th Makaram 1085—to make better provision for the management and administration of Sirkar Devaswams	No	
83	Regulation I of 1092—The Cochin Public Canals and Backwaters Navigation Regulation	"	Amended by Regulation X of 1095
84	Do II of 1092—The Cochin Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Regulation	Yes	
85	Do III of 1092—The Cochin Fisheries Regulation	"	
86	Do I of 1093—The Cochin Village Panchayat Amendment Regulation	No	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
87	Regulation II of 1093—The Cattle Disease Prevention Regulation	Yes	
88	Do III of 1093—The Cochin Passport Regulation	..	
89	Do IV of 1093—The Cochin Agricultural Improvements Loan Regulation	..	
90	Do V of 1093—The Enemy Trading Regulation	..	
91	Do VI of 1093—The Glanders and Farcy Regulation	..	
92	Do VII of 1093—The Cochin Forest Amendment Regulation	No	
93	Do VIII of 1093—The Cochin Penal Code Amendment Regulation	Yes	
94	Do X of 1093—The Cochin Extradition Regulation	No	
95	Do XI of 1093—The Cochin Village Panchayat Amendment Regulation	..	
96	Proclamation dated 15th Vrischigam 1093—promulgating a scheme for the better management of the Koodalmanikkam Devaswam	..	Amended by Proclamation, dated 30th Kanni 1106
97	Do dated 13th Edavam 1093—prohibiting alienation of Karaima services in the State Devaswams	..	
98	Regulation I of 1094—The Cochin Motor Vehicles Regulation	Yes	
99	Do II of 1094—A Regulation to amend the Chief Court Regulation, II of 1076 as amended by Regulation, IV of 1079	No	
100	Do III of 1094—A Regulation to amend the Civil Courts Regulation, III of 1076	..	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
101	Regulation IV of 1094—A Regulation to amend the Civil Courts Amendment Regulation, IV of 1084	No	
102	Proclamation dated 14th Chingam 1094—to provide for the prevention of dissuasion from enlistment in the Military or Police service of His Majesty the King Emperor	Yes	
103	Do dated 23rd Thulam 1094 to prohibit the export of home grown paddy and rice	"	
104	Do dated 24th Dhanu 1094 empowering the special Magistrate to levy fines imposed under the Indian Defence Force Rules	"	
105	Do dated 13th Edavam 1094 withdrawing the provisions of the Proclamation relating to skin tanning	"	
106	Regulation I of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Revenue Recovery Regulation, IV of 1083	"	
107	Do II of 1095—A Regulation to amend the British Post Office Regulation, VII of 1076	"	
108	Do III of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Registration Regulation, V of 1084	"	
109	Do IV of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Forest Regulation III of 1080 as amended by Regulation, VII of 1093	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
110	Regulation V of 1095—A Regulation to provide for legalising civil marriages between persons professing Christianity in Cochin State. (The Cochin Christian Civil Marriage Regulation)	Yes	
111	Do VI of 1095—A Regulation to consolidate and amend the law relating to vakils. (The Cochin Vakils Regulation)	"	
112	Do VII of 1095—A Regulation to facilitate the collection of debts on succession and afford protection to parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons. (The Cochin Succession Certificate Regulation)	"	Amended by Regulations VI of 1096 and IX of 1096
113	Do VIII of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Registration Regulation, V of 1084	No	
114	Do X of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Public Canals and Backwaters Navigation Regulation, I of 1092	"	
115	Do XI of 1095—A Regulation to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of Census of the Cochin State during the year 1096	Yes	
116	Do XII of 1095—A Regulation to make provisions for the protection of Inventions and Designs. (The Cochin Patents and Designs Regulation)	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
117	Regulation XIII of 1095—A Regulation to define, regulate and amend the law relating to marriage, inheritance, succession, family management, partition and adoption of the Nayars. (The Cochin Nayar Regulation)	No	Amended by Regulations VIII of 1097 and VIII of 1102
118	Do XIV of 1095—A Regulation to provide for the prevention, arrest and eradication of plant pests and plant diseases in Cochin. (The Cochin Plant Pests and Plant Diseases Regulation)	Yes	
119	Do XV of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Hindu Religious Institutions Regulation, I of 1081	No	
120	Do XVI of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Steam Boilers and Prime Movers Regulation, III of 1091	Yes	
121	Do XVII of 1095—A Regulation to make provision for the care of the persons and property of minors (The Cochin Guardians and Wards Regulation)	Yes	Amended by Regulation XIII of 1097
122	Do XVIII of 1095—A Regulation to make provision for the prevention of cruelty to animals	"	
123	Do XX of 1095—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Civil Procedure Code	"	
124	Proclamation dated 1st Thulam 1095 to provide for the trial of offences under the Registration Ordinance 1917	"	
125	Do 5th Dhanu 1095—to provide for regulating the temporary landing of foreigners at the Port of Malipuram	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
126	Proclamation dated 5th Dhanu 1095 —to legalise the apprehension of deserters from His Majesty's Indian Army	Yes	
127	Do 31st Karkadagam 1095 —assuming management of Ramapatnam Zemindar's properties situated in the Cochin State	No	
128	Do 1st Kanni 1096—withdrawing the provisions of the Proclamation dated 13th Meenam 1093 regarding the export of silver bullion and coin from Cochin	Yes	
129	Do 15th Vrischigam 1096— withdrawing the provisions of the Proclamation dated 15th Thulam 1094 regarding the melting, etc., of gold or silver coin in Cochin	"	
130	Regulation I of 1095—to amend the Cochin Tobacco Regulation, VII of 1084	"	
131	Do II of 1096—The Juvenile Smoking Prevention Regulation	"	
132	Do III of 1096—to amend the Civil Courts Regulation, III of 1076	"	
133	Do IV of 1096—The Land Conservancy Regulation	"	
134	Do V of 1096—The Telephone Regulation	"	Amended by Regulation I of 1106
135	Do VI of 1096—to amend the Cochin Succession Certificate Regulation, VII of 1095	"	
136	Do VII of 1096—The Cochin Lunacy Regulation .	"	
137	Do VIII of 1096—to amend the Cochin Co-operative Societies Regulation, IV of 1088	No	



## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
138	Regulation IX of 1096—to amend the Cochin Succession Certificate Regulation, VII of 1095	No	
139	Do X of 1096—The Probate and Administration Regulation	„	Amended by Regulation II of 1098
140	Do XI of 1096—The Cochin Municipal Regulation	Yes.	Amended by Regulations III of 1098, III of 1099, II of 1100, II of 1102, V of 1102, VII of 1102, III of 1104 and III of 1105
141	Do I of 1097—to amend the British Post Office Regulation, VII of 1076	„	
142	Do II of 1097—to repeal certain obsolete enactments	„	
143	Do III of 1097—to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089	„	Amended by Regulation XIII of 1108
144	Do IV of 1097—the Specific Relief Regulation	„	
145	Do V of 1097—to amend the Cochin Limitation Regulation, II of 1079	„	
146	Do VI of 1097—The Cochin Christian Succession Regulation	„	
147	Do VII of 1097—The Cochin Press and Registration of Books Regulation	„	
148	Do VIII of 1097—The Paliyam Tarawad Regulation	No	
149	Do IX of 1097—The Cochin Negotiable Instruments Regulation	Yes	
150	Do X of 1097—The Cochin Places of Public Resorts Regulation	„	
151	Do XI of 1097—To amend the Cochin Civil Courts Regulation, III of 1076	No	
152	Do XII of 1097—To amend the Cochin Police Regulation, I of 1058	„	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont).

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
153	Regulation XIII of 1097—The Cochin Court of Wards Regulation	Yes	Amended by Regulations I of 1099 and I of 1103
154	Proclamation dated 13th Thulam 1097—for legalising the arrest of fugitive offenders from Martial Law area in Malabar	No	
155	Do dated 19th Thulam 1097—bringing into force the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913	Yes	
156	Regulation I of 1098—to amend the Cochin Chief Court Regulation, II of 1076	,	
157	Do II of 1098—A Regulation to amend and declare the law relating to Hackney Carriages (Cochin Hackney Carriage Regulation)	,,	
158	Do III of 1098—to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	,,	
159	Do IV of 1098—A Regulation to provide for the prevention and control of Nuisances (Cochin Nuisances Regulation)	,,	
160	Do V of 1098—to amend the Cochin Hindu Religious Institutions Regulation, I of 1081	No	
161	Do VI of 1098—to amend the Cochin Police Regulation, I of 1058	,,	
162	Do VII of 1098—A Regulation to consolidate and amend the law relating to Insolvency in Cochin (Cochin Insolvency Regulation)	Yes	
163	Do VIII of 1098—The Cochin Legislative Council Regulation	,,	Amended by Regulations III of 1101, V of 1106 and IV of 1108

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
164	Regulation IX of 1098—A Regulation to provide for the punishment of malpractices in connection with elections and to make further provision for the conduct of inquiries in regard to disputed elections to the Legislative Council constituted under the law for the time being in force (The Cochin Elections Offences and Inquiries Regulation)	Yes	
165	Do I of 1099—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Court of Wards Regulation, XIII of 1097	„	Amended by Regulation I of 1103
166	Do II of 1099—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code	„	
167	Do III of 1099—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	„	
168	Proclamation dated 11th Kann 1100 making provision for saving certain suits and applications from the operation of the Law of Limitation	„	
169	Regulation I of 1100—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Forest Regulation, III of 1080	„	
170	Do II of 1100—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	„	
171	Do III of 1100—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Limitation Regulation, II of 1079	„	
172	Do I of 1101—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Cattle Trespass Regulation, III of 1071	„	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
173	Regulation II of 1101—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code Regulation, I of 1099 and the Code of Criminal Procedure Regulation, II of 1086	Yes	
174	Do III of 1101—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation, VIII of 1098	"	
175	Do I of 1102—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Chief Court Regulation, II of 1076	"	
176	Do II of 1102—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	Amended by Regulation III of 1104
177	Do III of 1102—The Cochin Electricity Regulation	"	
178	Do IV of 1102—The Cochin Cinematograph Regulation	"	
179	Do V of 1102—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	
180	Do VI of 1102—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure, II of 1086	"	Amended by Regulation I of 1104
181	Do VII of 1102—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	Amended by Regulations III of 1104 and III of 1105
182	Do VIII of 1102—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Nayar Regulation, XIII of 1095	"	
183	Do I of 1103—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Court of Wards Regulation, XIII of 1097	"	
184	Do II of 1103—The Cochin Joint Land Registration Regulation	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
185	Regulation III of 1103—The Cochin Banker's Books Evidence Regulation	Yes	
186	Do V of 1103—The Cotton Industry (Statistics) Regulation	"	
187	Proclamation dated 29th December 1928 to amend the Cochin Forest Regulation	"	
188	Do dated 25th January 1929 for assuming the management of H. II. the Valiamma Tampuran Kovilakam Estate	"	
189	Regulation I of 1104—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure, II of 1086	"	
190	Do II of 1104—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Chief Court Regulation, II of 1076	"	
191	Do III of 1104—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	Amended by Regulation III of 1105
192	Do I of 1105—The Cochin Legislative Council Members' Exemption Regulation	"	
193	Do II of 1105—The Cochin Census Regulation	"	
194	Do III of 1105—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	
195	Proclamation dated 30th Kanni 1106 amending the Koodalmanikkam Devaswam Proclamation dated 13th Vrischigam 1093	"	
196	Do dated 29th Thulam 1106 for protecting the interest of the Panayamdars holding Panayams which have the main incidents of kanam	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
197	Proclamation dated 7th Meenam 1106 for taking action for the levy of Port Dues on ships discharging at moorings in Backwaters in Cochin	Yes	
198	Regulation I of 1106—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Telephone Regulation, V of 1096	"	
199	Do II of 1106—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Salt Regulation, V of 1083	"	
200	Do III of 1106—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Abkari Regulation, I of 1077	"	
201	Do IV of 1106—The Cochin Cutchi Memons Regulation—A Regulation to make the Muhammadan Law applicable to the Cutchi Memons in matters of succession and inheritance	"	
202	Do V of 1106—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation, VIII of 1098	"	
203	Proclamation dated 14th Kanni 1107 to clear certain doubts in the Proclamation dated 29th Thulam 1106 for protecting the interests of Panayamdars holding Panayams which have the main incidents of kanam	"	
204	Regulation I of 1107—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Steam Boilers and Prime Movers Regulation, III of 1091	"	
205	Proclamation dated 31st Medam 1107 for clearing certain doubts in the Proclamation dated 7th Meenam 1106, and exempting salt laden vessels intended for the Government from payment of Port dues	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E. - (cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
206	Regulation II of 1107—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Steam Boilers and Prime Movers Regulation, III of 1091	Yes	
207	Do III of 1107—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI 1096	"	
208	Proclamation dated 15th Edavam 1107 for protecting the interest of Kanamdars and Panayamdars holding Panayams which have the main incidents of kanams irrespective of the age of such kanams or Panayams	"	
209	Regulation IV of 1107—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI 1096	"	
210	Do V of 1107—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Steam Boilers and Prime Movers Regulation, III of 1091	"	
211	Do VI of 1107—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Cattle Trespass Regulation, III of 1071	"	
212	Do VII of 1107—The Cochin Kuries Regulation—A Regulation to define and amend the law relating to Kuries	"	
213	Do VIII of 1107—The Cochin Thiyya Regulation—A Regulation to define, regulate and amend the law of marriage succession and partition of the Thiyyas	"	
214	Do I of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Registration Regulation, V of 1084	"	Amended by Regulation IX of 1108
215	Do II of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Extradition Regulation, I of 1082	"	

## (ii) List of Laws in Force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
216	Regulation III of 1108—The Cochin Nationality Regulation	Yes	Amended by Regulation IX of 1108
217	Do IV of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation, VIII of 1098	"	
218	Do V of 1108—The Cochin Arbitration Regulation	"	
219	Do VI of 1108—The Cochin Fugitive Offender's Act, 1881—Application Regulation	"	
220	Do VII of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Civil Procedure Code Regulation, I of 1079	"	
221	Do VIII of 1108—The Cochin Income-tax Regulation	"	
222	Do IX of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Registration Regulation, V of 1084	"	
223	Do X of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Nationality Regulation, III of 1108	"	
224	Do XI of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure Regulation, II of 1086	"	
225	Do XII of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Indian Companies Act as made applicable to Cochin by His Highness the Maharaja's Proclamation	"	
226	Do XIII of 1108—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089	"	
227	Do XIV of 1108—The Cochin Muslim Women's Marriage Dissolution Regulation	"	



## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 N. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
228	Regulation XV of 1108—The Cochin Muslim Succession Regulation	Yes	
229	Proclamation dated 11th Chingam 1108—to give temporary relief to subscribers in kuries in the State	„	
230	Do dated 16th Karkadagam 1108 to promulgate a Regulation to govern the law relating to Government Securities Regulation, XVI of 1108	„	
231	Do dated 24th Karkadagam 1108 to constitute a panel of Chairmen to preside over the Cochin Legislative Council	„	
232	Regulation I of 1109—The Cochin amending Regulation	No	
233	Do II of 1109—The Cochin Telegraph Protection Regulation	Yes	
234	Do III of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Income-tax Regulation, VIII of 1108	„	
235	Do IV of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Kuries Regulation, VII of 1107	„	
236	Do V of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	„	
237	Do VI of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089	No	
238	Do VII of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	Yes	
239	Do VIII of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code Regulation, I of 1059	„	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
240	Regulation IX of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation XI of 1096	Yes	
241	Do X of 1109—The Validating and Indemnity Regulation	No	
242	Do XI of 1109—The Cochin Tea Cultivation Restriction Regulation	Yes	
243	Do XII of 1109—The Cochin See Customs Regulation	"	
244	Do XIII of 1109—A Regulation to provide for the imposition and collection of an Excise duty on Matches	"	
245	Do XIV of 1109—The Cochin Prevention of Food Adulteration Regulation	"	
246	Do XV of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure, Regulation II of 1086	"	
247	Do XVI of 1109—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Court Fees Regulation, II of 1080	No	
248	Proclamation dated 10th Chingam 1109 to give temporary relief to subscribers in Kuries in the State	"	
249	Do dated 17th Kumbham 1109 for giving priority and first charge to Government for loans advanced by them to Agriculturists	"	
250	Regulation I of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	Yes	
251	Do II of 1110—The Cochin Provident Insurance Societies Regulation	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
252	Regulation III of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089	No	
253	Do IV of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Income-tax Regulation, VIII of 1108	"	
254	Do V of 1110—The Cochin Tea Cultivation Restriction Regulation	Yes	
255	Do VI of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Sea Customs Regulation, XII of 1109	"	
256	Do VII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Ports Regulation, II of 1082	"	
257	Do VIII of 1110—The Cochin Matches (Excise Duty) Regulation	"	
258	Do IX of 1110—The Ancient Monuments Preservation Regulation	"	
259	Do X of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation, VIII of 1098	No	
260	Do XI of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation, V of 1089	"	
261	Do XII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code, Regulation I of 1099	"	
262	Do XIII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Places of Public Resort Regulation, X of 1097	"	
263	Do XIV of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Press and Registration of Books Regulation, VII of 1097	Yes	
264	Do XV of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure Regulation, II of 1086	"	

## (ii) List of laws in force in the Cochin State on the last day of Karkadagam 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Act	Remarks
265	Regulation XVI of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Penal Code, Regulation I of 1059	Yes	
266	Do XVII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Civil Courts Regulation, III of 1076	No	
267	Do XVIII of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Code of Criminal Procedure, Regulation II of 1086	"	
268	Do XIX of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	
269	Do XX of 1110—A Regulation to amend the Cochin Municipal Regulation, XI of 1096	"	
270	Do XXI of 1110—The Cochin Civil Marriage Regulation	Yes	
271	Proclamation dated the 23rd day of Kanni 1110 to give temporary relief to subscribers in Kuries in the State.	No	
272	Proclamation dated 19th day of Makaram 1110 extending the period of operation of Regulation III of 1109 issued under section 15 of the Cochin Legislative Council Regulation.	"	
273	Proclamation dated the 15th day of Mithunam 1110, empowering certain officers to issue summons etc., like Civil Courts.	"	
274	Proclamation dated the 15th day of Mithunam 1110, amending His Highness the Maharaja's Proclamation dated the 31st day of Medam 1107, exempting salt laden vessels intended for the Government from the levy of Port Dues, etc.	"	
275	Proclamation dated the 13th day of Karkadagam 1110, giving relief to Agriculturists.	"	

Chapter V.—A. Season and Rainfall.

(iii) Statement of rainfall in the Cochin State for the year 1110 M. E.

Months	Stations						Total
	Cranganur	Ernakulam	Irinjalakuda	Trichur	Vadakkancheri	Chittur	
Chingam ..	5'70	6'38	4'44	5'97	4'22	3'21	29'92
Kanni ..	12'44	13'75	8'56	7'51	8'02	1'58	51'86
Thulam ..	8'86	8'43	21'53	7'14	9'07	9'60	64'63
Vrischigam ..	0'59	0'65	..	..	..	0'06	1'30
Dhanu ..	0'09	..	0'13	..	..	..	0'22
Makaram ..	0'72	0'70	0'15	0'09	0'15	0'15	1'96
Kumbham ..	0'02	..	0'51	..	..	..	0'53
Meenam ..	1'89	1'37	1'88	1'36	1'38	1'50	10'38
Medam ..	1'61	1'49	0'76	0'67	0'49	0'40	5'42
Edavam ..	10'70	7'87	10'19	4'99	3'47	..	37'22
Mithunam ..	39'48	28'45	40'48	41'62	33'22	11'99	195'24
Karkadagam ..	10'32	9'10	11'64	15'47	17'93	8'60	73'06
Total ..	92'42	78'19	101'27	84'82	77'95	37'09	471'74
Total No. of rainy days ..	143	100	106	117	111	70	647

B.—Staple food grains.

(iv) Statement showing the prices of staple food grains in the Cochin State.

Articles	Price per maund of 82 2/7 lbs.					
	Karkadagam 1109			Karkadagam 1110		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Rice—husked ..	5	6	0	5	8	0
Wheat ..	5	12	0	5	11	0
Peas ..	4	12	0	4	10	0
Dholl ..	7	7	0	7	0	0
Gram ..	4	6	0	4	7	0
Till or Gingelly ..	10	0	0	9	0	0
Green peas ..	7	3	0	6	13	0
Bengal gram ..	5	3	0	5	0	0

59187

C. Agricultural Stock.  
(v) Agricultural Stock

Names	Cochin-Kanayanur	Makundapuram	Trichur	Talappalli	Chittur	Cranganur	Total
Year-1116							
Bullocks ..	6,469	34,887	10,608	13,479	9,925	263	75,631
Cows ...	12,384	27,044	13,529	16,655	8,091	2,090	79,790
Buffaloes.—							
He ..	606	5,448	6,870	16,116	8,025	67	37,132
She ..	500	3,456	3,175	1,403	3,225	609	12,368
Horses ..	35	2	17	2	45	..	101
Asses ..	..	5	1	..	128	..	134
Sheep and goats ..	7,877	15,260	8,023	17,672	10,292	2,742	1,33,866
Ploughs —							
With 4 bullocks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
" 2 " ..	3,942	17,181	8,619	16,806	11,962	123	58,633
Carts.—							
Riding ..	105	152	52	199	394	..	812
Load carrying ..	152	1,090	1,199	605	2,035	6	5,087

D. Income-tax.

(vi) Statement of pay and allowance of the staff sanctioned for the Income-tax Department.

Designation	Number	Pay	Allowance	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
Deputy Commissioner	1	Rs. 150—250		
Income-tax Officer	2	100—150		
Accountant	1	60—100		
Clerk	2	40—60		
Clerk	7	25—40		
Typist	1	25—40—60		
Attender	2	20		
Peon	3	12		
Peon	3	11		
Masapady	2	10		
Duty allowance for a peon	..	..	3	

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF COCHIN 11110

(vii) Taluk-war Statement of Assessee (Income-tax)

Serial No.	Name of Taluk	Individuals	Hindu undivided families	Marumakkathayam	Companies	Firms	Other Associations	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Ernakulam Town	166	1	1	20	18	2	208
2	Mattancheri Town	154	...	..	30	36	14	235
3	Cochin-Kanayannur Taluk exclusive of Ernakulam and Mattancheri Towns	40	..	1	35	10	..	86
4	Cranganur Taluk	15	2	..	2	..	1	20
5	Mukundapuram Taluk	56	4	..	29	16	..	105
6	Trichur Town	214	3	1	68	26	..	312
7	Trichur Taluk exclusive of Trichur Town	42	5	..	47	14	..	108
8	Talappalli Taluk	41	3	..	7	2	..	53
9	Chittur—Tattamangalam Town	15	4	..	3	..	..	22
10	Chittur Taluk exclusive of Chittur—Tattamangalam Town	16	2	1	..	..	..	19
	Total	759	25	4	241	122	17	1168

D. Income-tax.  
(viii) Caste-war Statement of Assesseees (Income-tax).

Serial No.	Caste	Individuals	Hindu undivided families	Marumakathayam tarawads	Companies	Firms	Other Associations of individuals	Total
1	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Nambudiries	5	12	..	3	..	..	20
2	Tamil Brahmins	152	12	..	9	4	1	178
3	Saraswath Brahmins	45	1	..	3	2	2	53
4	Nayars	100	..	4	7	4	..	115
5	Other Caste-Hindus	47	..	..	4	4	2	57
6	Baniyas	36	..	..	..	18	2	56
7	Ezhuvyas	11	..	..	16	4	..	31
8	Other non-caste Hindus	1	..	..	4	..	..	5
9	Muslims	87	..	..	13	15	5	120
10	Jews	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
11	Europeans	25	..	..	8	..	..	35
12	Indian Christians	236	..	..	59	58	2	355
13	Anglo-Indians	8	..	..	..	..	..	8
14	Communities other than those mentioned above	4	..	..	..	..	..	5
15	Companies, Firms and other Associations not belonging exclusively to any community	..	..	..	115	13	..	128
	Total	759	25	4	241	122	17	1,168



(ix) Statement showing the number of returns of income filed and the number of returns accepted in 1110 M. E. D. Income-tax.

District or Circle	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		15
														No. of persons with income from salary only	Others	
		No. of notices issued to persons other than Companies	Number of returns of income filed by persons with income from salary only	Number of returns of income filed by persons not liable to tax	Number of returns filed by Companies	Number of returns of income filed by persons other than those shown in columns 3, 4 and 5	Total number of returns filed	Number of returns in columns 3 and 6 accepted as correct	Number of applications made under section 29 of the Income-tax Regulation	Number of successful applications under section 29 of the Income-tax Regulation	Number of cases in which accounts were called for	Number of cases in which accounts were produced by assesses	Number of cases in which it was found possible to base the assessments on accounts	No. of persons with income from salary only	No. of persons declared liable to tax	
Southern Circle	..	847	38	203	116	537	691	33	11	3	743	704	533	39	520	
Northern Circle	..	863	92	301	135	297	825	140	8	2	575	396	81	92	422	
Total	..	1,710	130	504	251	834	1,516	173	19	5	1,318	1,100	614	131	942	

(2) Statement showing the number of appeals, reviews and references filed and disposed of.

D. Income-tax.

District or Circle	Number of assesses at close of previous year	Number of assesses at end of year under review	Appeals under section 32 (1)			Appeals under section 34 (1)			Cases of review under section 35			References to Chief Court under section 65	
			Number filed during year	Number disposed of (including arrears of last year)	* Number successful	Number filed during year	Number disposed of (including arrears of last year)	* Number successful	Number taken up during year	Number disposed of (including arrears of last year)	Number of orders modified	Number	* Number successful
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Southern Circle	943	885	98	90	67	Included	in	columns	4, 5 and 6	19	8	..	..
Cranganur	32	37	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern Circle	718	930	101	95	38	..	..	..	..	7	1	6	1
Total	1693	1852	199	185	165	6	..	..	40	26	9	6	1

\* Include partially successful cases also.

(x) Statement showing the number of appeals, reviews and references filed and disposed of.—(cont.)

District or Circle	Result of appeals, reviews and references		Number of cases of imposition of penalty under section			Number of cases in which recovery was made under section 49 (3) and (4)	Prosecutions		Number of cases compounded under section 55 (2)	Amount remitted as irrecoverable		Amount of interest allowed under section 65 (7)	Remarks
	Increase	Decrease	26	30	49 (1) and (2)		Number	Number successful		Out of arrears	Out of demand of year under review		
I	15	(6	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
State	4,444	6	0	12,979	4	0	3	49	13	..	..	..	..
Southern Circle	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cranganur	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern Circle	204	0	0	7,181	9	0	..	22	3	..	..	..	..
Total	4,658	6	0	20,151	13	0	..	3	74	23	..	..	..

D. Income-tax.  
(xi) Taluk-war Statement of Income-tax.

Serial No.	Name of Taluk	Individuals		Hindu undivided families		Marumakkathayam taravads		Companies		Firms		Other Associations		Total	
		Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
1	Ernakulam Town	14,530	1	1,927	1	732	5	10,198	9	3,471	15	1,264	6	32,124	5
2	Mattancheri Town	85,242	12	237	9	..	..	17,215	11	12,679	11	6,288	10	1,21,664	5
3	Cochin-Kanayannur Taluk exclusive of Ernakulam and Mattancheri Towns	3,272	9	..	..	1,522	14	2,511	7	588	12	..	..	7,895	10
4	Cranganur Taluk	1,250	1	111	12	..	..	280	15	..	..	..	..	1,642	12
5	Mukundapuram Taluk	3,970	2	448	11	..	..	5,316	8	2,030	11	..	..	11,766	..
6	Trichur Town	29,321	10	980	2	275	14	26,439	..	3,359	4	..	..	60,375	14
7	Trichur Taluk exclusive of Trichur Town	1,833	..	738	..	..	..	3,777	11	1,120	6	..	..	7,469	1
8	Talappalli Taluk	3,660	4	4,410	15	..	..	3,778	8	125	4	..	..	11,974	15
9	Chittur—Tattamangalam Town	1,080	1	533	5	43	3	1,143	15	..	..	..	..	2,800	8
10	Chittur Taluk exclusive of Chittur—Tattamangalam Town	907	..	92	3	154	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,153	5
	Total	1,45,067	8	9,479	10	2,728	6	70,662	4	23,375	15	7,553	..	2,58,866	..

D. Income-tax.  
(zii) Caste-war Statement of Income-tax.

Serial No.	Caste	Individuals		Hindu undivided families		Marumakkathayam tarawads		Companies		Firms		Other Associations of individuals		Total	
		Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Nambudiries	584	6	5,283	11	..	621	3	..	..	..	..	6,494	4	
2	Tamil Brahmins	11,374	7	2,263	14	..	4,815	25	1,733	2	1,120	2	21,320	8	
3	Saraswath Brahmins	4,494	1	1,937	1	..	1,149	13	1,027	9	99	4	8,697	12	
4	Nayars	5,985	6	..	..	2,728	946	0	552	8	..	..	10,212	4	
5	Other Caste-Hindus	4,360	10	..	..	..	3,989	14	1,194	5	..	..	9,544	13	
6	Baniyas	19,071	8	..	..	..	..	..	9,147	5	312	7	28,531	4	
7	Erubavas	831	15	..	..	..	1,165	1	276	1	..	..	2,272	1	
8	Other non-caste Hindus	259	10	..	..	..	1,890	6	..	..	..	..	2,150	0	
9	Muslims	61,636	7	..	..	..	363	8	1,992	4	4,393	9	68,385	12	
10	Jews	1,350	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,350	14	
11	Europeans	4,029	2	..	..	..	19,718	10	..	..	167	2	23,914	14	
12	Indian Christians	29,978	13	..	..	..	21,056	8	7,683	11	833	10	58,952	10	
13	Anglo-Indians	608	6	..	..	..	..	..	65	8	..	..	673	14	
14	Communities other than those mentioned above	501	15	..	..	..	41	2	230	11	616	14	1,390	10	
15	Companies, Firms and Associations not belonging exclusively to any community	..	..	..	..	..	14,901	4	72	15	..	..	14,974	3	
	Total	1,45,067	8	9,479	10	2,728	70,662	4	23,375	15	7,553	0	2,58,866	11	

(xiii) Statement showing the Excise shops and the Excise Revenue of the Cochin State during the year 1934 M. E. E. Abkari.

Towns	Arrack			Toddy		Tobacco		Foreign liquor						Opium		Ganja		Other licenses					
	No. of shops	Rentals Rs.	No. of shops	No. of A class shops	No. of B class shops	Rentals Rs.	No. of F. L. 1 shops	No. of F. L. 1 (a) shops	No. of F. L. 1 (a) shops	No. of F. L. 2 shops	No. of F. L. 3 (a) shops	No. of F. L. 4 shops	No. of F. L. 8 shops	No. of F. L. 9 shops	Rs.	No. of shops	Rentals Rs.	No. of shops	Rentals Rs.	Morphia licenses	Ganja preparation licenses	Rs.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Kanayannur ..	34	15,770	69	82,320	6	742	76,590	2	2	4	..	1	1	2	1,420	13	15,000	10	7,840	7	3	85	(a) Not sold, abolished.
Cochin ..	40	23,170	62	88,400	1	145	51,095	2	2	3	1	1	..	3	1,840	14	10,340	14	7,095	3	..	30	
Cranganur ..	5	1,800	10	8,220	1	23	11,190	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	40	3	1,110	2	530	3	..	30	
Makundapuram ..	47	5,915	71	1,08,260	5	184	52,740	..	..	1(a)	1	..	..	..	200	11	6,450	9	2,360	3	1	35	
Trichur ..	35	18,290	58	1,62,250	4	142	72,065	1	1	5	1	..	7	6	4,110	6	8,900	5	5,500	12	7	155	
Talappalli ..	22	3,385	63	38,015	3	164	48,545	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	400	7	3,445	9	5,460	1	1	15	
Chittur ..	16	5,775	35	22,255	..	75	24,212	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	210	3	1,920	4	5,400	..	1	5	
Total ..	199	74,105	368	5,09,630	25	875	3,36,437	5	5	15	3	2	8	13	8,220	57	47,165	53	34,180	29	13	355	

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF COCHIN

[1110

F. Police.  
(xiv) Statement showing the strength, cost, description and duration of the Police Department for the year 1110 M. E.

Serial No.	Description of officers	Number	Pay and grade	Total cost	Punishments			Rewards			Education		
					Dismissal and removal Black marks, reduction and suspension	Judicial punishments	By the Cochin Government	By other Governments	By the public	No. able to read and write	Number under training	Remarks	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Commissioner of Police ..	1	450-40-650	100 P. A.									
2	District Superintendents of Police..	2	150-10-200	400									
3	Reserve Superintendent of Police ..	1	do	160+50 P. A. + 30 H. R. A.									
4	Prosecuting Inspectors ..	2	100-5-150	225									
5	First Grade Inspectors ..	3	80-4-100	276									
6	Second do ..	5	60-4-80	384									
7	Third do ..	13	40-4-60	732									
8	Reserve Sergeant ..	1	60-4-80	80		10		6	4	1			
9	Do ..	1	40-4-60	40									
10	Probationary Inspectors ..	2	40	80			Nil						
11	Gymnastic Instructor.	1	25-3-40	40									
12	Armourers ..	1	20-1-25	21									
13	Do ..	1	15-1-20	20									
14	Buglers ..	2	20-1-25	48									
15	First Grade Head Constables ..	5	30	150									
16	Second do ..	15	25	375									
17	Third do ..	24	20	480		22		15	3	2			
18	Fourth do ..	36	18	648									
19	First Class Constables ..	97	16	1,552									
20	Second do ..	138	14	1,932	1								
21	Third do ..	324	12	3,888		94		91	13	2			
22	Recruits ..	10	10	100									
TEMPORARY HARBOUR STAFF.													
1	Sergeant ..	1	40-4-60	40									
2	Fourth Grade Head Constable ..	1	18	18									
3	Third Grade Constables ..	2	12	24									

All are able to read and write.

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(xv) Comparative statement of cases under the Penal Code handled by the Police during the years 1109 and 1110 M. E.

Cases			Persons			Property			Remarks
1101	1110	1109	1109	1110	1110	1109	1110	1110	
Charged	Detected	Percentage	Charged	Detected	Percentage	Charged	Detected	Percentage	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
315	302	90.1	378	344	91.0	515	492	50.8	
			Tried						
			7						
			Convicted						
			8						
			Percentage						
			9						
			Tried						
			10						
			Convicted						
			11						
			Percentage						
			12						
			Lost						
			13						
			Recovered						
			14						
			Percentage						
			15						
			Lost						
			16						
			Recovered						
			17						
			Percentage						
			18						
			Percentage						
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(xvi) Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Criminal Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1910 M. E.

Description of offences	No. of offences			No. of cases disposed of during present year		No. of persons apprehended		No. of persons convicted		No. of persons sentenced										No. of persons confined being insane	No. of persons died during or before trial				
	Balance from past year	Committed during the present year		Total	5	6	7	8	Simple Imprisonment and fine			Rigorous	Rigorous	Fine only	Death	Whipping	Total	16	17			18			
		2	3						4	9	10												11	12	13
1 Offence against public tranquility, such as unlawful assemblies, rioting and affray and abetment thereof	4	31	35	26	195	13	6	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	98	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Offences by or relating to public servants	1	22	23	22	35	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Giving or fabricating false evidence and other offences against public justice	2	26	28	24	47	16	5	1	16	1	5	3	5	..	..	..	14	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Offences relating to coin, etc.	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Offences relating to weights and measures	5	14	19	19	28	21	..	..	21	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	21	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency, and morals and other public nuisance	4	19	23	23	25	15	2	..	15	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	15	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Murder and abetment and attempt to murder	1	27	28	25	61	13	10	..	13	1	10	1	1	..	..	..	13	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Culpable homicide not amounting to murder and abetment	1	7	8	8	17	3	1	..	3	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9 Causing death by rash or negligent acts	2	13	15	14	23	3	1	..	3	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	3	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

G. Criminal.  
(xvi) Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Criminal Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1934 M. E. — (cont.).

Description of offences	Term of imprisonment											Persons awaiting trial			Persons			Remarks		
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	Persons	Cases	30	31	32	33		34	35
	Under one month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Life imprisonment	Capital punishment	Committed	Released under Section 455, Criminal Procedure Code	Otherwise disposed of						
1 Offence against public tranquillity such as unlawful assemblies, rioting and affray and abetment thereof	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Offences by or relating to public servants	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Giving or fabricating false evidence and other offences against public justice	..	6	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Offences relating to coin, etc.	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Offences relating to weights and measures	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency, and morals and other public nuisance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Murder and abetment and attempt to murder	..	..	..	..	5	3	..	..	..	4	1	..	7	3	..	35	..	..	2	..
8 Culpable homicide not amounting to murder and abetment	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	..
9 Causing death by rash or negligent acts	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	2	..	..	1	..

(xvi) Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Criminal Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Description of offences	No. of offences		No. of cases disposed of during present year		No. of persons apprehended		No. of persons convicted		No. of persons sentenced										No. of persons confined being insane	No. of persons died during or before trial
	Balance from past year	Committed during the present year	Total	Present year	Total	Simple	Rigorous	Total	Simple	Rigorous	Simple	Rigorous	Fine only	Death	Whipping	Total	No. of persons acquitted or discharged	No. of persons confined being insane		
10 Attempt of suicide and abetment of suicide	..	18	18	13	9	3	5	9	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	9	5	..	1	
11 Hurt	92	832	924	799	103	26	2086	103	20	..	7	76	103	..	103	1627	..	..	2	
12 Grievous hurt	24	79	103	89	35	204	204	35	4	18	..	1	12	..	35	127	..	..	..	
13 Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	8	23	31	22	2	59	59	2	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	32	..	..	
14 Assault and use of criminal force	3	28	31	20	7	53	53	7	1	..	..	6	..	..	7	25	..	..	..	
15 Kidnapping	2	3	5	4	2	9	9	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	
16 Rape and attempt of rape	..	5	5	4	1	5	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
17 Other offences affecting the human body such as abortion, &c.	..	21	21	19	6	33	33	6	1	..	..	5	..	..	6	18	..	..	..	
18 Theft	37	212	249	210	151	620	620	151	112	..	1	19	..	16	149	300	..	..	1	
19 Extortion	..	6	6	4	18	18	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	
20 Robbery	3	25	28	20	6	80	80	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	6	45	..	..	..	
21 Dacoity	1	14	15	10	..	145	145	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	80	..	..	..	
22 Criminal misappropriation	3	1	4	4	2	5	5	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	
23 Criminal breach of trust	7	55	62	51	9	97	97	9	2	..	5	2	..	..	9	61	..	..	..	
24 Criminal breach of trust by public servants	2	11	13	6	3	24	24	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	

G. Criminal.  
 (xvi) Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Criminal Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1934 M. E.—(cont.)

Description of offences	Term of imprisonment											Awaiting trial		Persons			Remarks	
												Persons	Cases	Committed	Released under Section 455 Criminal Procedure Code	Otherwise disposed of		
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29							30
Under one month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Life imprisonment	Capital punishment	Persons	Cases						
10 Attempt of suicide and abetment of suicide	1	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	5	..	..	..	..	..
11 Hurt	5	11	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	347	125	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Grievous hurt	2	4	3	10	1	..	..	..	..	..	38	14	4	..	..	..	..	..
13 Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 Assault and use of criminal force	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	21	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..
16 Rape and attempt of rape	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Other offences affecting the human body such as abortion, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	2	7	..	..	..	..	..
18 Theft	16	43	20	30	5	..	..	..	..	..	123	39	1	..	..	..	..	..
19 Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Robbery	..	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	19	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	5	23	..	..	..	..	..
22 Criminal misappropriation	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Criminal breach of trust	1	1	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	*27	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 Criminal breach of trust by public servants	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	17	7	..	..	..	..	..	..

(xvi) Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Criminal Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1110 M. E.---(cont.)

G. Criminal.

Description of offences	No. of offences			No. of cases disposed of during present year		No. of persons convicted	No. of persons sentenced								No. of persons confined being insane	No. of persons died during or before trial			
	Balance from past year	Committed during the present year		Total	5		6	7	8	Imprisonment and fine				15			16	17	18
		2	3							4	9	10	11						
25 Receiving or dealing in stolen property	..	10	10	8	21	3	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
26 Cheating	..	13	14	9	36	10	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27 Mischief by fire	..	1	8	5	17	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
28 Other mischief	..	9	55	43	134	6	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..		
29 Criminal trespass and other offences relating to possession of property	..	8	48	27	202	11	..	5	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..		
30 House breaking and theft	..	17	108	108	242	79	3	55	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..		
31 Forgery	..	7	22	15	57	3	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
32 Criminal breach of contract	..	1	6	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
33 Defamation	..	3	8	6	11	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
34 Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance	..	17	52	39	131	6	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..		
35 Offences against local and special laws such as smuggling	..	45	1440	1485	2056	1175	16	36	..	..	1123	..	..	..	..	..	..		
36 Other offences not included in the above	..	9	38	29	169	11	..	4	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total inclusive of Sessions Courts	..	317	3261	3174	6899	1731	31	399	..	26	1311	127	1725	814	1	..	7		
Total of Magistrates' Courts only	..	313	3216	3131	6791	1684	29	276	..	16	1340	..	1678	379	..	..	7		

(xvi) Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Criminal Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1934 M. E.—(cont.)

G. Criminal.

Description of offences	Term of imprisonment											Awaiting trial		Persons			Remarks
	Term of imprisonment											Persons	Cases	Committed	Released under Section 455 Criminal Procedure Code	Otherwise disposed of	
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29						
Under one month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Life Imprisonment	Capital punishment	Persons	Cases	Committed	Released under Section 455 Criminal Procedure Code	Otherwise disposed of	Remarks	
25 Receiving or dealing in stolen property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26 Cheating	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27 Mischief by fire	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28 Other mischief	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29 Criminal trespass and other offences relating to possession of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30 House breaking and theft	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 Forgery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32 Criminal breach of contract	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33 Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34 Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35 Offences against local and special laws such as smuggling	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36 Other offences not included in the above	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total inclusive of Sessions Courts	65	107	55	82	37	11	1	1	4	11150	404	94	6	103			
Total of Magistrates' Courts only	65	107	56	77	15	6	..	..	..	..	398	94	6	103			

(xvii) Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various courts in the year 1910 M. E.

Names of Courts	Number of offences reported during		Number of persons dealt with								Persons disposed of					Remarks		
	Past year	Present year	4	Brought to trial in 1910				Total		12	13	14	15	16	17		18	19
				Arrested by Police	Upon warrant	On summons	Voluntary	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate	Past year									
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
District Magistrate's Court	16	14	1	8	15	1	..	..	32	24	1	1	17	..	..	5	..	..
Cochin Special First Class Magistrate's Court	47	55	37	28	29	110	..	..	101	168	42	37	35	1	1	52	..	..
Kanayanur	46	53	45	17	20	141	..	..	124	178	45	52	17	..	..	73	..	6
Cranganur	25	37	12	6	..	125	..	..	133	131	36	35	11	..	..	36	..	..
Mukundapuram	..	8	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	20	5	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichur	64	52	39	8	12	180	..	..	216	200	43	45	9	21	..	82	..	..
Talappali	50	41	32	24	18	83	..	..	95	126	58	34	15	1	1	16	..	..
Chittur	6	4	..	..	..	16	..	..	27	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cochin Second Class Magistrate's Court	390	495	252	74	39	985	..	..	878	1,100	337	328	160	21	2	252	..	..
Kanayanur	379	496	174	102	100	691	..	..	793	962	420	198	187	1	..	155	..	..
Cranganur	194	249	14	29	11	341	..	..	326	382	124	132	104	1	1	21	..	..
Mukundapuram	449	523	64	129	57	429	15	..	1,040	630	212	158	252	7	..	..	..	..
Trichur	551	703	73	159	62	1,101	..	..	1,156	1,322	304	316	338	8	..	271	..	85
Talappali	306	491	68	63	61	646	1	..	662	772	107	221	376	5	1	92	..	9
Chittur	130	279	37	21	18	460	10	..	383	510	211	114	148	26	1	10	..	..
Mukundapuram Third Class Magistrate's Court	..	229	..	9	6	295	..	..	..	310	98	121	47	1	..	43	..	..
Chittur	70	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	202	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	2,723	3,529	848	688	457	5,613	26	..	6,168	6,791	2,043	1,736	1,684	94	7	1,124	..	..

(viii) Statement showing the results of appeals against the decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Cochin State during the year 1934 M. E.

Tribunals	Number of persons and cases														Remarks				
	Number of appeals		Appeals rejected		Sentences						Proceedings quashed		Referred			Further enquiry ordered		Pending	
					Confirmed		Modified		Reversed										
					Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons									
Chief Court of Cochin ..	26	1	14	20	3	3	4	2	4	...	..	..	..	..	..	6	18		
Anjikalma Sessions Court ..	17	...	9	24	6	11	2	2	3	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Trichur Sessions Court ..	8	..	3	3	3	4	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total ..	51	1	26	47	12	18	4	4	7	2	2	..	..	..	..	6	18		
District Magistrate's Court ..	113	..	48	76	18	22	28	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	30		
Grand total ..	164	1	74	123	30	40	32	63	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	23	48		



H. Jails.  
(xix) Statement showing the number of prisoners confined in the Jails of the  
Cochin State during the year 1910 M. E.

Station	Number of prisoners	No. of prisoners				Daily average		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of the jail and of prisoners Rs. A. P.	Average period of accused under trial	Remarks showing mortality, etc. among convicts in the jails			
		Remaining from last year	Admitted during the year		Total		Past year					Present year		
			Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year								
Central Jail, Viyyur	...	1	165	564	744	729	148.83	183.42	201	30,405	8	5	1.65	3 deaths
Ernakulam Sub-jail	...	1	7	205	191	212	8.6	5.8	16	811	2	7	9.2	
Mattancheri do	...	1	4	113	108	117	5.3	3.6	11	585	10	3	12.1	
Krinjalakkuda do	...	1	1	85	111	86	4.05	3.4	5	356	12	6	14.9	
Trichur do	...	1	7	121	107	128	6.5	8.9	11	589	0	9	25	
Vadakkancheri do	...	1	6	111	89	117	3.4	4.5	4	475	7	9	3.3	
Chittur do	...	1	3	66	47	69	3.6	7.7	2	785	5	3	41.9	
Cranganur do	...	1	...	66	97	66	1.8	2.1	2	262	8	8	17	

(xx) Civil work—Nature and value of original suits and small causes filed and disposed of by the Civil Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1934 M. E.

I. Civil.

TRIBUNALS	Opening balance		Filed during the year, received on remand or transfer		Total		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance		Suits filed during the year							
	Present year		Past year		Present year		Past year		Present year		Past year		Value		Suits relating to landed property		Suits for money transactions	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Rs. A. P.		12	13	14			
Chief Court	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjilimal District Court	234	207	205	221	439	428	232	222	207	206	17,00,354	7	11	161	..	..	..	
{ O. S. S. C.	2	2	6	2	8	4	6	4	2	..	115	14	6	2	..	..	..	
Tricher District Court	138	143	163	179	301	322	158	136	143	186	9,17,632	7	11	84	..	..	..	
{ O. S. S. C.	4	3	10	17	14	20	11	16	3	4	1,905	2	10	17	..	..	..	
Total of District Courts	372	350	368	400	740	750	390	368	350	392	26,17,986	15	10	245	..	..	..	
{ O. S. S. C.	6	5	16	19	22	24	17	20	5	4	2,021	1	4	19	..	..	..	
Ernakulam	389	352	1161	1152	1550	1504	1198	1109	352	395	3,03,452	9	10	242	..	..	..	
{ S. C. T. R.	460	292	1314	1368	2374	1660	2082	1486	292	174	51,072	11	6	..	..	..	..	
Mansiff's Court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cochin	466	376	966	944	1432	1320	1056	1087	376	233	2,85,910	5	9	161	..	..	..	
{ O. S. T. R.	157	157	1073	833	1230	990	1073	908	157	82	26,433	10	8	..	..	..	..	
Mansiff's Court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Irinjakkuda	399	416	1439	1286	1838	1702	1422	1281	416	421	3,12,168	9	2	..	..	..	..	
{ O. S. S. C.	263	161	2661	1798	2924	1869	2763	1717	161	152	98,374	2	5	509	..	..	..	
Vansiff's Court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
{ T. R.	1	1	12	8	13	9	12	7	1	2	322	5	7	..	..	..	..	

I. Civil.

(xx) Civil work—Nature and value of original suits and small causes tried and disposed of by the Civil Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1110 M. E.

TRIBUNALS	Suits filed during the year								Suits disposed of during the year					Average duration	
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	Months	Days
	Suits for other rights	No. of suits under Rs. 100	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and below Rs. 500	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and below Rs. 1,000	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and below Rs. 5,000	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000	Experte	Admitted or com-promised	Struck off the file	Otherwise disposed of	Rs.	A.	P.		
Chief Court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjikalma District Court	49	4	7	2	151	57	49	6	2	165	14,99,858	1	5	12	17
Trichur District Court	29	10	6	3	102	58	42	3	2	89	24,96,101	2	1	10	8
Total of District Courts	78	14	13	5	253	115	91	9	4	254	39,95,959	3	6	..	..
Ernakulam District Courts	101	209	761	129	53	..	630	47	45	387	2,16,114	3	10	4	3
Munsiff's Court	..	1368	..	..	..	..	1058	72	68	288	50,076	8	9	..	15
Cochin Munsiff's Court	16	..	783	124	37	..	455	30	20	582	1,97,541	7	3	2	27
Munsiff's Court	..	833	..	..	..	..	699	38	31	230	22,563	11	9	1	16
Irinjalakuda Munsiff's Court	85	207	793	123	73	..	718	33	8	522	1,75,868	6	8	1	28
Munsiff's Court	..	1708	..	..	..	..	1385	59	25	248	89,352	14	10	..	24
	..	8	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	1	281	4	3	..	22

(xx) Civil work—Nature and value of original suits and small causes filed and disposed of by the Civil Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1934-35. I. Civil.

TRIBUNALS	Opening balance		Filed during the year, received on remand or transfer		Total		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance		Suits filed during the year				
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Value			Suits relating to landed property	Suits for money transactions
											Rs.	A.	P.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Cranganur	200	208	588	577	788	785	580	648	208	137	2,65,589	7	9	165	373
	162	113	355	655	1,017	768	904	726	113	42	23,311	6	7	..	655
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	0	0	1	..
Mansiff's Court	598	406	1640	1560	2238	1066	1912	1510	406	456	3,53,243	4	3	68	1452
	782	293	3143	2486	3925	2779	3632	2433	293	346	1,57,419	2	8	..	2486
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichur	185	267	815	797	1020	1064	753	685	267	379	3,64,379	11	5	302	405
	52	84	852	697	904	777	820	674	84	103	53,621	7	3	..	693
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vedakkancheri	37	99	685	514	722	613	623	520	99	93	2,01,108	13	8	214	285
	10	2	372	283	382	282	330	274	2	8	11,851	9	0	..	280
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mansiff's Court	2274	2124	7314	6830	9383	8954	7464	6840	2124	2114	20,85,852	13	10	1661	4783
	1886	1102	10870	8023	12756	9125	11654	8218	1102	967	4,22,254	2	1	..	8023
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mansiff's Courts	3	1	14	9	17	10	16	8	1	2	340	5	7	9	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Panchayat Courts	1161	1072	4883	4957	6044	6029	4972	4516	1072	1513	93,380	3	8	..	4957
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	5702	4654	23466	20238	29168	24892	24514	19960	4654	4932	52,21,865	10	4	1934	17840

(xx) Civil work—Nature and value of original suits and small causes filed and disposed of by the Civil Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1110 M. E.

TRIBUNALS	Suits filed during the year										Suits disposed of during the year						Average duration				
	Suits for other rights		No. of suits under Rs. 100		No. of suits above Rs. 100 and below Rs. 500		No. of suits above Rs. 500 and below Rs. 1,000		No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and below Rs. 5,000		No. of suits above Rs. 5,000		Exparte	Admitted or com- promised	Struck off the file	Otherwise disposed of	Value			Months	Days
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	A.					P.	26	27		
Cranganur	39	78	397	65	37	..	..	..	..	..	..	325	45	6	272	2,58,374	15	4	6	12	
Munsiff's Court	..	655	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	474	50	5	197	24,607	11	8	2	19	
Trichur	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	18	0	0	..	18	
Munsiff's Court	40	209	1193	122	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	926	73	..	511	3,58,497	2	4	3	27	
	..	2486	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1972	112	..	249	99,647	5	8	1	26	
Vadakkancheri	..	187	379	176	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	388	58	10	223	2,79,209	8	7	3	18	
Munsiff's Court	..	693	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	475	77	5	117	48,715	8	5	2	26	
Chittur	..	77	305	85	47	..	..	..	..	..	..	261	22	24	213	1,68,846	2	5	2	26	
Munsiff's Court	..	286	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	178	10	23	63	11,554	7	3	1	4	
Total of Munsiff's Courts	386	1057	4611	824	338	..	..	..	..	..	..	3703	308	113	2716	16,54,361	14	5	..	..	
Panchayat Courts	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6151	418	157	1492	3,46,418	4	4	..	..	
	..	4957	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	1	299	4	3	..	..	
	..	4957	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2742	792	210	772	79,888	0	3	4	21	
Grand Total	464	14070	4633	829	591	115	12703	1527	485	5245	60,79,223	6	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

I. Civil.  
(xxi) Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Civil Courts of the Cochin State during the year 1110 M. E.

TRIBUNALS	Opening balance			Applications brought to the register			Total		
	Past year	Present year	Value for present year	Past year	Present year	Value for present year	Past year	Present year	Value for present year
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.
1									
Amjikal District Court	240	293	3,22,111 1 3	530	496	17,13,126 6 9	770	789	20,35,237 8 0
Trichur District Court	168	164	4,04,769 2 6	354	358	15,67,746 8 6	512	522	19,72,515 11 0
Total	398	457	7,26,880 3 9	884	854	22,80,872 15 3	1282	1311	40,07,753 3 0
Ernakulam Mansiff's Court	1000	1090	2,13,725 15 11	5570	5397	15,93,892 6 8	6559	6487	18,07,618 6 7
Cochin do	494	456	1,11,225 10 5	3049	3571	9,11,514 0 10	3543	4027	10,22,739 11 3
Cranganur do	339	533	1,32,226 8 0	2462	2695	9,74,713 10 6	2801	3228	11,06,940 2 6
Irinjalakkuda do	731	1016	1,89,376 1 5	6813	6486	8,53,435 4 9	7544	7502	10,42,811 6 2
Trichur do	1252	1209	2,44,516 4 8	8287	8457	2,52,745 6 0	9539	9666	4,97,261 10 8
Vadakkancheri do	253	357	1,06,646 8 3	2539	2232	9,47,780 3 4	2792	2589	11,44,426 11 7
Chittur do	93	107	73,844 15 3	1339	1246	5,48,680 12 0	1432	1353	6,22,525 11 3
Total	4162	4768	11,61,561 15 11	30048	30084	60,82,761 12 1	34210	34852	72,44,323 12 0
Grand total	4560	5225	18,88,442 3 8	30932	30938	93,63,634 11 4	35492	36162	1,12,52,076 15 0

I. Civil. (cont.)  
 (a) Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Civil Courts of the Cochin State during the year 11 to M. E. —

TRIBUNALS	Disposed of			Closing balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at the end of the year			Remarks	
	Last year	Present year	Value for present year	Last year	Present year	Value for present year	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months		
	11	12	Rs. A. P.	14	15	Rs. A. P.	17	18	19		20
1											
Anjikkaimal District Court	477	555	17,81,416 3 4	293	234	2,53,821 4 8	131	53	50		
Trichur District Court	348	369	15,82,859 2 6	164	153	3,89,656 8 6	80	47	26		
Total	825	924	33,64,275 5 10	457	387	6,43,477 13 2	211	100	76		
Ernakulam Munsiff's Court	5460	5663	13,19,694 10 10	1090	824	4,87,923 11 9	764	34	26		
Cochin	3087	3549	8,99,860 0 10	456	478	1,22,879 10 5	458	15	5		
Cranganur	2268	2854	9,98,629 5 3	533	374	1,08,310 13 3	349	15	10		
Irinjalakkuda	6528	6686	9,04,387 4 3	1016	816	1,38,424 1 11	750	47	19		
Trichur	8330	8180	2,74,419 3 6	1209	1486	2,22,842 7 2	1404	77	5		
Vadakkancheri	2435	2054	7,38,967 13 9	357	535	4,55,458 13 10	482	52	1		
Chittur	1325	1255	5,68,731 0 4	107	98	5,794 10 11	97	1	..		
Total	29442	30241	57,04,689 6 9	4768	4611	15,39,634 5 3	4304	24	66		
Grand total	30267	31165	90,68,964 12 7	5225	4998	21,83,112 2 5	4515	341	142		





(xxv) Civil work—Nature and value of appeals filed, disposed of and pending in the Civil Courts of Cochin during the year 1115 M. E.—(cont.)

I. Civil

TRIBUNALS	Value of appeals filed during	How disposed of												Average duration in days		Remarks
		Decisions confirmed		Decisions reversed		Decisions amended		Cases remanded for retrial		Cases com- promised or otherwise disposed of		Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
		Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	24	25	26		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
	Rs.	A.	P.													
Chief Court	Appeals	68	65	15	16	16	31	38	3	9	5	3	278 9	274 3		
	Second appeals	91	60	27	16	18	15	5	3	9	15	247 5	248 3			
Total		159	125	42	32	49	53	8	12	14	18	..	..			
Anjilimal District Court A. S.	Appeals	106	211	40	77	44	90	6	13	..	..	389	488 0			
	Second appeals	102	120	43	38	21	22	16	3	6	4	383	306 8			
Total		208	331	83	115	65	112	22	16	6	4	..	..			
Trichur District Court A. S.	Appeals	367	456	125	147	114	165	30	28	20	22	..	..			
	Second appeals	9	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6		
Total		376	462	131	153	120	171	36	34	26	28	36	36			
Grand Total		5,51,874	9	6	367	456	125	147	114	165	30	28	20	22	..	

(xxiii) Statement showing the registration of documents in the several Registry Offices of the Cochin State during the years 1109 and 1110 M. E.

NAMES OF REGISTRY OFFICES	Documents presented for registration		Nature of documents presented											
			Mortgages		Sale deeds		Wills		Money bonds		Miscellaneous documents			
	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
Mulanthurattu	1,316	1,403	389	341	505	487	13	8	3	3	406	364		
Trippunittura	1,839	1,715	471	424	493	510	11	11	7	7	855	763		
Ernakulam	2,906	2,898	734	742	689	734	18	17	23	23	1,434	1,382		
Cochin	2,227	2,141	556	435	679	623	11	11	39	39	946	973		
Narakkal	1,044	1,220	329	314	301	378	4	7	4	3	406	518		
Keshuppalli	951	1,045	248	199	219	302	6	10	7	7	471	527		
Vellarappilli	906	998	245	287	258	270	7	7	11	6	385	428		
Granganur	2,874	2,951	782	721	634	802	7	13	23	48	1,428	1,437		
Mala	2,746	1,924	679	508	663	641	10	8	3	3	791	764		
Vatakumkara	1,987	1,917	495	399	617	652	4	6	8	2	863	858		
Chalakkudi	2,333	2,576	685	690	721	831	9	7	2	4	916	1,044		
Irinjalakkuda	2,594	2,599	745	563	632	695	6	10	11	70	1,200	1,261		
Kattur	1,357	1,373	342	301	432	495	6	4	6	12	571	558		
Nellayi	2,753	2,394	715	561	887	808	9	15	10	4	1,132	1,006		

(xliii) Statement showing the registration of documents in the several Registry Offices of the Cochin State during the years 1109 and 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

NAMES OF REGISTRY OFFICES	Documents registered		Value of documents registered				Documents of which registra- tion was refused				Remarks
	1109		1109		1110		1109		1110		
	14	15	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	18	19	20	21	
Mulanturattu	1,317	1,201	3,62,130	11,11½	2,53,841	2 0	..	4	..	1	3 partial refusals
Trippunittura	1,838	1,711	8,39,372	6 5	7,62,503	11 4	2	4	2	2	2 documents of 1109 registered in 1110
Ernakulam	2,900	2,897	28,40,553	11 1	15,33,763	2 5	7	7	4	..	4 documents of 1109 registered in 1110. 2 partial refusals
Cochin	2,218	2,141	12,95,227	11 0	11,33,565	9 2	8	2	2	1	2 documents of 1109 registered in 1110. 1 partial refusal
Narakkal	1,046	1,219	4,67,214	8 10	5,54,887	11 1	1	1	..	..	..
Knzhpappalli	949	1,043	5,48,560	14 1	5,21,874	11 11	2	..	1	3	1 document of 1109 registered in 1110
Vellarappalli	907	998	2,01,582	11 4	1,71,441	4 7	..	1	..	..	Partial refusal
Cranganur	2,870	2,990	11,25,670	2 2	11,93,804	3 5	5	1	..	..	..
Mala	2,149	1,921	5,38,230	11 11	4,92,999	6 11	1	1	..	2	..
Vadakkumkara	1,986	1,917	5,95,529	6 6	5,40,813	6 0½	2	..	..	..	..
Chalakkudi	2,333	2,573	6,58,267	7 7	6,63,551	13 10	1	2	..	1	..
Irinjalakkuda	2,593	2,597	8,41,114	15 2	8,01,911	14 2	..	3	1	1	1 document of 1109 registered in 1110. 1 partial refusal
Kattur	1,353	1,374	4,61,684	2 8½	4,19,982	13 2	3	2	2	..	2 documents of 1109 registered in 1110. 1 partial refusal
Neilsyi	2,751	2,391	7,76,656	5 5½	5,30,450	14 3	3	..	..	3	..

(xxiii) Statement showing the registration of documents in the several Registry Offices in the Cochin State during the year 1109 and 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

NAMES OF REGISTRY OFFICES	Documents presented for registration		Nature of documents presented												
			Mortgages		Sale deeds		Wills		Money bonds			Miscellaneous documents			
	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110	1110	1109	1110	1109	1110
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			
Kalattumkara	2,133	2,076	599	474	665	706	5	12	10	...	854	884			
Urakam	1,993	1,803	599	532	554	547	10	13	14	7	816	704			
Trichur	4,496	4,393	1,640	1,572	1,262	1,391	50	45	30	21	1,514	1,454			
Enamavu	2,615	2,656	731	683	615	734	13	17	22	18	1,184	1,184			
Munder	2,182	2,066	656	588	603	627	14	20	12	11	897	820			
Kannankulam	2,572	2,388	786	776	604	615	35	35	27	33	1,140	1,129			
Palanji	2,087	2,018	622	602	544	502	16	24	7	13	898	877			
Vadakkancheri	2,668	2,448	680	647	701	760	22	19	4	4	1,261	1,018			
Chelakkara	1,062	1,046	181	184	412	421	7	4	3	2	459	435			
Parhayannur	941	830	215	208	246	295	15	10	4	2	361	315			
Chittur	2,243	2,004	561	496	765	702	26	18	28	24	863	764			
Nemmara	656	554	160	122	199	203	9	8	4	1	284	220			
Total	52,881	51,476	14,845	13,429	15,030	15,664	343	359	328	337	25,335	21,687			

(xxiii) Statement showing the registration of documents in the several Registry Offices of the J. Registration. Cochin State during the years 1109 and 1110—M. E. (cont.)

NAMES OF REGISTRY OFFICES	Documents		Value of documents registered						Documents of which registration was refused					Remarks		
	1109		1109		1110		1109		1109		1110		Documents Pending		1109	1110
	14	15	R	A	P	Rs.	A	P	18	19	20	21				
Kallettumkara	2,132	2,077	4,79,181	11	9	4,87,602	12	6	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1 document of 1109 registered in 1110
Urakam	1,991	1,803	7,05,962	9	3	4,97,221	4	6	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1 document of 1109 registered in 1110, 2 partial refusals
Trichur	4,501	4,353	20,33,559	1	11	19,89,016	4	12	7	2	..	..	2	..	2	2 documents of 1109 registered in 1110, 2 partial refusals
Enamavu	2,612	2,657	9,03,289	13	6	12,24,738	13	11	2	3	..	..	2	..	2	1 document of 1109, registered in 1110, 1 partial refusal
Mundur	2,181	2,067	5,60,227	5	6	4,47,533	3	4	2	1	..	..	1	..	1	5 documents of 1109, registered in 1110
Kuanamkulam	2,571	2,588	7,40,676	9	..	7,50,730	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 document of 1109, registered in 1110, 4 partial refusals
Palacji	2,086	2,017	5,05,937	13	9	4,69,914	4	5	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1 document of 1109, registered in 1110, 2 partial refusals. Pending documents includes the other documents of 1109
Vadakkancheri	2,663	2,452	7,52,505	1	1	6,90,756	11	6	2	..	..	..	5	..	1	3 documents of 1109, registered in 1110, 1 partial refusal
Chelakkara	1,061	1,046	4,06,442	10	..	6,45,003	3	10	2	4	..	..	1	..	1	3 documents of 1109, registered in 1110, 1 partial refusal
Palayannur	942	826	8,39,606	1	5	6,12,950	7	9	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	Partial refusal
Chittur	2,242	2,004	26,93,37	1	10	21,94,431	7	8	..	1	..	..	3	..	3	27 partial refusals
Nemmara	656	554	6,87,881	2	9	3,69,666	2	7	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	27 documents pending include 1 of 1109 also
Total	52,848	51,457	2,27,63,742	15	113	1,98,94,956	11	41	57	43	29	27	27	..	27	1 of 1109 also

(xiv) Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the years 1109 and 1110 M. E.

Description	1109				1110				Remarks
	Number of deeds		Value of property		Number of deeds		Value of property		
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Mortgage deeds ..	14,829	68,10,450 15 1	27,654 12 ..	13,411	55,13,894 4 4	23,617 12 ..			
Sale deeds ..	15,023	74,43,153 11 2 1/2	25,774 12 ..	15,673	78,37,221 15 4 1/2	26,708 ..			
Wills ..	342	..	1,372 ..	358	..	1,436 ..			
Money bonds ..	327	1,62,127 6 8	559 6 ..	337	1,30,139 1 2	570 ..			
Miscellaneous documents ..	22,327	8,3,54,010 15 ..	28,575 6 ..	21,678	64,13,901 6 6	25,333 13 ..			
Total ..	52,848	2,27,59,742 15 11 1/2	83,936 4 ..	51,457	1,98,94,956 11 4 1/2	77,665 9 ..			
	..	..	2,924 10 ..	..	..	3,362 10 ..			
	..	..	86,860 14 ..	..	..	81,028 3 ..			
Fees for copies of registered documents ..	..	..	4,973 9 ..	..	..	4,240 ..			
Search fees ..	..	..	4,968 12 ..	..	..	5,059 8 ..			
Miscellaneous receipts ..	..	..	9,028 6 9	..	..	8,150 3 8			
Total ..	..	..	18,970 11 9	..	..	17,449 11 8			
Grand total ..	..	..	1,05,831 9 9	..	..	98,477 14 8			
Deduct expenditure ..	..	..	98,859 2 2	..	..	96,883 5 7			
Net savings ..	..	..	6,972 7 7	..	..	1,594 9 1			

The total includes Cranganur receipts and expenditure.

(xxv) Statement showing the Vital Statistics of the Cochin State for the year 1110 M. E.

Serial No.	Name of Taluk or Town	Population		Births		Increase	Decrease	Deaths		Increase	Decrease	Ratio per mille of the population				Remarks
		Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year			Past year	Present year			Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	Cochin-Kanayannur Taluk	275917	4017	4209	198	..	..	2761	2368	..	393	14'63	15'25	10'07	8'58	
2	Ernakulam Town	37468	1261	1408	147	..	..	698	579	..	119	34'44	37'57	19'05	15'45	
3	Mattancheri Town	40893	1395	1903	508	..	..	624	662	38	..	35'18	46'53	15'73	16'13	
4	Mukundapuram Taluk	263517	3181	2976	..	205	2280	2103	..	177	12'11	11'29	8'67	7'98		
5	Trichur Taluk	194604	3623	2947	..	676	2930	1998	..	932	18'71	15'14	15'12	10'26		
6	Trichur Town	46188	956	1018	62	..	546	500	..	46	20'93	22'04	11'93	10'82		
7	Talappalli Taluk	203980	3352	3740	388	..	1766	2304	538	..	16'51	18'33	8'71	11'24		
8	Chittur Taluk	88198	1308	1466	158	..	1234	1137	..	97	14'77	16'52	14'08	12'89		
9	Chittur-Tattamangalam Town	19208	592	646	54	..	420	493	..	17	31'21	33'63	22'15	20'98		
10	Cranganur Taluk	42785	505	490	..	15	457	298	..	159	11'82	11'46	10'74	6'97		
	Total	1212698	20184	20803	619	..	13716	12332	..	1364	16'76	17'15	11'39	10'1		

(xvii) Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the State Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year 1934 M. E.

Serial No.	Name of Institution	No. of patients treated		Results of in-door patients				Daily average attendance of out-patients and in-patients	Expenditure	Rs. A. P.	Remarks
		Out-door	In-door	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment				
1	General Hospital	82,706	4,906	4,248	113	332	213	775'00	51,774	4	6
2	Civil do	68,416	1,916	1,649	44	124	99	525'27	29,638	14	6
3	Maternity do	33,382	2,492	2,303	..	83	106	256'70	17,935	13	6
4	Women's do	28,723	2,638	2,494	..	51	93	271'86	17,415	2	9
5	Chalakkudi do	41,632	1,185	1,047	..	73	65	246'96	10,728	10	11
6	Chittur do	20,312	733	649	4	50	30	170'78	6,080	12	6
7	Nemmara do	27,822	407	347	..	33	27	172'87	6,447	12	4
8	Irinjalakuda do	45,967	1,068	978	..	38	52	303'06	11,456	14	3
9	Kunnamkulam do	27,653	1,331	1,250	12	54	15	219'90	9,283	..	3
10	Oranganur do	40,652	631	562	..	50	19	332'60	6,322	2	3
11	Ophthalmic do	13,443	741	697	..	..	44	187'88	6,433	..	..
12	Mental do	3,352	194	68	..	12	114	139'83	7,190	15	10
13	Central Jail do	939	69	57	..	3	9	9'10	..	..	..
14	X-Ray Institution do	3,193	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	Trippunittura Dispensary	38,958	241	211	..	22	8	330'82	4,134	5	2
16	Mulanthuruthy Dispensary	13,931	48	45	..	1	2	83'83	2,571	4	1
17	Ramavarna Palace Dispensary	4,095	..	..	..	..	..	40'06	2,800	9	6
18	Narakkal Dispensary	56,173	150	135	..	9	6	503'43	3,391	4	1
19	Ayyampilly do	22,702	157	139	..	10	8	253'15	2,964	2	1



(xxvi) Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the State Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year 1110 M. E.—(cont.)

Serial No.	Name of Institution	No. of patients treated		Results of in-door patients					Daily average attendance of out-patients and in-patients	Expenditure		Remarks
		Out-door	In-door	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment	Rs.		A. P.		
20	Kandakadavu Dispensary	14,406	..	..	..	..	..	..	106'80	2,729	6	..
21	Male Dispensary, Mattancheri	44,127	..	..	..	..	..	..	322'25	2,753	15	3
22	Chowwara	20,817	11	9	..	..	..	..	127'23	2,478	15	4
23	Kattur	17,770	200	190	..	5	..	..	104'02	2,719	10	7
24	Pudukkad	20,741	198	190	..	5	..	..	90'24	3,365	1	11
25	Anthikad	29,470	..	..	..	..	..	..	190'21	2,657	13	..
26	Mala	39,258	..	..	..	..	..	..	228'69	2,363	6	..
27	Nannode	9,689	..	..	..	..	..	..	41'31	3,558	11	..
28	Vadakkancheri	22,068	428	382	..	20	..	..	131'47	3,788	11	..
29	Kolinjampara	13,018	43	30	..	7	..	..	60'78	2,877	7	9
30	Kuziarkutty	1,875	..	..	..	..	..	..	5'28	3,107	3	5
31	Palayannur	18,880	65	59	..	3	..	..	83'52	2,508	3	9
32	Tattamangalam Grant-in-aid Dispensary	4,372	..	..	..	..	..	..	29'97			
33	Chelakkara	8,290	..	..	..	..	..	..	35'00			
34	Cheruthuruthy	4,550	..	..	..	..	..	..	12'92			
35	Cherpu	4,402	..	..	..	..	..	..	26'50			
36	Chennamangalam	5,256	..	..	..	..	..	..	34'59			
37	Pattikad	4,460	..	..	..	..	..	..	26'10			

L. Medical Relief. (xxvi) Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the State Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year 1934-35 M. E. (cont.)

Serial No.	Name of Institution	No. of patients treated		Results of in-door patients				Daily average attendance of out-patients and in-patients	Expenditure	Remarks
		Out-door	In-door	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment			
38	Palanji Grant-in-aid Dispensary	9,245	..	..	..	..	..	24'10		
39	do	3,684	..	..	..	..	..	15'89		
40	do	3,788	..	..	..	..	..	10'38		
41	do	4,232	..	..	..	..	..	13'00		
42	do	2,916	..	..	..	..	..	18'00		
43	do	2,364	..	..	..	..	..	16'90		
44	do	7,949	..	..	..	..	..	29'74		
45	do	5,036	..	..	..	..	..	36'00		
46	do	6,779	..	..	..	..	..	42'21		
47	do	6,173	..	..	..	..	..	17'39		
48	do	3,362	..	..	..	..	..	9'23		
49	do	2,058	..	..	..	..	..	28'19		
50	do	872	..	..	..	..	..	8'71		
51	do	2,455	..	..	..	..	..	30'68		
52	do	3,074	..	..	..	..	..	32'56		
53	do	5,290	..	..	..	..	..	60'36		
54	do	29,794	..	..	..	..	..	120'50		
55	do	1,358	..	..	..	..	..	43'65		
..	Total	9,57,909	19,852	17,739	175	985	953	9037'44	2,44,961	5 6

(xxvii) Statement showing the expenditure on Public Works for the year 1110 M. E.

Serial No.	Description of work	State funds			Contribution			Grand Total
		Original	Repairs	Total	Original	Repairs	Total	
		1	Communications	1,67,597	1,97,188	3,64,785	9,628	
2	Buildings	2,30,294	38,869	2,69,163	32,449	2,176	34,625	3,03,788
3	Irrigation	45,052	27,575	72,627	..	2,509	2,509	75,136
4	Miscellaneous Public Improve- ments	44,981	4,442	49,423	7,066	662	7,728	57,151
5	Tools and Plant and Stock	2,947	..	2,947	..	..	..	2,947
6	Petty construction and repairs	64,092	..	64,092	3,585	..	3,585	67,677
7	House allowance to Princes	22,368	..	22,368	..	..	..	22,368
8	Survey and Investigation charges	140	..	140	..	..	..	140
9	Mechanical	2,40,503	..	2,40,503	10,280	..	10,280	2,50,783
10	Establishment	1,18,976	..	1,18,976	2,145	..	2,145	1,21,121
11	Refunds	449	..	449	..	..	..	449
12	Special grant for Medical relief works	69,287	..	69,287	..	..	..	69,287
	Total	10,06,686	2,68,074	12,74,760	65,153	75,051	1,40,204	14,14,964

N. Education.  
(xxviii) Statement showing the classification of institutions according to the agencies managing them during the year 1110 M. E.

AGENCY	1109			1110				
	Number of institutions	Number of pupils			Number of institutions	Number of pupils		
		Boys	Girls	Total		Boys	Girls	Total
			Literary Institutions					
Government including Fishery schools ..	177	30,794	19,275	50,069	179	32,338	20,747	53,085
Church Mission Societies or Protestant Missionaries ..	17	2,433	1,357	3,790	19	2,443	1,449	3,892
Roman Catholic Missionaries ..	17	2,759	2,118	4,877	18	2,882	2,237	5,119
Indian Priests ..	137	17,386	16,634	34,020	137	18,171	17,119	35,290
Indian Gentlemen and Ladies ..	262	35,167	20,724	55,891	241	33,723	20,833	54,556
Masters themselves	21	3,419	1,629	4,048	38	3,737	2,733	6,470
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>90,958</b>	<b>61,737</b>	<b>1,52,695</b>	<b>632</b>	<b>93,294</b>	<b>65,118</b>	<b>1,53,412</b>
			Industrial Institutions					
Government ..	24	1,382	709	2,091	25	1,583	773	2,356
Church Mission Societies or Protestant Missionaries ..	1	..	28	28	1	..	28	28
Roman Catholic Missionaries ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	104	104
Indian Priests ..	10	107	558	665	11	166	478	644
Indian Gentlemen and Ladies ...	7	134	240	374	7	90	275	365
Masters themselves	2	45	43	88	1	46	17	63
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>1,668</b>	<b>1,578</b>	<b>3,246</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>1,885</b>	<b>1,675</b>	<b>3,560</b>
Unaided or indigenous schools ..	289	5,010	1,911	6,921	289	5,010	1,911	6,921
<b>Grand Total ..</b>	<b>964</b>	<b>97,636</b>	<b>65,226</b>	<b>1,62,862</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>1,00,189</b>	<b>68,704</b>	<b>1,68,893</b>

N. Education.

(xxix) Statement showing the proportion of pupils in Government and private institutions to population of school-going age during the year 1110 M. E.

Taluk	Population of school-going age		Number of pupils in schools and Colleges		Percentage of pupils to population of school-going age	
	Males	Females	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
Cochin-Kanayannur..	26,176	25,282	33,167	23,235	126.7	92.0
Cranganur ..	3,306	3,203	3,260	2,116	98.6	66.0
Mukundapuram ..	20,663	19,587	18,345	12,903	88.8	65.9
Trichur ..	17,735	17,122	22,276	16,657	125.6	97.2
Talappalli ..	14,983	14,718	12,764	9,253	85.2	63.5
Chittur ..	8,002	7,739	5,367	2,629	67.0	33.9
Total ..	90,865	87,651	95,179	66,793	104.7	76.2

(xxx) Statement showing the classification of pupils according to caste or creed during the year 1110 M. E.

Class	Population of school-going age as per census of 1931		Number of pupils in schools and Colleges		Percentage of pupils to population of school-going age	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
Hindus ..	58,066	55,282	58,826	37,494	101.3	67.8
Christians ..	25,649	24,769	31,326	27,127	122.1	109.5
Muslims ..	7,016	7,488	4,823	2,038	68.7	27.2
Jews ..	114	88	204	134	178.9	152.3
Total ..	90,845	87,627	95,179	66,793	104.8	76.2

## N. Education.

(xxxi) Statement showing the number and strength of special schools and Colleges during the year 1110 M. E.

Kinds of Institutions	No. of schools	Strength	Remarks
Government Training Institution	1	718	
Sanskrit Institutions	19	1,141	(Includes the two sections of the Sanskrit College, Trip-punittura), 2 Government, 10 aided and 7 unaided and unrecognised.
Quran Schools	70	1,750	Unaided.
Music do	11	169	do
Vedic do	38	350	2 aided, the rest unaided and unrecognised.
Arabic do	2	68	Unaided.
Drumming do	22	128	do
Industrial do	49	3,654	25 Government, 21 aided and 3 unaided and unrecognised.
Fishery do	5	422	Government.
Hebrew do	1	38	Unaided.

(xxxi) Statement showing the particulars of institutions maintained by the Cochin State during the year 1110 M. E.

Description of Institutions	Number of institutions		Number of pupils on the rolls at the end of the year		Expenditure						
	1109	1110	1109	1110	Colle- giate	Second- ary	Primary	Special	Miscel- laneous	Industri- al schools	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Government including Fishery schools ...	177	179	50,069	53,035	1,59,349	3,99,949	3,99,474	42,287	90,371	...	
Aided or recognised ...	454	453	1,02,626	1,05,327	1,000	91,824	4,83,279	5,516	..	...	
Total ...	631	632	1,52,695	1,58,412	1,60,349	4,91,773	8,82,753	47,803	90,371	...	
Government ...	24	25	2,091	2,156	..	..	...	..	...	96,041	
Aided or recognised ...	20	21	1,155	1,204	...	..	...	...	..	11,797	
Total ...	44	46	3,246	3,560	...	...	...	..	...	1,07,838	

*Literary Institutions.*

*Industrial Institutions.*

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N. Education.  
 (xxxiii) Statement of expenditure of the Depressed Class Department,  
 Cochin State, for the year 1110 M. E.

Head of Account	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Establishment:—</i>			
Protector ..	2,220	0	0
Office Establishment ..	3,944	13	0
Temporary Establishment ..	853	1	0
<i>Travelling Allowance:—</i>			
Fixed ..	833	0	0
Ordinary ..	1,204	5	0
Water supply ..	1,890	0	0
Miscellaneous ..	2,434	10	1
Colonies ..	19,173	9	0
Tour charges ..	35	0	0
Stationery and Printed Forms ..	289	0	3
<i>Special Stipends.—</i>			
Secondary Boys ..	6,753	12	4
Secondary Girls ..	683	5	6
Collegiate Education ..	550	2	6
Industrial Stipends ..	1,107	9	4
<i>Pulaya Feeding and Supply of Clothes and Books, etc.</i>			
Secondary Boys ..	4,860	5	1
Secondary Girls ..	242	3	3
Primary Boys ..	33,432	1	11
Primary Girls ..	2,874	7	8
Lighting Charges to Night Schools ..	100	6	0
Maintenance of D. C. Hostels ..	1,636	13	4
	35,118	9	3



(xxxvi) Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military force (Proper),  
 O. Military.  
 Cochin State, for the year 1110 M. E.

Composition of Force	Number of combatants, officers and men						Total number of men at the end of the Year	Details of the force at the end of the current year				Total expenditure on account of pay and allowances of the force excluding non-combatants	Remarks	
	At the end of the last year	Recruited this year	Casualties			Number of guns		Indian commissioned officers	Non-commissioned officers	Combatants	Rs.			Non-combatants include clerks, cobbler, armourer, barber, and syces
			Died	Invalid	Discharged or deserted									
Cavalry	.. 16	5	...	2	2	17	..	4	12	4,242				
Artillery	.. 11	3	...	3	..	11	4	1	10	2,340				
Infantry	.. 388	30	2	6	2	408	..	6	371	68,910				
<b>Total</b>	<b>.. 415</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>75,492</b>				